WATSON MURDER TRIAL WILL BE SENSATIONAL.

Dr. Watson Has Now Been in Jail One Month.

REVIEW OF DAMAGING EVIDENCE.

Heavy Accident Insurance, Obscure Course of Death, Husband's Strange Conduct and Another Woman in the Case Are the Facts to Be Used by the Prosecution.

Dr. T. Jones Watson, the Denver Osteopath and A. O. A. member, accused of wife murder, has now been confined one month in the jail at New Lisbon, Mo., where he awaits trial. His cell overlooks the scenes where the prisoner spied on his beloved wife and her mystery way. He is well-to-do and is a busy man in his defense; while several equally prominent families related to the late Mrs. Watson are busy and determined to prove that murder was done if they can.

St. Louis and Chicago Sunday papers have devoted entire front pages to superficial reviews of the evidence in this case which now promises to become celebrated in the annals of Missouri's murder trials. These papers, as is usually the case, have already all but proved Dr. Watson guilty, besides condemning and execrating him. Newspaper convictions, as we all know—like the impassioned eloquence of a prosecuting attorney—are not to be relied upon in matters of life and death, so Osteopaths should be slow in accepting prejudice against the accused man.

Yet there are some very damaging circumstances in the case. Still Dr. Watson may be entirely innocent—and we must presume him so until convicted.

Some of the damaging facts so far brought out are (1) Dr. Watson had put $30,000 in accident and life insurance upon his wife's life a short time before; (2) the body, found in the water at the edge of the river, exhibited no water in the lungs, so death could not have occurred from drowning; and while lying under the bridge, it would not very likely have occurred from a fall that distance, for the body was not bruised and the clothing was not torn; (3) poison was found in the stomach at the autopsy, although not until the pomatumes of disintegration could have formed, so that this probably indicates nothing; (4) there were tracks a half mile beyond the bridge in a secluded wood where the doctor and his wife had driven, dismounted and walked about for a considerable lapse of time before the accident, as is shown by the peeling of the horse and the shoe print (this lends a great air of mystery); (5) the wife's relatives have concluded that Dr. Jones was not hurt worth speaking of and they profess to believe that his unconsciousness was all shamming—yet physicians at the time pronounced him unconscious and will now scarcely go back on their own diagnosis, even should they come to doubt it; (6) Dr. Jones did not care to look upon his wife's face before burial and did not attend the funeral; (7) he did not go to her parent's house after the accident, or give them any account of how the tragedy had happened, or stay around a day or two even, as most people would do, but he quietly departed.

Dr. Francis W. Hannah, M. S. D., D. O., M. D. of Indianapolis, Indiana.

and if there is any balance in our favor credit to our account.

Everything is looking bright for us here and we anticipate splendid success in introducing Osteopathy in the Emerald Isle. Please hasten "Osteopathic Health" to us, as our friends are eagerly awaiting it. Fraternally yours,

H. R. FOOTE, D. O.

For Drs. Dunham & Foote.

From Ireland to the Hawaiian Islands

No. 7 Shaftesbury Square, Belfast, Ireland, Aug. 4, 1904.—The Osteopathic Pub. Co., Chicago, Ill.

—Dear Doctors: You will please find inclosed a contract for 100 copies of "Osteopathic Health" monthly on the yearly contract plan. We wish to begin with the July number. Send July and August both at the same time to us here by express from New York, as indicated on your list at this time. We are very anxious to get "O. H." for we shall not, of course, do any advertising in the newspapers. We are also inclining toward closing our professional card, and wish the list of diseases printed at the bottom of the same page, according to your usual style.

Also please find inclosed our subscription to "The O. P." We could not think of getting along without it now that seas divide us from our beloved profession. No, we really could not get along without our little family newspaper, with its news and cheer every month.

You will find a draft inclosed on the Provincial Bank of Ireland, Limited, for two pounds, three shillings and four pence, sterling ($19.00).

CHICAGO, SEPTEMBER, 1904.

A. S. O. POST GRADUATE SCHOOL WON PRAISES.

VISIT TO A. T. STILL INFIRMARY.

Why the A. S. O. Stock Is Being Sold.

The Editor Reports a Pleasant Visit to St. Louis While the Summer School Was in Session—Prominent Osteopaths Were in Attendance.

Visit to A. T. Still Infirmary.

Just before the closing of the summer post-graduate school of the American School of Osteopathy being conducted at St. Louis, the visitor had the pleasure of visiting the institution and of seeing the work in progress. It was a gratifying sight to see the results grinning as they were and to realize that already so much is being accomplished by way of increasing the facilities for advanced Osteopathic education.

The Homeopathic College building was just about the right size for the class assembled, which number about 75, all told, and being built as a medical college it had all of the apparatus which are convenient, such as lecture and dissecting rooms.

Dean Laughlin was in the administration department with his business-like air, and as full up as ever with good hard sense and liberal views about Osteopathy. Drs. Young, Hoffmann, Clark and others were just winding up six weeks of hard work and were evidently much satisfied with the second term of this summer's instruction. Drs. Hamilton and "Churley" were at the building and signed the diplomas the day I left.

I talked with a number of those who enrolled as students—old, seasoned practitioners like Dr. John T. Bass, of Denver—and received from one and all the same verdict, that the post-graduate course had been eminently successful and would prove very helpful to all who shared it. The scope of the work was broad, and its treatment applicable to the needs of practitioners, said those interviewed.

"I could offer but one criticism," said Dr. Bass, "and I understand that was unavoidable under the circumstances, and that was the case of obtrusive cases. The plans to secure a lot of this work fell through, and that after the school had detailed one man weeks ahead to work up an abundance of these cases. But, having made up our minds it was difficult, it is to control these cases, Dr. Laughlin says that next year he will be able to supply this deficiency.

There were a number of wheel horses enrolled, among them Dr. Dain L. Tashner, of California; Dr. C. W. Young, of Minnesota; Dr. H. M. Vasbren, of Pennsylvania, and others as well known.

The commencement exercises promised to be interesting, but I was unable to stay for them. A handsome post-graduate diploma was conferred, which any practitioner would be proud to hang in his office. Dr. Laughlin presented "The O. P." with a picture of the school, which we reproduce in this issue for the benefit of our readers. He also agreed to send the list of names of those in the group, row by row and from left to right, so we would know who everyone in the group is, but he failed to do so, and if we had known that we wouldn't have had the half-tone made; but George is an awful busy man, as we have always said, and with a vacation school on
his hands this year in addition to routine work we find abundant ground to pardon the oversight.

While so much talk is heard and misgivings are felt regarding the future of advanced education, to sum it up in a sentence, as I saw it at St. Louis, I was gratified to find the old A. S. O. really putting the machinery of advanced work in operation and, despite the statements of the "Old Doctor" and Dr. Charley Still recently printed, it looked as if the parent school does not mean to be lagging in extending the course. I had several very interesting talks on the three-year proposition before leaving the city, with Dr. Young, Dr. Hamilton, Dr. Laughlin and some of the practitioners who were taking the course— that is another story for another issue, when we will have more room to discuss it.

It was my pleasure to call for the first time upon the A. T. Still Infirmary of Osteopathy at 803 North Garrison avenue. I had heard very complimentary things about the commodiousness and imposing beauty of this institution, but frankly was not prepared to find such a delightful place as it is. Look at it in the picture. Isn't it a beautiful place, truly? It is a handsome old home, with a delightful sweep of yard, and enough shade to make it restful in summer. I saw a red motor car at the curb as I approached that made it look business-like.

Within, the sanitarium is as handsome as the exterior would promise. The house has unusual depth, and with a broad hallway stretching through from front to rear, with large mansion-like rooms on both sides, it is as perfect an old-time mansion as can be found in one of America's older cities. The woodwork is mahogany, massive and hand-carved, and the furnishings are in keeping.

It was a bright, sunny day. It was a clear evening when I called, and I could but feel that the institution was about the most homelike and attractive of any that I ever visited. It was a bright, sunny, yet cool summer day. I saw that there is no glint of surgeons' weapons from behind glass doors, no bales of absorbent cotton on our mantels, and no smell of antiseptics in the air. We try to make our patients forget that they are in a sanitarium and, as far as possible, to forget that they are sick. We want them to feel, instead, that they are at home, and it is our belief, judging by the way our service is received by the public, that they appreciate it and find this institution different from any other place they have ever visited.

"I am pleased to say," Dr. Hildreth continued, "that we have no vacant rooms and have had to turn patients away all summer. Our practice is as large as we can attend to. That is evidence that our system is well liked by the public." I wished that every Osteopath in this land might visit this institution and see how creditably Osteopathy is represented at the A. T. Still Infirmary. May we have many others like it in the years to come.

Dr. Warren Hamilton and myself went down on the Pike the evening I left the city to study into anthropology. I think we found the most interesting specimens at the base of the Tyrolean Alps.

"Tell me," I said, after coffee, while the band discoursed a Bohemian rhapsody, "what about this preferred stock issue. What's it for? How's it going?"

I had curiosity to know just what the significance of the step was.

A VERY POPULAR ISSUE

"O. H."—OCTOBER—"O. H."

"WHAT IS OSTEOPATHY?"
DR. O. C. MILLER

"JUST SICK"
DR. H. F. GORTZ

"WHAT STATE GOVERNORS SAY ABOUT OSTEOPATHY"—A Symposium.
DR. C. C. TRALL

Several pages of Short Editorials on Various Diseases, Accredited Osteopaths, Osteopathy vs. Massage, Treatment After Surgical Operations, Women's Ills, Etc., Etc., round out the number.

A TIMELY NUMBER

Will do good in your field. What will your order be?

FOR SEPTEMBER

Just the Ills that you find people talking about are discussed in "O. H."

On Taking Patients into Confidence  Dr. H. S. Bunting
The Quick Cure is Not Typical  Idem
Constipation Conquered  Idem
Dyspepsia  Idem
"Blood Purifying"  Dr. A. W. Rhoades
Baldness—Dandruff—What Osteopathy Can Do for the Scalp  Dr. A. J. Olmsted
"Sick Headache"  Dr. Roy W. Marsh
"Rheumatic Wisdom"  Dr. Gene C. Banker
"Making the Lame to Walk"  Dr. Guy C. Lowden

A judicious blending of acute and chronic cases that will stimulate Summer practice. See fuller data on page 19, this issue. How many, doctor?

The Osteopathic Publishing Co.
171 Washington Street
CHICAGO
"It has no significance," said Dr. Hamilton, "beyond the facts that we need the money to carry out our present plans and conduct our present work, and we are taking a business step to raise it. Buying the Des Moines school, starting a post-graduate course in this city in dead earnest and planning a handsome and well-equipped infirmary at Kirksville, to be built soon, require money. Our security is of the best and so we issued preferred stock."

"How is the profession investing—is much interest shown in it?"

"I have not talked with Hermann & Schatzman, our fiscal agents, since they began to offer this security to the profession," said Dr. Hamilton. "But the truth is, the entire issue is already sold to banks, and it is not of any consequence to us, so far as getting money is concerned, whether the profession buys this stock or not. But we would rather have Osteopaths own our stock than outsiders, if they care to purchase it, so when we disposed of the issue we did so with the agreement 'that the buyers would give them a certain time in which to acquire as much as they wanted to—if any—and then the buyers will keep the balance."

I learned from Hermann & Schatzman, in the Carleton building, that they are offering this security to the profession alphabetically, and

**The President's Message**

Apparently there are practitioners of Osteopathy who are not conversant with the object of the American Osteopathic Association. Even some criticism has been made, individually, that nothing specifically is known of the association, and that there seemed to be no easy way of finding out about it. To all such this message is especially directed, telling something of the organization, its objects and expectations.

No sane person discounts the worth and necessity of organization. In fact, in all professions and walks of life, organization is a potent factor of success and progress. There are so many things to be developed, rearranged and adjusted in the Osteopathic school concerning us, individually and collectively, that one is forced to the conclusion that many of our physicians cannot be familiar in the least with the A. O. A. work, or else not for a single moment would they hold aloof from it. Several hundred remain without who are wanted as workers inside.

**ERYSIPelas**

Before hearing of your antiseptic treatment I had several cases of Erysipelas and was quite successful with them. Since my first order—about two years ago—I have used it in case after case and find that it requires from four to six days to effect a cure. This is a much shorter time than when I gave the Osteopathic treatment only. My method is to saturate a cloth with the antiseptic and lay it over the affected part—in a few minutes the cloth becomes greatly discolored, seeming that the poison is drawn to the surface. When the cloth requires changing a new one should be used, the old one being unfit for service until after it has been cleaned in boiling water. I am perfectly satisfied with your antiseptic as the best one ever made.

Respectfully,

DR. W. H. VINCENT,
Red Oak, Iowa.

**Psoriasis**

For something over ten years I was troubled with Psoriasis. After taking your antiseptic treatment two months, in conjunction with Osteopathy, the trouble has entirely disappeared. As I had tried a great many things I felt no hesitancy in heartily endorsing your treatment.

B. M. BLOSS, 3427 Campbell St., Kansas City, Mo.

**ECZema**

I have used your antiseptic on one case of Eczema, and at the end of one month's treatment, the case was entirely well. I saw the patient a month after the treatment had been discontinued and there was no return of the ailment.

DR. E. D. ROGERS, New Castle, Pa.

It gives me much pleasure to say I have used your antiseptic in four instances. In three a perfect cure was the result. The other was complicated with other troubles which are not yet cured, but even in it there has been a good deal of improvement. I had tried several other antiseptics without results in each case.

DR. H. M. IRELAND, McCook, Neb.

**AN ABSOLUTE GUARANTEE IN EVERY CASE**

Osteopaths wishing to try my antiseptic treatment can do so in any case that they feel requires an antiseptic. One month's treatment is sent for $5.00 and if at the end of the month there is no improvement, your money will be returned by first mail; or, if more treatment is needed, a second month's supply will be given you free of any charge. My only stipulation being that application for refund must be made not sooner than 30 days from date of order and not later than 35 days.

**WILLIAMS CHEMICAL CO.**

**NEW RIDGE BUILDING**

**Museum of Osteopathic Medicine, Kirksville, MO**
est, progressive men and women for a common cause—is significant. Then note the uninter-
monly and good will pervading this united band of
workers. One cannot but conclude (quite a
self-evident fact) that our future is without
question just what shall make it.

The association is thoroughly organized, and
has been now, for several years. Progress, espe-
cially for the past four or five years, has actu-
ally important enough to become history-
making. Educational development and legisla-
tive enactments have been particularly note-
worthy.

Our annual meetings are of great mutual bene-
fit. The discussions of practical and scientific
papers are invaluable. In fact, all matters per-
taining to the welfare of the profession are in-
vestigated, discussed and acted upon. In a word,
the A. O. A. is the official organization of the
American osteopathic school, it is represented
as much by all legitimate schools of osteopathy and
by the Association of Osteopathic Colleges.

Necessarily, much time has been required in
developing the organization, as the scope of work
covers much ground; it is exceedingly compre-
hensive, although the practical and scientific
part is not slighted, which is of great value to
the profession. It will be 524 years before the
next annual meeting, including all papers read
and discussed (with much other valuable material),
will be over. The osteopathic world monthly "'the
official of the American Osteopathic Association."

This journal alone, being so well conducted, is
worth many times the dues required for mem-
bership for the practitioners. Hence, our legiti-
more of the Osteopaths are private practition-
ers, so that The Journal, as well as all proceed-
ings, at these meetings, are adapted primarily
and particularly to the wants of the practicing
Osteopath. His success and welfare are para-
mount. Indeed, the organization is for this
same individual and is governed according to his
requirements. The schools are not running the
association, as a few may think.

A Code of Ethics was adopted at the last con-
vention. All have felt needlessly the necessity of
this. This feature alone will be received with
much satisfaction.

How many of the Osteopaths are familiar with
the steps already taken? The ability shown by Dr. Ashmore and her collaborators
in this department is especially to be commended.

The result of this work is invaluable.

All in all, association has done much
ward further osteopathic development in
every line. Every member can feel that he has
an organization where his aspirations pertain to
the success of our beloved science will be acted upon
promptly by a united fraternity. Each one's
suggestions are always acceptable, and the
officers real and appreciate it. They are represen-
tatives of the whole osteopathic school, and will
be pleased to execute according to the desires of
the members.

Our Future Work

The future success of the A. O. A. will be the
work demanded for a successful issue of osteo-
pathic progress. Whatever will be necessary to
do in order that Osteopathy may have better
scientific, popular and legislative recognition
is our work for the present and future. Everyone
who cares one whit for Osteopathic science
knows this means. He or she knows that
concerted action is necessary and good hard
labor will be required in every state, not only
to maintain what we now have, but to obtain
greater, which we may add, our very existence (as a distinct school) depends up
on this concerted action. Never was there a
time in osteopathic history more threatening to
our success than the present moment. Of course
much has been accomplished; but we should be
alive to the aggressive attitude of the other
school, which is in every case defensive, but, mark you, hereafter it will be
more than ever offensive.

A plan is on foot, tentatively, to bring about a
closer amalgamation between state societies
and the national organization. This would make
a closer amalgamation between state and na-
tional affairs; and particularly would the busi-
ness sessions of the state societies be expedi-
tiously executed if our annual conventions
were composed of a delegate body from the
state societies. In reality, the work of every
state is not an association for "just a few;" it is
for all legitimate workers. It represents each and
every one impartially. Its work is your work,
and would feel like cowards to stand aside
by and let some one else do your share? True,
in years gone by, a few ran the organization.
But then there were only a few to run it, and we
should thank them most sincerely for keeping
together. Their actions were as unfailing as hu-
man actions could be. The plan they outlined
will be found to be so logical and convincing
as to be inclusive of our labor for years to come. The
least each one can do now is to put his or her
"shoulder to the wheel" and help along this na-
tural development—what is synonymous with
Osteopathic progress.

It is both a privilege and an honor to aid in
this magnificent pioneer labor. We represent
a profession that means much to suffering hu-
manity. It seems strange we should have bat-
tles to fight when our thoughts are for the bet-
terment of human suffering. It is such is the
way of the world. We know we are right and
would feel like cowards to stand aside.

Our labor at the bedside is only part of our
duty. Of course, the relief of the suffering
comes first. But there is even a greater work
for us—the development of prophylactic medi-
cine. This is for posterity, but nevertheless the
greater. And the Osteopathic school holds the
key.

Hence, not only for our present needs should
we organize, but it is absolutely essential for
the future. No one can gainsay this. Fellow Oste-
opaths! it is your duty to help in this organiz-
ing force! We need you; you need us. It is just
as much your duty as ours. Otherwise, would it
not spell selfishness? All of us are part of the
whole. Certainly the whole should act harmo-
niously. Nothing can be done without an ill-
ness. Most assuredly such cannot and
not be the case when each one realizes the situ-
ation—and his duty to humanity.

The fact that every legitimate Osteopath is
not in the A. O. A. is one of the most incredible
conditions of the Osteopathic School. One
cannot but think it is because the profession has not
thoroughly understood the significance and mag-
nificence of the association. Never before has
there been a profession so united in purpose.
Each one's battles have been every one's battles.
Internal strife, or disagreement, or petty
disputes should be absolutely eliminated, and
it can be.

Admiral Nelson said, before the battle of Tra-
falgar: "England expects that every man will
do duty." May the spirit of this thought perve
our ranks.

CARL P. McCONNELL, M. D., D. O.,
President, A. O. A.

To Sell or Not to Sell?

The sale of the Colorado Osteopathic Sanitar-
ium farm at Boulder hangs in the balance.
The directors have accepted a bid of $16,000, and
have asked the stockholders to ratify the deal, al-
though no stockholder would get anything out
of it. The sale has been arranged on the first part
and a second mortgage. Certain resident stockholders have sent a letter oppos-
ing such ratification, saying the farm should
bring more, and avoid if the company waited
awhile. The meeting will be at Denver, Sep-
tember 20.
THE "CHATTANOOGA" VIBRATOR

is the only instrument made with which it is possible to replace ribs, change
the position of a vertebra, replace the coccyx, increase or diminish the volume
of the blood flow, and, in fact, accomplish every operation desired with greater
ease and rapidity than by the use of the hands alone.

WHY? Because the Osteopathic principle of relaxing muscular contraction
through pressure and kneading of the tissues is embodied in its construction.

Results Secured Where Hand Manipulation Fails

CLINICAL REPORTS AND CATALOGUE ON APPLICATION.

VIBRATOR INSTRUMENT COMPANY, Chattanooga, Tenn.

NEW YORK OFFICE AND CLINIC, 640 Madison Ave.
CHICAGO OFFICE, 223 Reliance Building.
The Michigan Osteopathic Sanitarium—One of the Institutions That Have Paid.

We have not found it so. It is probably just about as it would be in conducting a family hotel.

6. What are sanitarium prices for treatment and what is the plan of payments?

Dr. Jones' plan is the charge of two dollars each per treatment, payable weekly. Surgical operations are separate and are charged for on the usual basis.

7. Does the surgical business pay?

In itself we have not found that the surgical department pays, but having it in our institution brings many patients whom we would not attract without that feature. Again, it brings different physicians in touch with our institution and its facilities, which is to say Osteopathy, who would not otherwise become interested and these contribute patronage. So the surgical department has business advantages while offering just that additional aid to a certain class of our patrons. Operations are performed by local surgeons, occasionally there being as many as two or three in one day, although by no means having an operation every day, you understand, for they are the "dernier resort." Most all these cases receive Osteopathic treatment before and after the operation, so you can see the business advantage of a surgical department there again.

8. How long has the Michigan Osteopathic sanitarium been doing business?

Since the spring of 1900. Dr. Jones had been engaged in private practice nearly two years before embarking in the sanitarium enterprise. So the institution had many friends and a good patronage to start with. Perhaps that is a very important condition for the success of such an institution from the outset. If it did not have that asset it would require more money to carry it to the point of being self-sustaining and to paying.

9. Is your institution owned by a stock company?

No. Dr. Jones owns the place and business, but, at the outset, he organized a company and took out a state charter for a college and infirmary of Osteopathy under the Michigan statutes, but he now owns all the stock, so it can hardly be said that there is a corporation ownership.

10. Is there any reason why an Osteopathic sanitarium should not succeed as well as any other?

None that we know of. It is an ideal arrangement to have the patients of our practice in an ideal home atmosphere and under the perfect hygienic environment of a well-ordered sanitarium. You can care for the body and mind at the same time and certainly the best results are then forthcoming. There are surely enough Osteopaths now in practice to maintain at least one flourishing sanitarium in nearly every state in the union if the private practitioners will throw their support to the local institutions as they are able. Here is probably the hardest point—to the body of the profession to take a real interest in the profession's sanitarium; to understand that sanitariums are a help to them, instead of a hindrance, because they can take care of certain classes of patients in a way desirable for the private practitioner and get better results in these cases than in office or visitation practice merely, this making grateful friends for the doctor who otherwise might be chagrined by the care of such individuals.

It is worth realizing, too, that this sympathy and cooperation between the practitioners of a state and a local Osteopathic sanitarium is most essential, too, if the latter is to achieve all that is expected of it by both the profession and by the public. There is no practitioner of Osteopathy probably who could not, if he would, send patients to such a local institution some time during the year—and patients whose departure would not mean any sacrifice to that individual physician. These observations will make it evident that the support of the profession for the scattered Osteopathic sanitaria here and there is primarily essential if they are to do what the public expects of them.

Why Dr. Dinsmore Don't Write for "O. P."

My Dear Bunting:

If a "twist of the wrist" were the only thing in it, I would send it, my friend, in three-fourths of a minute.

But my wrist will not "twist" without brain-cells behind it, and lacking such backing, knows not where to find it.

Lack of calls, then, compels a deaf ear to your pleading. Though it may be, some day I can write worth the reading.

Fraternally yours,

SILAS DINSMOOR.

Louisville, Ky, Sept. 2.
The American School of Osteopathy

KIRKSVILLE MISSOURI

DR. A. T. STILL
Founder of the Science . . . . President

The largest and foremost Osteopathic College in the world. Ten years of successful school work. Number of students exceeds seven hundred. This institution teaches genuine Osteopathy—no adjuncts.

Teaching facilities unexcelled. Thoroughly equipped laboratories in all departments. Clinical advantages unlimited. Faculty composed of fifteen able and experienced instructors who devote their full time to teaching. Anatomy taught in every term—three professors in charge of this department. Special attention given to dissection and to the study of anatomy in general.

Course of study covers a period of two years, divided into four terms of five months each. Classes formed in September and February. Next term opens September 5, 1904.

Write for catalogue, "Journal of Osteopathy," or any information. Address:

American School of Osteopathy

KIRKSVILLE - MISSOURI

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THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN

AMONG THE STATES

District No. 2 Meeting Changed
Illinois District No. 2's meeting is changed from August 11 to October 6 at Dr. Brown's office, Dixon, Ill.

Osteopathy V2. Massage
Dr. Elmer E. Schwartz had a good article in the Hillelsee (Mich.) Standard August 16 differentiating between Osteopathy and Massage. Such enterprise is always timely.

A Good Defense in Court
Take a set of Helmer & Merton's charts into court with you when you are arrested, fellow Osteopath, and point out to judge and jury just how you do it—and, ten to one, you'll be set free.

Missouri Osteopath Changes Hands
Dr. Anna L. Peters, of Kansas City, has purchased the "Missouri Osteopath" from Dr. Charles Boxx, of Plattsburg, Mo., the editor and founder, and will edit and issue it hereafter in Kansas City.

Looks Good at Des Moines
"I have already matriculated more students for the September class than I have ever done before and the daily mail is of excellent indications. I believe the class is going to be larger than ever before."—Secretary A. B. Shaw.

New Association Roster Is Out
The new directory of the American Osteopathic Association membership—1,000 strong—is out as a supplement of the journal of the association, and it makes a creditable looking list, assuredly. Why would any Osteopath wish to be outside?

Our Numerical Strength
Assistant Secretary Upton says there are 3,031 Osteopathic physicians in practice in the United States; 1,415 of these belong to the state societies and 876 to the American Osteopathic Association, according to a canvas which he has just completed.

Fortnightly Clinic at St. Louis
We have thirty-five members in the St. Louis Osteopathic Association, writes Secretary H. F. Goetz, and are looking forward to a busy year in the way of successful love feasts every two weeks with clinics. This plan promises much good to our members.

California College Opens Its Library
A library and reading room has been established by the California College of Osteopathy for the use of students and San Francisco practitioners. It is to be well stocked, they say, with standard works on Osteopathy and pertinent medical branches and current publications.

Philadelphia College Will Not Enforce Rule
The Philadelphia College of Osteopathy has issued a statement saying that, owing to the year's delay of the A. O. A. in adopting the three-year requirement, the Philadelphia college will reverse its position for the present and accept students for another year on either the two or three year basis.

Seventh Annual of Massachusetts College
We acknowledge receipt of the Seventh Annual Announcement of the Massachusetts College of Osteopathy, Boston, which is attractively printed and makes a good showing. One hundred and ten have been graduated, forty-four students were enrolled for the exclusive three-year course in 1905-1906.

Atlantic College Alumni Officers
These officers were elected at the annual meeting of the Atlantic College Alumni Asso-

As Necessary as a Treatment Table
To a well appointed osteopathic office are Helmer & Merton's superb osteopathic charts. Are worth free to the practitioner who is busy—or who would get busy. Cost but $5 per set of three, each 35x35 inches, tinned edges. An ornament to the treatment room. Full of persuasion for the patient. He sees it plainer than you can tell him. Saves wordy explanations.

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You have doubtless learned from former announcements that my firm makes and sells everything Osteopaths use, from speculums to X-Ray machines. Also that my goods are the best and my prices are right—the very lowest of any maker or dealer. I save you the profits of all middle men by selling direct from the factory. In proof of this, just consider what I offer you in X-Ray machines. How’s this for $190?

When it comes down to laboratory outfits, it’s a beauty, surely, and just the same as others sell for $400. No wonder, you will say, that Betz gets the business, and you are right—there IS no wonder about it. His goods and prices are his unrivaled, unchallenged advertisement.

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West Virginia Will Be Busy in January

The West Virginia Osteopaths, not discouraged by failure last year to get a good law, will make another effort to win in January when the new legislature convenes. The M. D.’s are opposing. Already the newspaper war has begun. Dr. I. H. Donegy, in both the Wheeling News and the Wheeling Telegraph, has recently put the case strongly for our side.

Attention, State Secretaries

All state associations are requested to send a complete roster of their officers to the assistant secretary of the American Osteopathic Association, 219 A. U. Upton, New York Life building, St. Paul, Minn., who is compiling a complete roster of the officers of all state associations. Kindly notify him of the officers elected at the recent and after the coming elections.

Arkansas Elects Officers

These officers were elected at Hot Springs September 15 by the Arkansas Osteopathic Association: Dr. Clifton E. Whitney, president, Little Rock; Dr. Hatter, vice president, Texarkana; Dr. Lillian Higginbotham, secretary, Pine Bluff; Dr. A. H. Tribble, treasurer, Hot Springs; trustees, Dr. Berrow, chairman, Hot Springs; Dr. Jessie Gildersleve, Texarkana; Dr. McAllister, Fayetteville.

Herbert Hoffman Not an Osteopath

“Dr.” Herbert Hoffman, mentioned by a newspaper clipping from a Philadelphia newspaper in our columns last month as participating in the Pennsylvania Osteopathic discussion, had no right to do so, not being an Osteopath at all, whatever his pretensions. These non-osteopathic are ever anxious to break into print when there is a discussion—so we have to watch ‘em. Thanks to several D. O.’s who gave us the tip on therapeutic measures and appliances other than drug, every page of which will prove of interest to the Osteopathic profession? I wonder if my instructive and attractive price list and descriptive catalogue have failed as yet to reach every practitioner’s office within the Osteopathic profession? If so, it is a pity. These matters could not fail to interest and help any practitioner of Osteopathy, or any other system, who received it. I know that this literature and my price current have gone to many, perhaps most, Osteopaths of the country since I began announcing them through the columns of “The Osteopathic Physician,” but I want them to reach all the profession. If you have not gotten in communication with me earlier, Doctor, will you not now write me for this line of descriptive literature, which I will gladly send you for the asking?

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Frank S. Betz & Co.
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The Adjuster Treating Table
A substantial and attractive construction. An Osteopathic Table that looks professional, having practical labor-saving devices, detachable swivel, side support, slide,.viewer, etc., at a reasonable price. Send for circular to

THE ADJUSTER TREATING TABLE CO.
565 West Jefferson Street,
KIRKSVILLE, MISSOURI.

Good Joiners at Des Moines
The students of Still College must be pretty good "joiners." At least they are running extensively to Greek-letter fraternities and sororities and other secret organizations. The young ladies of the school have formed the Kappa Psi Delta and the Alpha Zeta Omega societies, also the "Harry Forbes Society," while the boys have their Iota Tau Sigma fraternity, the Calumet Society, and it is rumored the Atlas Club is casting good eyes at the institution with a view to installing a chapter. The Chicago Sunday Chronicle of July 10 had nearly a page of pictures of the members of these organizations in groups.

Vale, Professors, Pressly and Snyder!
It will cause regret among the profession that educators of the Montague type, like Drs. Mason W. Pressly and O. J. Snyder, of the Philadelphia College of Osteopathy, have decided to retire permanently from school work. These gentlemen have rocked the cradle of this college since it was begun in their brains out in Minnesota, and much of the virility and enthusiasm of both men have been reflected in their pet institution, but whose welfare both men have labored unceasingly. We trust that the authority and responsibility which Drs. Snyder and Pressly now lay down will pass to other competent educators of the stalwart type, like Drs. Mason W. Pressly, editor of the Philadelphia College of Osteopathy, who have labored and much of the virility and enthusiasm of both men have labored unceasingly.

Dr. Helmer's Contest on Rheumatism
Dr. George J. Helmer, of New York, is so much pleased with the "O. H." annual prize essay contest that he has decided to offer an independent prize for another quick-section competition to invite a popular expression on the one subject of rheumatism. He has authorized us to offer a set of Helmer & Merton's superb Osteopathic-anatomical charts for the writer of the best short popular treatise on rheumatism which will be published along with the picture of the writer in the Christmas number of "The O. P." Afterwards this article will be published in Osteopathic Health. This contest is open till December 1. The ideal length of these competitive essays is from 500 to 800 words. Will you send in your best ideas and try for this Helmer prize?

As It Stands in Pennsylvania
At the last meeting of the Pennsylvania state association in June the determination was reached to plan for an active campaign next winter. A bill was to be introduced, one feature of which was the exclusion of all applicants for license to practice except those who have taken a three-year course, this to take effect in the near future, or immediately on passage of bill. For my part, I believe it would be very unwise to undertake any legislation in this state at the present time. Until the standard has been raised all around, and there is unanimous approval of the lengthened course, we would better not try for anything here. Dr. Henry Beates was only letting out a lot of hot air when he spoke of arresting Osteopaths, but the "medico" would kill any bill of ours introduced at this time as sure as you're a foot high.—Dr. E. M. Downing, York, Pa.

Atlantic School Speaks on Third Year
The Atlantic college has this to say on the proposed extension of the three-years course in the Atlantic Osteopath for July-August:

The question of a three-years' course of study for Osteopathic schools was the most fiercely debated. The discussion revealed the fact that the influential members of the profession were in favor of such a course, but a majority voted to defer the time for its inception for one year. None was done, not opposed to three years, but because friendship for the wishes of the parent school, which might become financial help in the event of our change now, caused many to favor the delay. There are some who prefer to keep the two-years course permanently, though their arguments seemed rather weak. The Atlantic's three-years' course has only been deferred. All the schools are equipping for it and it will probably be postponed much longer.

Two Vermont Homes Happy
Two Vermont Osteopathic homes were made happy the same week by the advent of sons. These events transpired at the home of Drs. H. K. and Mary Burbank Sherburne, June 20th, and at the home of Dr. and Mrs. C. G. Wheeler, June 25th.

Let the good work go on.
These young men (babies) may well be called "born Osteopaths," Drs. Sherburne and Wheeler are members in good standing of both state and national Associations. Backed by a good Osteopathic pedigree like this, these youngsters certainly possess an advantage over their less fortunate brethren and sisters. We expect great things from them.

Moral: Osteopaths, connect yourselves with state and national Associations before becoming fathers and mothers.—LEWIS D. MARTIN, D. O.
Barre, Vermont, July 4.

Increased Attendance at Still College
[From the Des Moines Leader, Sept. 7.]
Still College of Osteopathy opened yesterday with an outlook for a larger attendance than ever before. The new institution is located in the old faculty said yesterday that it had indeed looked happy the same week by

Third State Delegates Meeting at the St. Louis Convention
A meeting of the delegates from the various state Osteopathic associations was held at the Missouri state building, world's fair ground, St. Louis, July 15, 1904. Dr. C. A. Upton, of St. Paul, Minn., was elected chairman, and Dr. Harriet A. Whitehead, of Milwaukee, Wis., sec...
THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN

The Organ of News and Opinion for the Profession.

Published on the 15th of every month by The Osteopathic Publishing Company, 705, No. 171 Washington Street, Chicago.

HENRY STANHOPE BUNTING, A. B., D. O., President.
R. CARROLL CASH, Manager.

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VOL. VI. CHICAGO, SEPTEMBER, 1904. No. IV.

Fairness! Freedom! Fearlessness!

EDITORIAL.

"How to the blue, let chips fall where they will.

Let us federate the state associations closer with the A. O. A. the year ahead.

After meeting at Denver in 1905 we will all welcome an eastern junket in 1906.

How nice an adjunct to an office equipment a set of Helmer & Morton's Osteopathic charts are. They make the lesion idea plain to a patient.

Everybody in the profession seems happy that peace has spread her wings over the faithful and that unity, harmony and progress are our watchwords.

There can be no doubt that our profession is rapidly relating a lot of unworthy practices to the background. We are evolving into a dignified profession rapidly.

Dignity comes with age and experience. Our profession is constantly putting aside those once were contemned but now seem intolerable with our advancing standards.

Increase of practice will be proportional to the knowledge people have of Osteopathy. Therefore, it is the part of wisdom for our practitioners to trust, and is on the head, patients.

This is better than being guided from a Pullman, crossing the lava beds of Wyoming. The day was hot and he sweat some in forging that hot ploughshare. Then he went to the dinning room college, until he returned he found a baby, old enough to know better, in the next seat had been playing kite, dropping this excellent editorial out of the window, page after page. Several were still visible chasing the Overland limited down the track!

Being a predestinarian, the editor is content el, and her acts by providence that the aforesaid editorial was never intended to reach print—unless some local newspaper man found it and runs short of "copy."

The lesson is: must be back up, brethren and sisters, and let us forget our troubles. Incidentally—root for the A. O. A.

A Thorn in the Flesh of Illinois Osteopaths

A bizarre incident reached our stature and big assumptions and a name not altogether diverged from sensationalism—"Dr." L. S. H. E. Ziegler, of the McVicker theater building, Chicago—was in the news. To some years as an Osteopath and who, it should be widely known, never qualified at any recognized Osteopathic college and, indeed, not even at a fake Osteopathic college, as the assumption has been able to learn—is in trouble.

After the sensational death and autopsy of aged Mrs. McVicker in California, whom he has devoted himself to for some years and the suspicion of relatives of foul play, there followed a trip home by "Dr." Ziegler in charge of the corpse, refusing to make an offshoot for a mourner at the funeral when relatives Nashed their teeth at him. Next he is questioned in court about a large sum of money belonging to the estate supposed to be missing and next he is quoted as making a contest to break the will and get a pot of money. This is the chap who has gotten the newspapers to talk about him in a variety of manifolds and amazing ways in the past, such as whether a band of highwaymen one night shot him through the hat or whether as the police believe—he shot himself to get the big money. This was followed by a new spasm of public ridicule, which he evidently takes for fame, he is heralded far and wide as an Osteopathic physician, much to the disgust and displeasure of those in the Osteopathic medicine. It is such gentry as this who make it urgent for us to secure good laws in states like Illinois so that we will be able to restrain illegitimates from using the trade mark of our profession and prevent the public from being imposed upon.

Getting Back to Business

Now that we have nearly all been to the big A. O. A. meeting and "doing" the Pike, and probably most others who did not, have had such vacations elsewhere as they will be able to take, you will begin to hear from time to time a thing of the past and fix our gaze upon the year of practice ahead. Fiscally speaking the Osteopath's year is measured from mid-July to mid-July. That is because most Osteopaths in the world began practicing in July, as well as because all try to get to the big professional meeting each July, and as soon as they get home another year's business promptly concerns them.

What is ahead for all of us? Certainly practice, like business, is what we make it. It is what we make it hereafter to do it and taking good care of it when it has once come to us.

Taking care of practice signifies two things: One—With the patient in the right frame of mind and holding him, or her, until our efforts in conjunction with Nature, have accomplished the right benefits," Osteopathic Health" may be depended upon to do that.

Dr. Willard Was Misquoted

We misquoted Dr. Asa M. Willard in our last issue in commenting upon Osteopathic Health's prize essay contest in adding to his "ideal"—"Doctor."

Dr. Willard, page after page. Several were still visible pursuing the purpose. It runs out, you do not have to spend your time, strength, voice and logic, booming practice and giving private lectures every half hour on methods and how necessary it is for patients to be sensible and wait for results until Nature has had a chance to assert herself. Let "Osteopathic Health" do that end of it for you. It is words are plain. It is persuasive. It wins—and today "O. H." constitutes the educational and campaign propaganda in more than 500 of the most prosperous and successful Osteopathic offices to be found.

We should remember, too, that in practice, as in business, we saw "Getting to business going" properly is largely a question of intelligent promotion and to do promotion right and enough of it is equivalent to insuring a doctor's professional success. This has been proven in hundreds of cases in our experience. Every month nearly a lot of Osteopaths are quoted in "The O. P." who have made the demonstration for themselves and are glad to testify.

You can do it, too, if you will. Why not do so at once? Now is the time to begin to work for practice. Campaign now for the year ahead. September is the right month to start it. What will your order be?

THE OPEN COURT.

Dr. Owens Withholds Answer

In the "Osteopathic Physician" for August, under the heading "A Trustee Makes a Correction," appears a statement with reference to an interview between the trustees of the A. O. A. and myself at St. Louis, the statement signed by Dr. Ziegler, stating, among other things, that a letter received a letter from the chairman of this board notifying me that he expected to make a statement with reference to this matter, I prefer not to understand his reply until this statement appears.

I trust, however, when it does appear, that the writer will confine himself more nearly to the facts as they occurred than Dr. Melvin did in his statement. The whole matter seems to be one of misunderstanding, and a plain statement of the facts will, we have no doubt, set matters right before the public at large.

THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN

An Editorial That Will Not Be Printed

If any Osteopath practicing in Georgia hears anything an "exposing" of anything around the country entitled "Some of the Woes of the Osteopath," let him take heart and forget there are any such things in life. The editor wrote such an editorial straight from the shoulder in a Pullman, while crossing the lava beds of Wyoming. The day was hot and he sweat some in forging that hot ploughshare. Then he went to the diner for college, until he returned he found a baby, old enough to know better, in the next seat had been playing kite, dropping this excellent editorial out of the window, page after page. Several were still visible chasing the Overland limited down the track!

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Fractures

of the hip, femur, leg, patella, ankle cases non-union knee or hip-joint disease, arthritis, juvenile arthritis

Ambulatory Pneumatic Splt

Good for constipation or colitis, or even for an ordinary distaste for comfort and perfect safety in the abdominal region. Ambulatory Splt, walking about, as directed with this modern splint. Recommended to you patients. Write for trial to-day for rental terms to patients and for net price. "AMBULATORY PHYS.

SPLIT SPICE CO., 106 Randolph Street, CHICAGO.
congestions and inflammations. I have had perfect success in relieving acute gout by vibration. The effect of vibration in gastralgia, I believe, is to open up the circulation throughout the stomach, thus bringing to the nerves adequate food supply, which quiets the pain. My first impulse in gastralgia is to correct spinal lesions, but if the spinal manipulation does not reach the case readily enough to give the relief the patient earnestly desires. One of the first things to be done in many acute cases is to give relief and the osteopathic physician who is afraid to use any efficient means of applying Osteopathic principles for relief or cure, lacks the confidence he ought to have in his science.

Dr. Maurice Pilgrim wrote an able paper which was published in the Medical News of January 24, 1893. He intimated that the regular or college graduates in osteopathy do not consider treatment, because it pertained so strongly to spinal stimulation, as to resemble osteopathy. I thought his paper as strong an argument in favor of Osteopathic principles as I have ever read. Not one physiological or Osteopathic principle did he elucidate that I had not heard interwoven in many of my Osteopathic courses of study. He wondered why we had not studied the facts long before, when they were studying physiology.

Now suppose the patient is very fresh and short in stature. It is sometimes difficult to stretch and maintain the spinal column in the position we desire and occasionally it is painful to the patient. Then, frequently, a relaxation of the deeper tissues is all that is needed to correct a lesion and the adjustments are the only lesions found. The vibrator will correct these frequently in less time and generally with much less discomfort than can be done by hand.

I am sorry to think we have not to call in question Dr. Helmer's statement that "New York Osteopaths do not believe in vibrators." When I joined the New York society I did not know that the views of the local osteopathic physicians or leaders manufactured opinions for the individuals composing it. When I am asked what Osteopaths believe, I think it wrong to put it to them on my being, though we are mean and understand their profession. I believe in the use of vibrators and other mechanical devices to aid in osteopathy. The principles of osteopathy, of course, all osteopaths believe, but in the application of those principles I, for one, must ask to be left untrammelled. I shall use my own judgment unrestricted by the opinions of others.

The greatest harm that ever has been or will be done to the cause of Osteopathy is done by its own advocates who are too narrow to understand the application of the broad and comprehensive principles of osteopathy. Such osteopaths limit osteopathy and try to confine in their narrow comprehension of the science.

As I am now in "Open Court," I am supposed to be under oath and I am ready to testify to what I have heard osteopaths say. The following are such statements as I have heard.

T. W. Helmer: "The Osteopath does not believe in vibrationals. If the osteopath treats a patient, the patient can eat what he pleases." "The osteopath does not believe in disease. He is only interested in extracting the lesion. If the osteopath treats a patient, the patient can eat what he pleases."

"Osteopaths do not believe in vaccination."

"Osteopaths do not believe in antitoxin in diptheria."

"New York Osteopaths do not believe in vibrators."

Now, I am an osteopath, and I do believe in dietary therapies; I do believe disease is an essential factor in the cause of disease; I know of osteopaths who are leaders in the profession who do believe in vaccination. (I'm prejudiced against it myself); I have known diphtheritic membranes to peel off after use of antitoxine in such a manner as to convince me that it is sometimes an efficient remedy. However, I am not prejudiced to have someone who would not prefer to trust himself in the hands of a broad-minded osteopath than to risk the use of antitoxine.

The doctor states that when an osteopath puts a vibrator into use he weakens and destroys what little osteopathic knowledge he has. I dislike to question the depth of the Doctor's wisdom in medicine; I would much prefer to trust myself in the hands of a broad-minded osteopath than to risk the use of antitoxine.

The Doctor states also that when an osteopath puts a vibrator into use he weakens and destroys what little osteopathic knowledge he has. I dislike to question the depth of the Doctor's wisdom in medicine; I would much prefer to trust myself in the hands of a broad-minded osteopath than to risk the use of antitoxine.

The Doctor then closes his argument with the following questions and his interpretation of them. The questions are: No. 1. Does the vibrator possess the sense of touch? No. 2. Can it distinguish normal from abnormal? No. 3. Can we by its use add to our knowledge? No. 4. Is it possible to use the vibrator and at the same time follow the argument that follows along another and a different line? I am willing to intimate that I would come out ahead in the test, but, in my smallness, I almost think I would; and, then, if the Doctor's decision is true universally, I certainly need the knowledge I could perhaps gain in the contest.

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G. D. Hulett, B. S., D. O.
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Watson Murder Trial. Sensational

(Continued from Page 1.)

from the world's fair and mingled freely with his professional friends there; (8) there is said to be another woman in the case—a Denver milliner—whom Dr. Watson is said to have met at the Inside Inn and spent most of his time with just as soon as the tragedy had been enacted and he could get over to St. Louis. This woman, it is said, his wife had been jealous of and had told her relatives about as soon as she reached home from the west, the week of her death.

These are about the facts that the prosecuting attorney will attempt to establish and to prove as important in establishing guilt. The insurance companies are pushing the prosecution.

Let justice be done, but we all sincerely hope our colleague is not guilty and will be able to prove it.

State Delegates Meet at St. Louis

(Continued from Page 9.)

retary. Much interest and enthusiasm was shown by the delegates, and an earnest, spirited discussion followed as to the best ways and means of securing Osteopathic legislation and of perfecting state associations, bringing them into closer touch with the A. O. A.

Delegates from states not having Osteopathic legislation were glad to receive information and suggestions from those who had waged successful legislative battles. The following motions were carried:

1. That each state association be requested to send to the A. O. A. one delegate and one alternate, looking toward more thorough organization in both state and national associations.

2. That all state associations be requested during the coming year to thoroughly organize their membership, looking to a closer relationship between state and national associations.

Harrriet A. Whitehead, D. O., Secretary.

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Des Moines, Iowa

Museum of Osteopathic Medicine, Kirksville, MO
**THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN**

**Gallery of Osteopathic Pioneers**

*Dr. Francis W. Hannah* was born and reared at Kirksville, Mo., the home of Osteopathy, and naturally had an excellent opportunity to study the practice before it had its principles. After graduating from the State Normal school at Kirksville, he spent six years in the United States Army and served in many places of Osteopathic work spent in his home town. He had long known Dr. A. T. Still as a resident physician of the place and as a man with a new idea of practice which he was promoting. He was in the early nineties when people, sick and disabled, began flocking to Kirksville. They seemed to be the sickest people on earth, and all told the same old story of everything else failing; that they had come to see Dr. Still and try his new drugless method, and if it failed they could do nothing but go home and die. They would remain a while, and to the astonishment of all, some were entirely relieved, others helped a little, a few showed no improvement at all, yet none ever said: "What did that do to you? It was the queue on every tongue. The results were proof incontrovertible that there was "something in it." In fact, it was shown that he had worked out a new system of treatment that was to meet a long felt want, and Dr. Hannah resolved to study it. He graduated from the American Medical College in June, 1897, and at once entered practice.

Dr. Hannah immediately after graduation served a brief apprenticeship with Dr. Harry M. Still at the latter time that the latter was in practice at Chicago. He located at Detroit, Mich., soon after his graduation—in October, 1897—becoming the pioneer Osteopath in that city. Here he promptly built up a good practice and gave himself so unreservedly to it that he broke down under service, disposing of his practice to Dr. Herbert E. Brown, who has since practiced there, and this second Osteopathic office opened in the state of Michigan.

In February, 1899, Dr. Hannah located in Indianapolis, Ind., where he has labored faithfully since, making a host of friends for his system of medicine and for himself. Coming to feel the need of more thorough grounding in all the branches of the subject, he took the experience in the field, Dr. Hannah entered the Medical College of Indiana, taking the full course in medicine, surgery and obstetrics, and graduating in 1902. Hence Dr. Hannah has a double registration in Indiana—as a D. O., and as an M. D., but practising Osteopathy exclusively. From this it will be seen that Dr. Hannah is an exponent of advanced standards in our college work.

For some time Dr. Hannah indulged the belief that he had discovered a special case of the ear, nose and throat, and it was partly with that in view that he resumed his studies at school. By the time of completing his course, however, he had changed his mind, and he is devoting himself instead to chronic cases. He is making a good reputation in this line of work and draws patients from all over the state. He maintains a resident office at 333 North Alabama street, Detroit. Dr. Ethel E. Brown is his assistant.

Dr. Hannah has been successful in practice to a special degree, outside of his medical practice. He is making a good reputation in this line of work and draws patients from all over the state. He maintains a resident office at 333 North Alabama street, Detroit. Dr. Ethel E. Brown is his assistant.

**The Osteopathic Physician**

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**Massachusetts College Stands for Its Guns**

The Massachusetts College of Osteopathy went on record with the following statement to the profession as an insert in the last issue of the *Museum of Osteopathic Medicine, Kirksville, MO*

**Doing in Gotham**

The Greater New York Osteopathic Society, continues to do things. We are just in receipt of its pleasing announcement of its forthcoming meeting. It will be held at the Fifth Avenue hotel, when this programme will be rendered:

*10:00 a.m.—Call to order; secretary's report; 11:30, annual address, President Charles E. Bandel; 12:00, report of membership committee; 3:00, report of delegates to A. O. A. meeting at St. Louis; 5:00, report of committee on medical ethics; 7:00, Dr. L. Whitcomb, D. O.; 9:15, discussion on operative interference in haemorrhoids, led by Forrest P. Smith, D. O.; 9:30, discussion on abuses and benefits in curettage, led by Charles C. Teall, D. O. Adjournment at ten o'clock.*
The OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN

Publisher’s Corner.

The Cost of "Osteopathic Health" On the Various Plans

We offer a choice of several plans for circulating "Osteopathic Health," endeavoring to give regular users as much saving in price as we are able to secure on our part from printers by having a large volume of work contracted for at lower rates. It saves us on the cost of our service to know months ahead how big editions we can contract for, and we simply give our patrons the advantage of this economy. Those who use a hundred a month on the yearly plan get their service 50 cents cheaper per month than those who order on the monthly plan. Those who operate on the six-months contract save 25 cents a month.

We are pleased to serve patrons on any plan that suits them best, but recommend the contract plan for 100 copies a month—not so much because it enjoys the cheapest possible rate, than because systematic advertising, ever-loud, always convinces and what gets the most glorious results. But, remember, single orders are always welcome and receive prompt attention. Here are the prices for our service on the various bases, carefully figured out, so that you can tell at a glance just what you want to know—namely, the total cost for your order.

Prices on the Yearly Contract Basis

One hundred copies a month, with the professional card feature included, will cost as follows:

**FIRST MONTH:**

- Fixed Monthly Cost: 100 copies magazine, blank...
- Printing card...
- Extra charge first month only...
- Composition six-line card...
- Electrotyping six-line card...

**ALL SUBSEQUENT MONTHS:**

The cost is $3.25, including the professional card and good envelopes for mailing, plus expressage, which is always an added cost to the contract price of magazines. Expressage is always an advantage and what gets the most glorious results. But, remember, single orders are always welcome and receive prompt attention. Here are the prices for our service on the various bases, carefully figured out, so that you can tell at a glance just what you want to know—namely, the total cost for your order.

**The Six Months’ Contract Plan**

**FIRST MONTH:**

Fixed monthly cost.
- 100 copies magazine, blank...
- Printing card...
- Extra charge first month only...
- Composition six-line card...
- Electrotyping six-line card...

**ALL SUBSEQUENT MONTHS:**

The cost is $3.25, including the professional card and envelopes for mailing, plus expressage, which is always an added cost to the contract price of magazines. Expressage varies with distance and railroad facilities, but to most points east of the Rocky mountains it is 35 cents per hundred magazines, with envelopes.

**Does October "O. H." Hit the Mark?**

Is it popular enough? Will the good people read and understand almost every word of it? Would even a person of limited education say, in summarizing it, "What the dickens is that fellow talking about?"

I mean the October issue of "Osteopathic Health," of course. I have tried to make it the most practical number this has yet been printed. Please don't misunderstand me in the use of this word "popular." I mean simple, non-technical, every-day in its utterances.

Do you ever stop to think that we all often talk away over the heads of our patients? We do. Try as hard as we may to overcome it, and we still do see many of our patients persistently for six years—this speaking upon abstruse science to the everyday reader so that it will be intelligible. Every few weeks I think I get some new light and make an important step forward. Am I mistaken—or do the members of the profession notice our progress in making popular Osteopathic literature? I believe I get better and better able with more and more practice to state things in fewer and plainer words, to select articles and to prune them to the more important to the point. So that the layman and laywoman will find them intelligible, interesting, instructive and convincing at all and the same time.

"Osteopathic Health" was dedicated to this proposition at its founding, and I am not without hope that its years of experience have advanced this art somewhat. From my viewpoint, our articles have never been as popular and readable as in the summer numbers of 1904, and this feature will continue right along through the autumn and winter. I would like to receive a letter from anyone who has definite opinions along this line, being free to offer criticisms—for criticisms, not compliments, are what help. Our best friends are those who proclaim to us our faults. Still, we all like to hear, if our work is giving satisfaction, wherein it does satisfy, so if you have observed a steady progress toward simplicity I would be glad to be assured of it.

The October number has a good assortment of reading, but it is one of the best numbers that the pen of Dr. O. C. Mutschler, of Lancaster, Pa., and it gives the reader a popular view of disease from the standpoint of cell nutrition, which is very understandable.

"Sleep" is a simple talk on insomnia by Sancho Panza, that eminent Spaniard who first popularized that word, and written in the Chicago Tribune and by the editorial writer in the Chicago Tribune and by the editor of "Osteopathic Health," and it makes a thoroughly popular treatise as a mosaic that will interest everybody, whether insomnia sufferers or not.
“Just Sick” is a gem of brief, pointed Osteopathic wisdom from the pen of Dr. Herman F. Goetz, of St. Louis. It appeals to those who are “just sick all over” with any of that great variety of symptoms comprising those which aching, defective spines. Many people fall in this class, and have no well-defined malady, but yet are very sick patients. This idea is new in Osteopathic literature, and will give the lay reader and prove very instructive to them.

“Nature Can Handle the Germs” is an instructive and assuring bit of knowledge on germ life, as any new theory undergirded with avidity as the means of determining if his life were really in such great danger from germs as medical theories would make it seem. It is Dr. Charles Clayton Teall, of Brooklyn, who speaks, and he does it well. His words will tend to calm the lay mind from its needless fears, to make it understand somewhat how Nature works and how Osteopathy especially works in harmony with Nature, and hence gets results.

“What State Governors Say of Osteopathy” is an interesting and useful article, which quotes thirteen men who have sat in executive chairs and passed upon Osteopathic measures, from Governor Josiah Grout, of Vermont, to Governor Beekham, of Kentucky. This is a pleasing, strong and weighty argument for Osteopathy, which will make a profound impression in any locality. The article is arranged by the editor.

There is a full complement of short editorial articles on various common diseases, on the benefit of Osteopathy before and after surgical operations, the difference between Osteopathic and massage, on accredited Osteopaths, etc., etc. Also a gist of pointed, short editorials.

It is an adequate, popular and pleasing number, in general: in particular, those practitioners whose literature that his patients and local public will read with interest will be glad to circulate it generously.

Fraternally,

HENRY STANHOPE BUNTING, D. O.,
Editor.

A Team of Hustling Secretaries

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THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN

15

Resolutions were passed at the last meeting of the Michigan Board of Registration which will make the requirements of the profession higher in the state than for that of any other medical schools. Osteopathic physicians coming to Michigan from other states are required to take an examination. The present law in Michigan is the strongest of any state in the union. The board is in sympathy with the requirements higher. Its attitude is based upon the following interpretation of the law from the office of the attorney general:

Dr. Charles F. Baker, West Union, Ill., to March 1, 1912.
Dr. J. Martin Littlejohn, 268 Warren avenue, Chicago, to 156 R. Hoyne avenue, Chicago.
Dr. E. L. Parry, Denver, Col., to Cheyenne, Wyo.
Dr. C. A. Sigler, 626 Washington avenue, to 99 Central avenue, Dunkirk, N. Y.
Dr. C. A. Upton, Kirksville, Mo., to 304 Liberty street, Warrenton, Mo.

THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN

The Michigan Osteopathic Board of Registration has elected Dr. W. S. Mills, of Ann Arbor, president, and F. H. Williams, of Lansing, secretary and treasurer.

In reply thereto I would say that, under and pursuant to the provisions of Act No. 102 of the Public Acts of 1903, the State Board of Registration in Osteopathy would be authorized to refuse to register any state, or any private board of examination, unless the requirements of the state are equal to the requirements of the board of registration. This act is presumed to be constitutional in all its provisions, and the said board should be governed thereby.

Respectfully yours,

HENRY E. CHASE,
Deputy Attorney General.

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WANTED.—A LADY ASSISTANT GRADUATE of American School of Osteopathy preferably, M. A. care of O. P.