The Psychology of Healing: Mental Attitude a Factor
Osteopaths Should Study

By J. R. Bailey, D. O., Ashland, Wis.

It is evident to all that the psychic element enters into every condition of disease, but before psychic methods can be generally applied the subject must be cleared of the halo of mystery which surrounds it. The intelligent patient knows more of psychology than he does of the physiological effect of the drug he confidently takes, but his knowledge of one is all to the oecum, and his ignorance of the other neutral.

Ignorance of truth and association has placed the psychic method on the black list, but knowledge of the fact that all the curative or responsive effect in suggestion comes from the patient himself, and not from any inherent power on the part of the physician, should aid in establishing a better basis for the application of psychology in healing. Further the fact that except in surgery, operative or manipulative, the psychic element is always present in the cure of disease. Bread pills cure as many patients as strong red medicine, under old school treatment.

The purely psychic methods of healing exploit the occult as the basis of their success, acknowledged to come from the mental attitude of the patient. The personally appointed healer claims power from some mysterious source, or resorts to the methods of harleianism as in the bone-setting methods of the chiropractor or the external application of irritant drugs, knowing the patient in curative remittance or remission of the treatment, which he conceives must be productive of good, because it is in itself so bad. Suggestion pure and simple.

If it can be made plain that the work of the mental systems are due to wholly natural causes, and the vanqued powers of the personally appointed healer are simply an abnormally developed and ignorantly applied demonstration of natural factors which enter into the armament of every physician of the recognized schools, it will go far to clear up the mystery which surrounds it.

In your student days when the question was asked, "Where does the interchange of gases take place in inspiration?" you thought "In the lungs," but you discovered that the correct answer was "In the tissues." You were taught that all the vital organs of the body were mechanism for the assimilation of the gases, solids, and liquids which go to sustain life, and the elimination of consequent waste; in fact that they were all subordinate to the cell, the unit of the whole. Did you ever stop to think that the brain conscious and subconscious was simply a part of the vital mechanism, and as such subordinate to the cell as well as the body? Think it over.

Traced by the indefatigable tuft hunters of science our humble ancestor was demonstrated in the amoeba, floating in the waters of the sea, living the simple life, assimilating from the surrounding media the elements of existence, casting off the waste, reproducing itself, living and dying. In fact possessed of all the primitive faculties of mankind. The physical vitality which sustained the amoeba is evident in the cellular elements of the human body and accounts for strength and weakness, while the intelligence which enabled the amoeba to select proper food has developed into the mental qualities of man. While the amoeba was an independent entity, in man, groups of cells united in the formation of organs, to keep pace with the increased mental faculties of man.

The outward and visible sign of hereditary weakness in a general way is evident in temperament; the uneven vitalization of the various organs or structures of the body, indicated by the mental side in disposition. The popular personage's joke, "The Artist's Temperament." a term used to account for oddity or idiosyncrasy apparent in people is a perfect definition of temperament.

The ancient fathers of medicine recognized the importance of this factor and divided the temperaments into four groups, which they named from the then recognized elements of nature, earthy, earthy, fiery, and watery. The founders of drug medication also recognized temperament which they named from the then recognized four fluid media of the system, as saline, humoral, nervous and vitals, and continued until the teachings of Cullen induced the profession to look for chemical rather than psycholical or psychic, and when temperament lost its importance in the development of newer things.

The simple cell is an independent entity in which vitality—life—and the intelligence which dominates it are personal factors. In organized life the various organs and structures are simple cells working in unison toward the end to which they are applied, dominated and controlled by the subconscious mind as to function, and the conscious mind as to voluntary action.

In the progress of evolution, man has been weakened by the increasing interdependence of the various groups of cells which make up the system—the fact to which he owes his longevity over the lower orders of animal life—the lower orders of life in which the conscious mind is undeveloped the various organs retain an independent action still. The fish contracts in the frying-pan, not from any reaction to the surrounding, but from the resistance of certain groups of cells which contract to the stimuli of heat. The heart of a turtle carefully removed and placed in a vessel of the water in which the animal lived, will beat regularly for several hours, the cardiac ganglion responding as long as the cellular elements take up sustenance from the surrounding media, this illustrates the connection between the physical and the mental elements in the simple cell.

Vitality, cell vigor or vital magnetism, as you choose to term it, is the determining factor in the strength and function of man; this is in all cases subject to domination of the psychic element, evident in the tenacity of life which the patient has strong emotional reason for living, as in the expected arrival of friends, or certain business details which he alone can consummate. In such cases man will live for hours when mutilated by fire, in the possibility of existence, or after certain of the vital organs have ceased to functionate.

Disease is due to the failure of certain organs to functionate in the proper manner and the system in whole or part is called upon to give from its surplus to make up for such lack. Acute disease is the temporary retirement of an organ or function in which case all the rest of the tissues contribute their quota of vitality to maintain the balance of the whole. Acute disease is more severe in a case of a normally vigorous man, for the reason that the vigor with which the uninvolved organs respond to the call for aid creates a volume of waste matter which the eliminating organs cannot handle. In chronic conditions the patient adjusts himself to the new order of things and weakness rather than fatality is the result.

Considering now the purely psychic side of the question, we have in mind the time when the demonstration of the duality of the mind made rational investigation possible, but we had no rational basis upon which to proceed. We will start from the basis of common sense or reasoning from the evidence of the five physical senses which is the same in all people up to a certain point; we all smell the same odor, but the psychic response we get differs in people, to one it is pleasant, to another offensive, for the reason that common
THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN

The Colorado Legislative Effort

By Newton Alden Bole, D. O. Denver.

The primary essential was seen to be perfect unanimity upon the bill. To make this effort successfully required, it to make as fair and perfect as possible, with determination to make any concessions that would be purely incidental or irrespective of its source, whether friend or foe. Indeed suggested to this end were constantly sought throughout the campaign.

The bill provided for the use of the methods by any one competent, independent of education, college or sect espoused. It provided for the use of the name by those up to the standards required for graduation, and forbade this alone to those deficient.

All this was on the theory that everyone has a constitutional right to engage his honest service to any one desiring it; that seats are entitled to form upon any combination of ideas they choose; and that these must be allowed to correctly state and practice their professions among the people unmolested by competitors for any standards the latter might think proper to impose upon them. Also that it is the prerogative of the people selecting the officers that shall determine the standards to which the prospective physician shall answer.

While standards might properly be stated by law for the professional and ethical qualifications as a matter of mutual protection to them and the public against adventurers, it was considered particularly unjust to forbid contracting and rendering honest services between any persons satisfied with each other.

Furthermore, that it is the right of any person who has attained no compromises, the only object of which must be union for arbitrary control of absent or politically weak sects in healing. We need for our united efforts to be represented upon the Board, authorized only to control the use of our name, urging the impossibility of just self-government under the majority control of other sects upon the common or unit board.

Standing upon this ground alone our bill received unanimous support in the Senate. It also went easily up to third reading in the House. At this juncture the medical bill seemed to be arising in the Legislature. Its counterpart originating in the Senate had been promptly killed there, owing to its manifest unfitness. It required arbitrary control of new schools by old ones already represented upon the Board, in some way a compromise was inaugurated by which the medical bill was to be allowed to proceed on its way in the Senate, provided the osteopathic bill passed third reading in the House. This placed us in the apparent position of having forsaken our original stand for universal freedom, and placed us in that of asking freedom for ourselves while leaving other new schools at the mercy of their oppressors, in the event of passage of the medical bill. We probably lost many an honest vote on this account.

Another supposed factor of defeat was a demand for recognition on account of exclusive control of public hospitals while patients needing their facilities, are entitled to form upon any combination of ideas they choose. This is the result of telepathic communication between himself and the patient.

Intuition is present in all men but in the man of wandering mind it is dormant, choked by the weeds in the mental garden, and only comes into prominence when he concentrates his mind. Intuition, in the untrained unselfed faculty, be so faint that it is only perceptible to the trained intuition of another. The patient who has gone to the osteopath with his troubles submits to treatment passively is harder to reach than the one who comes with a confidence which is the knowledge of the facts by the physician to cure his case, and be

(Continued on page 6.)
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Where Does the Fraternal Brotherhood Stand?—Conflicting Reports Received.

I WAS much pleased when I read the report of Dr. Lawrence E. Washburn on the Fraternal Brotherhood as I have been fighting them for osteopathic recognition for some time and have written a treatise from Supreme President Fashay and Dr. Pierce, supreme medical director. At the supreme lodge meeting in Los Angeles in March at which time reports were read from each local lodge, a Mr. Henderson, president of the lodge here, was sent to the meeting and closely attended all meetings and business transactions. He has a full official report which I helped to look over carefully. We find that the old law and the new have nothing whatever to say regarding D. O. examiners and there are no amendments to the old law which in any manner affect D. O. practitioners. Now if one apparently wrong report has been handed in, then perhaps some of the others also are incorrect, though I hope not as such statements do not incline toward advancement of the osteopathic profession. I believe all D. O.'s should fight singly and collectively for recognition in all fraternal organizations as it will undoubtedly give us more rightful prestige in future. Los Angeles is the home office of the Fraternal Brotherhood. James A. Fashay, Supreme President, T. F. B. building, Los Angeles.—R. D. Healey, D. O., Salinas, Cal.

To Class of 1895, A. S. O.

A Quiet Personal Conversation on the Side.

By George Tull, D. O., Indianapolis.

The officials of the American Osteopathic Association have set aside two evenings at the 1909 convention in Minneapolis for reunions of all class societies, fraternities, alumni and other osteopathic associations. It was to be of the most attractive features of the meeting, and be the means of renewing old acquaintances, making new ones, and affirming any for a free exchange of thought and experiences, which will tend to disturb the dry bones of our subjective minds, and get us out of the rut into which we may have fallen.

Now, Mr. Practitioner, we want you to come to the convention and crowd in with the "bunch" of us, under the official Paisley of the National Association, where we may swap to a finish and raise—well, raise the fog from your mental horizon, and undergo a veritable Mont Pelee shakeup to your mental cosmos.

You will be at liberty to discuss any and all scientific subjects, from the rick to the bohio, and to debate (the profit expected, and we wish to say here and now, with all the emphasis at our command, that anyone who undertakes to take the discussion will be immediately boiled and sunk to the bottom of Lake Harriet).

Every meeting of the Association has, according to reports, exceeded the previous ones. When all the perfectly evident facts are summed up, you can doubt that this will be by far the very best meeting ever held by the Association during its official life.

Listen: They have the most attractive city, the most beautiful scenery; they have the people, one of the most enthusiastic resident delegations of any state, as hosts.

Now, doctor, in conclusion, we are sure that you are not in the undesirable citizen class

it went through many vicissitudes. The senatorial deadlock interfered with our chances; so did the fact that a multitude of bills remained to be disposed of, as the House was fully six weeks behind the Senate in its business. Another peril lay in the fact that some of these bills were contested with bitterness and much recrimination, creating a state of feeling in which any bill coming up ran the risk of being slaughtered. Our bill was on the calendar one week. When did nothing but the fact prove it safe to have a tryout, because of a split among our friends on another measure. When a tryout finally was made we had too few votes and secured a postponement. After this, we were never able to get the bill up again; it with many others was stricken from the calendar to facilitate the business of the last few days of the session.

The M. D.'s were in session in Quincy the week of our tryout, and sent their prayers to Springfield in various forms. One telegram very widely sent was as follows:

"Hon.—Springfield, Ill.: Illinois State Medical Society, membership fifty-five

hundred, and component branches in every county in state in session assembled protest against passage any bill granting special privileges to osteopaths."

We put up from first to last the best fight we could. President E. M. Browne and myself spent two, three or four days of each week in Springfield working in the interests of the bill; many other osteopaths were there at our hearings in committee and on other occasions; many letters, telegrams and petitions in behalf of the measure were secured by the osteopaths in the field. Help and encouragement poured in, but we lost out at last, for this session.

Still, although no law was written on the statutes at this time for our recognition and just regulation, we believe substantial gains were made. The rights, rights and powers of the profession are much more widely known and believed in. We have many staunch friends among the legislators, and owe them much credit to their influence. Our encouraged us success next time are stronger by reason of the steady, united work of the profession with this assembly.

A Resume of the Fight in Illinois for An Osteopathic Board.

Dr. Otis F. Akin, of Portland, Ore., recently awarded a gold medal for scholarship by the University of Oregon, and average for the four year medical course was 1.62 points higher than any other graduate. Oregon state is fortunate in having an osteopathic surgeon of such high attainments.

Our bill, providing for a separate Board of Examiners, was introduced in House and Senate on Feb. 24. It ran a brief and fairly smooth course in the Senate; was held up for some time in committee in the House. At this point Dr. Hildreth rendered great service by getting it off the calendar before the committee. He was very clear and convincing, and made many friends for our measure.

On second reading in the House the bill was subjected to some amendment, but was not weakened thereby. By this time the M. D.'s were home with letters, petitions, pamphlets and telegrams. Some of these contained outrageous misrepresentations, which may cost us some votes, but which certainly gained us some friends because of the too thinly disguised malice which had prompted them. One "Bulletin" from a medical society to an osteopathic society comments that the bill was "bulletproof" as to its constitutionality. This statement was in an article to the medical profession. Our friends of the profession are much more widely known and believed in. We have many staunch friends among the legislators, and owe them much credit to their influence. Our encouragement is stronger next time by reason of the steady, united work of the profession with this assembly.

We had a hard time to get our bill on the calendar for its third reading, and when there

Governor to promise to veto our bill. Now if this is a fact, things look pretty serious."

(Without an adding machine it was impossible to keep count of all the "straight tips from the inside." All of them were wrong.)

"I have just received word that is given me as positive information and from a source that ought to be quite reliable, that the Governor is favorable to a composite board that will give us some kind of recognition and that he will veto it, and give as his reason that we will be provided for in the one-board bill. In my own mind, I am satisfied that that will be the vote, for the reason that public sentiment seems to favor such an arrangement. Our own bill is so weak now that it cannot be justified in its present form, and I feel as though it would veto it, and give as his reason that we will be provided for in the one-board bill. In my own mind, I am satisfied that that will be the vote, for the reason that public sentiment seems to favor such an arrangement. Our own bill is so weak now that it cannot be justified in its present form, and I feel as though

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Statistics and Facts

Statistics show that about 24,000,000 men, women and children in the United States alone are the victims of some form of SPINAL CURVATURE or DEFORMITY.

Fact No. 1. If a careful examination in early age had been followed by a discovery of these troubles, 60 per cent of the deformed and crippled ones would have been cured of their troubles and have a better and well formed spine.

Fact No. 2. Our No. 1 APPLIANCE, worn in connection with the treatment advised and the exercises recommended in the SHELDON METHOD OF CURING SPINAL CURVATURE, will speedily relieve and permanently and painlessly cure all curable cases, and will alleviate and improve the condition of all who have passed the curable stage. OUR No. 1 APPLIANCE is made to order from individual measurements only; is light, cool and comfortable to wear; can be readily adjusted and distributes the pressure equally at the parts needed.

We publish a descriptive, illustrated book on the subject, which we shall be pleased to send you, with other literature, and when interested we ask your co-operation in checking the extension of this dread affliction and giving relief to all afflicted and preventing a similar case in all age.

We shall be pleased to explain our plan of co-operation on your request.

PHILÔ BURT MFG. CO.
141 6th Street,
JAMESTOWN, N. Y.

THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN

Aetna Company Advantages Plausible Excuse for Denying Osteopath’s Low Rate.

I HAVE read with interest the discussion in The O. P. concerning discrimination against osteopaths by accident companies in the ratings, and would like to call the attention of a district agent of the Aetna Company, one of the largest in the world. I send it to you in order to make use of or not, according to your judgment.

The circumstances which produced the letter are as follows: I agreed to take a $5,000 policy, ordinary accidents, in Aetna Company, provided the agent (L. D. Carr) could secure me the physicians’ rating of $5 per thousand, or $25 for the policy. He accordingly wrote the company for rating on osteopaths and was told it would be $10 per thousand or $50 for the proposed policy, just twice the rate given the M. D.’s. Mr. Carr wrote them again protesting against “discriminations from prejudice arising from schools of medicine,” and the enclosed letter is the reply received in which an attempt is made to justify the high rate on other grounds. (The letter mentioned in the letter is a special form, costing a little more than the straight accident.)

I have since been offered a rate of $7.50 per thousand in the Standard of Detroit, another old-line company. Their physicians’ rate is the same as the Aetna.

That was somewhat better than the other offer, but I refused to accept any but the regular physicians’ rate, and the agents have given me up as a hopeless case.—Paul Mills, D. O., Alpena, Mich.

The letter referred to follows:

L. D. Carr, Agent, Alpena, Mich. Dear Sir: Your letter of the 7th inst. addressed to Detroit office, is referred here for reply.

We beg to advise that there is no discrimination against osteopaths by reason of prejudice arising from any particular school of medicine, but that the rate is named having direct reference to a condition which is frequently overlooked by the public in determining an accident insurance classification.

An osteopath, in order to conform to his business at all, must have the free and supreme use of all of his fingers, since the processes of manipulation used in that class of treatment call into play practically every muscle in the fingers and joints.

It is not because the profession itself is attended with any particular danger, but because a very slight accident is likely to result in total disability. To illustrate: Suppose a physician should have his finger pinched in a door frame or under a chair rocker, or should dislocate it by falling upon and icy pavement; it would have very little effect upon the attendance to his regular duties and would not even affect his surgical work unless it was one of his index fingers on the right and even in that event would result in partial disability only.

Now let the same accident happen to an osteopath and he would in all likelihood be totally disabled. What is the result: a spacially costs more money to settle with an osteopath for that kind of a claim than with a physician, hence the necessity for increased premium.

We have several osteopaths insured with us in the medium rate. The Aetna Company’s rating is limited to the regular form of policy I believe the company would make an exception in the case of an osteopath and that would allow the written and the accumulative form in the “Medium” class at $22 per $1,000—W. G. Wilson, manager for Northern Ohio Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.
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Can Defective Vision Produce Disease?

Dr. E. J. Bartholomew, Chicago.

"E"YES are the Windows of the soul."

How important it is then that they should see both the visible and invisible world truly and clearly. Do you? Do your patients?

Are you proficient as a physician? If not, why not? Because you do not know how to stop leakages of nerve force due either to a mental or mechanical impediment to that force. No diagnosis is correct or complete that ignores the condition of the eyes.

Can disease be produced through the eyes?

It is assuredly can! How? By leakage. One-ninth of the nervous system supplies the eyes, and a leakage of nerve force incident to eye-strain or "mis-fit" lenses will deplete the nervous system just as a steam engine can be deprived of power by a leakage from an open valve.

The abnormal conditions of the eye known as "near-sighted," "far-sighted" and "astigmatic" are malformations of the eye-ball or tissues thereof and will not yield to manipulation or medicinal treatment. These conditions can be corrected only with lenses adapted to the condition of the eyes, that is, lenses that will break the rays of light so they will be reflected on the retina that a perfect image may be transmitted to the brain and perceived by the mind.

A large percentage of the pains about the head, and many nervous, stomach and intestinal diseases arise from imperfect vision, eye-strain or "mis-fit" glasses. Granulated lids, inflamed eyes and headaches are frequently caused by reading without glasses when they are needed, or by reading with "mis-fit" glasses. From this source a permanent weakened condition of the organ may result.

How do you know this abnormal vision can produce all kinds of headaches, and sometimes stomach, intestinal troubles, etc.? From years of experience in testing, treating and fitting the eyes. Quite recently I have cured cases of a combination of sick headache, stomach, liver and intestinal troubles caused by wearing "mis-fit" glasses by supplanting the "mis-fits" with glasses adapted to the condition of the patients' eyes. One patient, in particular, would be taken with sick headaches, violent vomiting of gall, followed by a constipated condition. He would be confined to his bed for a few days and then return to his office. After wearing the glasses for a day or two he would have another attack of headache and vomiting. There has not been a recurrence of the trouble since his "mis-fit" glasses were changed for those adapted to the condition of his eyes. In this case only one of the lenses was a "mis-fit." Mental and physical inharmonies can be produced by one "mis-fit" lens as quickly as though both were not adapted to the condition of the eyes. The oculists who tested these patients' eyes had not the facilities or did not know how to determine the correct axial meridian, or rather the meridian at which the axis of the cylinder should be placed in the trial frames.

A woman patient complained of nausea and headaches. During the four months preceding date of my testing her eyes, she had had her eyes examined at different times by "specialists" in this city, paying from $10 to $25 for each test, and the glasses she was wearing were an abominable "mis-fit." She was nauseous, nausea and headaches by removing the cause, which was the "mis-fit" glasses she was wearing, and place the correct condition of the patient's eyes. Why did these "specialists" fail to correctly diagnose these conditions? Because they failed to determine the correct axial meridian, either from ignorance of optics or a lack of the necessary astigmatic charts with which to determine the exact axial meridian.

The chart shown here is arranged for the purpose of determining the correct axial meridian in astigmatism, as well as the exact strength of lens. The chart is used for the purpose of determining accurately the axis of an astigmatic lens, thus avoiding mistakes made so frequently by oculists when testing for axial meridian. The chart is absolutely correct.

The simplicity of the chart, with the instructions accompanying it, enables a physician to determine instantly whether or not a patient has normal or abnormal vision and whether or not glasses worn are adapted to the existing condition.
All Fakers Look Like Osteopaths to Indiana State Medical Board.
S. E. Wright, D. O., Marion, Ind.

J. M. Shellhouse, described in the news report as an "osteopathic physician," was arrested at Tipton, Ind., at the instance of the local medical association on a charge of practicing medicine without a license. We fail to find the name J. M. Shellhouse in the record of graduates of regular osteopathic colleges, so his claim to be classed as an osteopath seems to rest on a doubtful basis.

As I AM well acquainted with the man mentioned in this clipping, I wish to give you some information so that you can give it publicity.

While Shellhouse does not actually lay claim to be an osteopath, he does allow other people to call him so, and he says that he can give the same treatment that we do, but has no license to do it. In reality he is a magnetic healer and claims that while he can give the same treatment as the D. O., it is not at all necessary for him (mind rules matter it is his slogan).

He is smart in many ways and a very fluent talker, which makes him more harmful, I think, for he can make people believe white lies and vice versa.

Your "doubtful" is not strong enough, the claim has no basis except in the head of the M. D.'s who wanted to "slam" D. O.'s.

We have petitioned the State Board to prosecute fake D. O.'s and nary a one will they get after unless they get mixed in medicine; then they go after them with a vengeance and call them "D. O.'s" without distinction, and let a bona fide D. O. come into the state and ask for an exam! "No, no," "You have not had enough schooling." "You must have four years." But when we did have our examinations, May, '08, 80 per cent of the M. D.'s failed on the same examinations that only 15 per cent of the D. O.'s failed upon.

You can no doubt see by this that I am in favor of an independent board, and a few more D. O.'s in Indiana.

A New Osteopathic Sanatorium.

Dr. Evelyn R. Bush, of Louisvile, Ky., has recently incorporated The Sanatorium Company and put up a well equipped and strictly up-to-date sanatorium in that city.

The Sanatorium is located on one of the most beautiful residence streets of the city, not far from the business center and convenient to all street car lines.

Dr. Bush in her practice has demonstrated to her satisfaction the value of physical culture, edical gymnastics and hydrotherapy, and the sanatorium is fully equipped with all modern appliances for such treatments, part of the equipment being a large private gymnasium.

The gymnasium is equipped with appliances for giving Swedish gymnastics. In the bath department are given electric light, dry hot air, and other kinds of baths. This department is in charge of a graduate of the Royal Institute Central of Stockholm, Sweden.

The Osteopathic department is fitted up with a number of very conveniently arranged treating rooms with separate dressing rooms, resting rooms, etc. One of the features of this department is a splendidly equipped private examination room.

A limited number of patients are taken for residence in the sanatorium where they have light, well ventilated and pleasant rooms in charge of competent nurse.

Associated with Dr. Bush in the osteopathic department are Dr. C. J. Johnson late of the Kirkville Hospital Staff and Dr. E. E. Edmundson, graduate both in osteopathy and from the Northwestern Medical College of Chicago.
temperament and perfect health are valuable requisites as well, there is a neutralizing of vitality upon contact which is a strong factor in the diagnosis. What is especially the work of the osteopath, this so-called magnetic faculty is present in all people in a positive or negative degree and is the basis of the outside methods of healing, but the magnetic healer is not as a rule a very lasting factor as there is a limit to the strength which one can dispense and the healer when exhausted, intentionally receives the sensations of the patient and has not the resistance to throw them off, and becomes ill himself, thus destroying the magnetic healers term taking the conditions of the patient.

The self constituted healer is a man born with a predisposition for the work he assumes; in addition to this he discovers within himself the diagnostic clairvoyance which is present in all physicians and not being in position to understand the situation ascribes his power a gift from God, which he uses with discretion, he has never been miracle worker or wonder worker, but the fact must not be overlooked that the personal healer under any name cures some people, and his results by many regular methods, for the reason that the healer is an earnest man, one who fully understands the power of magnetic forces, and who never for a moment doubts the efficacy of the power divine or otherwise which he believes to control and direct him.

The abnormal development of the diagnostic faculty is however the chief stock in trade with the chiropractor and personally constitute the herd of people who have taken up chiropractice to the extent of learning the methods, which can be done in from three hours to three months according to where the student goes for his post training, but in every case of a man who makes it a commercial proposition and a success, the patient is loosed in his praise of the wonderful diagnostic powers of the operator.

At a recent trial in Wisconsin in which a person accused of theft was the defendant, the trial was decided as follows: "I have no medical training, but I place my hand on the back of a man's neck and by the pains I can tell him just what is the matter with him. * * * *" This man applies an irritant plaster to the affected part of the patient where the exudation consequent upon tissue repair is the "Humor" escaping through the skin. He treats hundreds daily and cures some of his patients.

Newspaper Condemns Drug Bigotry and Declares Osteopathy Here to Stay.

A dinner of a medical society in Hoboken, Dr. Britton D. Evans was eloquently welcomed as an osteopath as a "band of ignorant people." The Jersey City (N.J.) Journal in an able editorial June 1st under the heading, "Dr. Evans on Osteopathy," takes exception to the doctor's remark and shows up its falseness and the prejudiced attitude of the average medical doctor in a very vigorous manner. It is worth making use of and we reproduce it here with the suggestion that it be clipped out and forwarranted to the city editor of your local paper. In many instances it will be published and it will be good reading to read the expression from an influential eastern newspaper.

Dr. Evans on Osteopathy.

Dr. Britton D. Evans—he of "brainstorm" fame, like a good many other medical doctors, is unduly agitated over the osteopaths. At the dinner of the Jersey City Medical Society recently in Hoboken he asked: "Why should we be toyed with by a band of ignorant people under the name of osteopaths?"

Dr. Evans apparently knows little about osteopathy. He knew nothing about it he would not have known it. He probably knows the scientific principles, and that every day it is proving itself as he has promised to believers in drug specialists, among these cures being the case in which Dr. Evans claims to speak with authority. He would not know that the osteopath is not to be classed with "ignorant people." But is qualified by his knowledge of anatomy and physiology to bear him with the average drug doctor.

The latter knows these subjects, to be sure, as the average college graduate, who has not specialized, knows mathematics and astrology. The osteopath knows them as the skillful piano player knows the keyboard of a piano.

If Dr. Evans is unable to investigate, instead of wasting time throwing stones at those who are like him, he would learn that they are truth undreamed of in his philosophy and which are as an open book to the osteopath. He would learn, for example, about the involuntary nervous system and its relation to disease which might cause him to marvel at his virtual failure in the critical hospitals to explore this most profitable mine of inquiry.

If Dr. Evans imagines that the osteopaths are "ignorant people," it should not be difficult for him to find occasion to match his skill with theirs. Other medical doctors have tried that, and the "brainstorms" which resulted were not usually on the osteopathic side. Those doctors who flock with Dr. Evans in demanding a state medical organization for protection against the osteopaths are throwing useless weapons to the winds. The doctors are ready have as much protection as they are entitled to this profession. More is it in the public which needs protection, in the shape of state legislation. The osteopaths are not a band of ignorant people and they are not the quacks who are now, in the absence of state law, permitted to prey upon the people here without let or hindrance. Some forty other states have passed such a law, and New Jersey has got to come to it sooner or later.

Osteopathy as a healing art is here to stay. Prescriptions and cures from medical bigots will not hinder it. It appeals to the most intelligent of the average. It has proved its worth in the cure of diseases generally. How strange it is, thatispensers of pills and potions, the pharmacutical guessers, as a facetious writer calls them, should be the last to recognize its claims or to see the remarkable cures it is effecting due to day under their very noses!

If the medical doctors studied osteopathy in a scientific spirit, their prejudices and fears would be classed with "ignorant people," but is qualified by his knowledge of anatomy and physiology to bear him with the average drug doctor.

New Jersey—Land of Opportunity.

The New Jersey Osteopathic Society through its secretary, Dr. Milbourne Munroe, 215 Main street, East Orange, is sending out a map of New Jersey showing situation of good towns together with a list giving population and number of osteopaths. The letter says:

"New Jersey, as you herein herein, offers many good locations to those who are seeking the same. The people of the State are largely educated and as to what osteopathy is and what it will do. The demand for osteopaths is greater than the supply. The profession in the State stands ready to welcome all qualified graduates.

"Under the present law we cannot be molested and it is not even necessary to obtain a license to register."

Penitentiary Sentence for Sawyer.

Referring to our item in The O. P. for May in regard to the Sawyer arrested for stealing jewelry, Dr. Geo. D. Herring, of Plainfield, N. J., sends us this clipping:

"W. Edward Sawyer, who calls himself a doctor, was sentenced yesterday to one year in the penitentiary by Judge Swann in General Sessions after pleading guilty to petty larceny. He sold jewelry from Rose Macht, a massage operator he knew."

As Dr. Herring lucidly says, "he got his."

A Medical Triumph.

"I notice one of my patients was relieved by wireless a prescription from her doctor who was at sea."

"What was the prescription?"

"Told her to brace up and she would be O. K."

"Well, well. Here's a case of drugless treatment by wireless prescription for a sickliness illness. What an age we live in."

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The Organ of Medicine and Opinion for the Profession

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Vol. XV.

JUNE, 1900.

No. 6.

Fairness! Freedom! Fearlessness!

Editorial

"How to live, let chickens walk where they will!"

An Insult to Osteopaths from Massachusetts College Rostrum

It is hard to believe that the statement reported by Hardy, paper, of June 3, was made by an author addressing the graduating class of the Massachusetts College of Osteopathy, and not words worthy to be gone unchallenged. The osteopathic profession will not understand why this speaker was not called down from the floor by the student body for his presumptuous ignorance, even if the faculty were not on hand to defend the science to which they have subscribed from such ridiculous misrepresentation.

"It is only when a man is a Medical Man first and an Osteopathist afterward that he is competent to practice osteopathy, declared Brooks Adams, addressing the graduating class of the Massachusetts College of Osteopathy at their commencement exercises in Chickerling Hall last evening.

"Osteopaths cannot divorce themselves from HALF OF HUMAN KNOWLEDGE any more than Christian Scientists can," continued Mr. Adams; "and their M. D. stands divorced from the whole great scientific world, so long, I believe, as the position before the community which their great discovery deserves. Our osteopathic surgeon is the only man of microscopic surgery. Yet I would not commit myself to an osteopathist simply because he had an osteopathic degree.

"That is not the attitude of the public till osteopathy bases itself on the whole range of human knowledge. I say this, though no use is too strong to express my obligation to osteopathy. Who have favored in our schools that osteopathy undertakes to deal with all the most abstruse problems of the human anatomy. I feel that the attitude of the public and of some of the press is unjustifiable. The man who claims to have found a universal panacea proclaims himself by that very proclamation unsound. It is true osteopathy has proved its case. Cures like mine are too common not to be recognized as something tangible."

The editor thinks that there must have been some mistake in reporting this address, but no correction has been made by the college authorities that we have noticed, so it is up to them to explain matters. If this is the idea of the Massachusetts College of Osteopathy concerning therapeutics, the profession is entitled to know about it.

The statement of Dr. D. O. should be a drug doctor first then and is a safe person to entrust with the care of human disease, as is false and ridiculous as it is ignominious. No body in the world would say such a thing except a practitioner of some school of drug therapeutic, is it? One wonders what would be his idols and would naturally think that, just as every petty worshipper thinks that the universe was created and is sustained by his little band of red earth and blue feathers which represents himself.

For Dr. Brooks Adams or Prof. Brooks Adams or Mr. Brooks Adams, as the case may be, to say that the osteopath cannot divorce themselves from half of human knowledge, implying by that, that half of human knowledge is contained in the text books of materia medica and must go on record as being himself a person whose intellectual grasp isn't such as to entitle him to sitting upon the rostrum of any educational institution. Any man who holds such a view is probably so ignorant and so wrong, he isn't entitled to public consideration. For an osteopathic college to select such a person to give a parting word of instruction to its graduates and to give its sanction to such utterances going before the public through the newspapers is certainly inconsistent, short sighted and will prove retroactive against the whole profession to an astonishing degree.

From his remarks evidently the speaker found osteopathy would cure all ailments after the drug doctors had failed to. In all likelihood the osteopath who cured him had never studied medicine. The statement is so trivial that it is a cinch that he would not by that act be able to cure the gentleman any better osteopathically than if he did not. No these are strange words from a Grateful Patient in recognition of what he says the science has done for him. But the osteopath who cured him how they ought to qualify themselves to cure him, he should be sitting at the feet of the members of the fresh men class and learning something more about osteopathy which everyone of them would be qualified to tell him.

What are Dr. Harris and his associates thinking about to promulgate rot of this sort right there on their own rostrum and permit it to reach the newspapers and the endorsement of their endorsement through the public newspapers? And is it possible that that is the sort of doctrine that Massachusetts College is giving its students? Explain yourself, Brother Harris. It is up to you to correct this impression.

PROPOSED FEDERAL HEALTH BUREAU.

Considerable discussion has appeared in the newspapers anent the subject of a national health bureau or department of health. The avowed purpose of this movement has been the raising of many reassuring arguments made in favor of the proposition, but it would be a dangerous excitement to make public the menace which this would have to individual rights and liberties. Unquestionably a voluntary, co-operation national in scope, on certain matters of hygiene, sanitation and preservation of health would be of value, but the establishment of a bureau with arbitrary powers to compel co-ordination is a very different affair. Extremities doubtless in policy as it is, the present movement for a national health bureau might be viewed with less concern if there was reason to believe it entirely unpredjudiced in spirit. Such is not the case. On the contrary, it cannot be doubted that this agitation is fathered and fostered by certain political clique of the M. A., to be used as another step toward their goal of absolute control of all health regulations and inevitably fall into the clutches of the rapacious public policy of that particular joint could cause disease in the eye. I was allowed considerable time to expound to the jury the osteopathic theory with regard to the lesions I had mentioned in the case. The jury brought in a verdict for the plaintiff.

REPORTS WANTED ON N. P. L.

Supplementing his remarks on insurance companies, in last issue, Dr. O. D. Berry, writer, with Dr. A. V. Brooks, of that city has just handed in a complaint from a lady in New York, stating that the National Life Insurance Company of Waverly, N. Y., has refused to pay a disability claim signed by reputable and licensed osteopath. Dr. Berry has been after the N. P. L. for some months. He has stirred things up so well that they have promised to take the matter up at once.

Dr. Berry requests that all D. O.'s who have had trouble with this company send him full data, by doing so they will help osteopathy and aid in securing recognition. If we bring united influence to bear on these insurance companies carrying on imme care on osteopathic physicians, without prejudice and on the same basis as certificates signed by a reputable physician of any other school.

Osteopath's Expert Testimony Wins Damage Case in Colorado.

May 10th I was called before Judge Lee Champion, of the district court, in the case of Joseph Birodjo vs. Colorado Coal and Mining Co., to bear expert testimony for the plaintiff, who had been injured by the falling in mine. One lesion was at the atlanto-axial articulation, which I considered responsible for the development of a cataract on each eye which at time of trial had rendered the patient almost entirely blind.

Two M. D.'s had examined him before I did, but found very little the matter with him except the cataracts, and they, except a specialist who had also examined him, weren't sure that the injury could have caused the trouble in the eye, notwithstanding he and his family swore he had never had any trouble of the kind prior to the fall.

The attorney for the plaintiff asked me to tell the jury what condition I had found the man in, which I did. He then asked me if I thought the cataracts were the result of the disturbances I had mentioned. I said I did. He told me to explain to the jury how this could be possible, and I gave the expert testimony with which I illustrate, but was denied the use of it. I then drew out of my pocket the two upper vertical cuneiform of a skeleton and asked if I might use them, and the judge consented. I explained to the jury the relation of the two bones, and how a disturbance of the function of that particular joint could cause disease in the eye. I was allowed considerable time to expound to the jury the osteopathic theory with regard to the lesions I had mentioned in the case.

The jury brought in a verdict for the plaintiff.

Page
Dr. John F. Spaunhurst Gets Place on Indiana Medical Board.

A Simon Pure Osteopath Who Does Things.

Governor Marshall of Indiana has conferred a distinction on Dr. John F. Spaunhurst of Indianapolis, in that he is the first osteopath to receive the appointment on the State Board of Medical Registration and Examination. It is the highest official position open to osteopaths, with the gift of the Governor and came to Dr. Spaunhurst as a surprise on May 8th. It is a tribute to the Galena-born physician, whose name is associated with the spirit of independence, and we congratulate both him and the osteopaths of the State.

In regard to the appointment the Indianapolis Sun said: "In vesting Dr. Spaunhurst with appointment on the State Medical Board is further evidence of Governor Marshall's good judgment in selecting men of merit to serve the State. The Governor has acquired a reputation of casting about until he finds men whose fitness he decides for himself, and thus avoids the annoyance of place-hunter's zealots and friends and the influence of voting partisans. In this fashion he selected Dr. Spaunhurst, a man admirable in character, big in heart, full in sympathy, successful in practice and in every way fitted for the position."

Dr. Spaunhurst has come up in life unlike many successful men in their special line of work. He has made his own way since ten years old. This cold world besets his pathway in tender youth with unyielding obstacles, hardships were endured, sacrifices were made, difficulties were met and overcome that would have put a less determined man to failure.

However, the world cares little for a man's struggles; it cares only to rejoice in the final triumph. The price of excellence is great labor, but greater still is the price paid by the pioneer reformer, such as Dr. Spaunhurst. He is a type of manhood sure to win in whatever undertaking. Persistent and insistent toil characterize his career, and he attributes his achievements to his life's motto: "We accomplish what we will to do."

A farm boy at ten, his early education was acquired in the country schools. At seventeen he migrated from his native State, Missouri, to Colorado, where he worked in the pine forests and contracted timbers for the Denver and Rio Grande railroad. After three years he returned to Kirksville, Mo., where he entered the State Normal, and it was while here that he met Miss Harriet Miller, who is now his wife. He alternated teaching and attending school for ten years. Having attended Westminster College, Fulton, Mo., and the Missouri State University, he served as principal and superintendent of some of Missouri's best schools and made an enviable reputation as a disciplinarian and an educator.

Like many other devotees of osteopathy, Dr. Spaunhurst was attracted to it when in search of relief for his wife, whose case had baffled medical skill, and it was this helpful result achieved in her case that interested him. Being from Missouri, he had to be "shown." This led him to make a personal investigation. While he was convinced of merit in osteopathy he was slow to believe that it could stand as an independent school. Today there is no more loyal nor stronger advocate in the profession of the wholeness, the oneness of the osteopathic school.

Dr. Spaunhurst graduated in the June class, 1900, A. S. O., ye scribe having finished in the same month from graduation he was located at 529-30 State Life Building, Indianapolis, from which he has never moved, making his the pioneer osteopathic office in Indianapolis, but the oldest osteopath. He came direct here from the "A. A. O. A." which met at Chatta...
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Dr. George Still Addresses Iowa Osteopaths.

The eleventh annual convention of the Iowa Osteopathic Association was held in the Assembly Hall of Still College of Osteopathy, Des Moines, May 25-26. There was a good attendance and one of the best programs that the association ever listened to was carried out. Steps were taken towards inaugurating a campaign to interest every osteopathic practitioner in the state in securing an Independent Board of Osteopathic Examiners in 1910. Dr. Geo. A. Still was present and delivered an interesting and able lecture on "The Relation of the Present Day Osteopath to Surgery." Offices elected were: President, Dr. U. S. Parish, Storm Lake; first vice-president, Dr. E. B. Caldwell, Des Moines; second vice-president, Dr. G. C. Robertson, Legislative Committee; Dr. T. H. Larrabee, Anita; treasurer, Dr. L. O. Thompson, Red Oak; delegate to A. Council, Dr. J. R. Ballard, Marshalltown; trustees, Dr. C. W. Johnson, Professor of Physiology, R. E. Hamlett, Professor of Bacteriology and Superintendent of Clinical, Still College of Osteopathy; Osteopathic Diseases, Dr. D. A. Ross, Liberty; Osteopathy and Diseases of Old Age, Dr. A. Clifford Brown, Council Bluffs; Relation of the Practitioner to the Association, Dr. J. E. C. Lutrow, Boone; Neuritis, Dr. Kathryn Rideout, Des Moines; The Kidneys, Dr. O. C. Farmer, Onalaska; Some Experiences of an Osteopath, Dr. F. W. Rechly, Guthrie Center. -T. B. Larrabee, D. O., Secretary.

Nebraska D. O.'s at Lincoln.

A meeting of the Nebraska Osteopathic Association was held May 29th at Lincoln. A list of names was made up to present to the governor for his guidance in selecting members of the new State Board of Osteopathy. Some of the papers presented were: "Obstetrics," Dr. J. H. DeForest, South Omaha; "Pelvic Diseases," Dr. Josephine Morlock, Lincoln; "Hemorrhoids," Dr. Orvis S. Meredith, Norfolk; "Osteopathic Principles (Original)," Dr. C. B. Atkin, Omaha.

Defeated But Not Discouraged in Illinois.

The battle of our profession for the independent legal recognition of osteopathy in the State of Illinois has been fought and lost. We think it unnecessary to enter into detail at this time except to say that the medical world with their unseemly misrepresentations, the druggists' association and the "political whip" that was wielded with telling effect upon many of our real friends in the assembly was more than we could overcome. We have no excuses to offer for our defeat. We did the best we could. We know we made many friends for osteopathy, who in the future will aid us, and the favorable sentiment created for osteopathy over the entire state is inexcusable for our good, individually and collectively. We wish to heartily thank you for your efforts and advice during the campaign. A more detailed account of the fight will be made at the state meeting, which will be held soon, and you will be notified of the time and place. At this meeting should be determined our future policy, so let us urge you to be present at the state meeting.-Fred W. Gage, D. O., J. D. Cunningham, D. O., James H. Sullivan, D. O., Legislative Committee; E. M. Browne, D. O., President; Dr. D. O. Robertson, Secretary.

Kentucky Osteopaths Discuss Legislation.

The Kentucky Osteopathic Association held its annual meeting on May 21st in the Smith Nixon Building, Louisville. The morning was given up to business and the afternoon to a lecture by Dr. William Smith on Obstetrics. Kentucky osteopaths are beginning to make preparations for a legislative fight which they hope to make in the near future, and most of the business session was devoted to that work. The lecture by Dr. Smith in the afternoon was very highly appreciated, and was both practical and interesting. In the evening he delivered his lecture "Obstetrics and the History of" to an appreciative audience. Officers elected were: President, Dr. D. C. Robertson, Cincinnati; vice-president, Dr. W. H. Triplett, Ashland; secretary and treasurer, Dr. Martha Petree, Paris; delegate to A. O. A., Dr. R. M. Buckmaster, Lexington; legislative committee, Dr. R. R. Bush, Louisville; Dr. H. H. Carter, Louisville; Dr. J. E. Lail, Lebanon; Dr. H. F. Vanes, Lexington; Dr. Martha Petree, Paris.-Martha Petree, D. O., Secretary.

Arrested on Serious Charge.

Missoula, May 25.—Practicing medicine without a state certificate or license is the charge which led to the arrest here to-day of F. W. Morris, an osteopath well known in Missoula. The complaint was made by County Attorney E. C. Mulroy, the specific charge being that the defendant performed an operation on Mrs. Emma Van Orsdale, Sept. 24, 1908, without being possessed at the time of a proper certificate from the state board of medical examiners.-Anaconda (Mont.) Standard.

Dr. Asa Willard, of Missoula, informs us that Morris is a man of evil reputation. He practices medicine and osteopathy, but has never studied in a reputable professional school. He is charged with a violation of the medicine law, but Dr. Willard has been in touch with the prosecuting attorney in his preparation of the case.
Los Angeles College Students Get Diplomas.


Organize Local Association.

The Tri-City Osteopathic Association is the name of a new osteopathic society organized at Grand Island, Neb. Osteopathy from the city of Kearney, Hastings and Grand Island joined the organization, hence its name. Meetings will be held monthly. The officers elected were: Dr. W. H. Morrisey, Grand Island, president; Dr. E. K. Struble, Hastings, vice-president, and Dr. D. S. Peterson, Kearney, secretary and treasurer.

An Effort in the Right Direction.

The Museum of Safety and Sanitation, 29 W. 35th street, New York City, is an institution the object of which is to show, in so far as possible, the means of devices, or machines in operation, models, photographs and diagrams, how to lessen the annual loss of life and limb through accidents and preventable diseases. In a recent news item they sent out, they say:

As a result of the almost bloodless conflict with Spain, the actual hostilities of which last ed less than six weeks, the United States paid in 1905 2,471,253 in pensions, with assurance of an annual increase for many years to come. The rolls of the Pension Office to-day bear the names of 24,000 pensioners, over 15,000 of whom are invalids and survivors of this war. More than 18,000 additional claims are now pending, although the total of the Cuban army of invasion was only 20,000 men. In 1897 the United States paid in pensions a total of $14,000,000. For 1908 the appropriation was increased to $155,000,000.

In all the wars in which the United States has engaged it has been responsible for more than one-half of which could have easily been prevented through organization and preparedness. Preventable disease, more than wounds, swells the pension list. Statistics of the Pension Office prove that if this unnecessary loss had been avoided in the millions alone, would have saved the cost of the resulting war every twenty-five years. Aside from the sorrow of the homes made desolate, consider the economic value of the 70 per cent of lives now uselessly sacrificed that might be saved as bread winners in industrial pursuits.

Atlas Reunion at Minneapolis.

Arrangements are being made for a big Atlas reunion at Minneapolis in August. Dr. W. T. Howard, of the A. O. senior class, is a member of the committee who will look after the affair. He will be located in Minneapolis and this has the advantage of being right on the ground.

"Red Hot" Discussions Desired.

The South Dakota Osteopathic Association will hold its regular meeting at Watertown, June 10th. A very good program has been prepared, and as the announcement states, members are invited to come loaded with enthusiasm for red-hot discussions. Some of the numbers on the program are: "What Does Original Research Mean to Us?", and "How We Best Accomplish It?" "Education of Our Members, of the Public, of the Profession at Large, Our Failures—What Are They? And Where is the Solution? What's the Matter? Can We Speed Up Our Present Pace? What Legislation is Needed and What is the Best Plan to Get It?"

Pennsylvania Board Appointed.

Governor Edward S. Stuart, of Pennsylvania, has announced his appointments for members of the new state board of osteopathic examiners. Three years, Mr. O. J. Ryder, Philadelphia; two years, Mr. John F. Downing, Scranton, and Dr. V. W. Peck, Pittsburgh. One year

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A S. O. Alumni Meeting at Minneapolis.

The eight annual meeting of the Kansas Osteopathic Alumni was held at the National Hotel, Topeka, May 25th and 26th. Mayor Green gave the convention a very hearty welcome, turning over to us the key of the City. J. L. McClelland, Paola, made a response, which was followed by a very interesting program on Tuesday evening and everybody did justice to the sec­ond day. The convention has had, but look forward to a better meeting next year.

Officers elected were: President, Dr. J. R. Rigler, Top­eka; Secretary-treasurer, Dr. George E. Graham, Tope­ka; Vice-president, Dr. H. E. Greene, Topeka; J. H. E. Hume, Topeka; H. E. Stewart, Austin, Texas; and Dr. H. E. Wilkins, Lawrence, Kan.


The next annual meeting will be in Topeka—G. B. Wolf, D. O., Sec'y.

Missing Link Discovered?
Dr. Tucker is reported to have been on a still hunt for a year and a half and to have at last discovered it—a bona-fide. He has promised to give a paper on this discovery before the Pennsylvania Osteopathic Association at Harrisburg, June 26th.

Texas Convention.

The tenth annual meeting of the Texas Osteopathic Association was held May 25th and 26th. The keynote was: "App­pendicitis," Dr. A. D. Ray; "Tuberculosis of the Lung," Dr. E. C. Hunter; "Diagnosis and Technique of Innominate Lesions," Dr. George J. Berg, Laredo, Tex.; "Minor Surgery from an Osteo­pathic Standpoint," Dr. W. W. Johnson, Fort Worth; "Scar­let Fever," Dr. Samuel L. Southard, Fort Worth; and "Grippe," Dr. F. M. Godfrey, Fort Worth.

In all, there were thirty-five papers in the program, which, judging by the reports, was a good one.

the matter and the local paper devoted considerable space to the report of the investigation.

The Young Osteopathic Alumnists

The sixteenth annual meeting of the American Osteopathic Association, in Minneapolis, the A. O. Alumni will devote one evening to a reunion and banquet. The exact time of this banquet will be announced later in the profession. All alumni will meet by bus at the hotel during the convention. However it will be held early in the evening.

Begin to make your preparations now to attend the reunion and the banquet. The entire meeting is expected to consist of the officers of the different societies indicating that the reunion will be largely attended, as it is generally conceded that they will present a very able and interesting program of the convention. It will be of interest to all alumni, wherever you are, to participate in the reunion. You want to have a reunion, the reunion will be largely attended. It is for the old-timers to get back together again, as it was the intention of the Alumni to drive the profession-also the profession will be greatly attended.

The Osteopathic Physician

Dr. L. E. Brenz,
T. J. WILHELM.
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Begin to make your preparations now to attend the reunion and the banquet. The entire meeting is expected to consist of the officers of the different societies indicating that the reunion will be largely attended, as it is generally conceded that they will present a very able and interesting program of the convention. It will be of interest to all alumni, wherever you are, to participate in the reunion. You want to have a reunion, the reunion will be largely attended. It is for the old-timers to get back together again, as it was the intention of the Alumni to drive the profession-also the profession will be greatly attended.
California Osteopaths Have Great Meeting.

California Dr. O.'s gathered in force at San Francisco, May 25th and 26th, for the annual convention. A most interesting and enjoyable time was experienced. A launch ride and entertainment at Point Loma and a banquet at Hotel del Coronado were social features that created much much good humor. The program in part was as follows: "Osteopathy's Noble in Preventive Medicine," Dr. J. Levoy Near, Berkeley; "Symposium on Nutrition and Accommodation," Dr. D. L. Tasker, Los Angeles; "Practical Suggestions and Illustrations in Orthopedics," Dr. R. D. Emory, Los Angeles; "Symposium on Tuberculosis," which was opened by Dr. D. C. Farnham, San Francisco; "Effect of Tuberculosis Basili and Their Detection," Dr. H. H. Whiting, Los Angeles; "Practical Experience with Tuberculosis," Dr. A. H. Marstak, Los Angeles; Dr. D. H. Elliott, San Diego; Dr. S. D. Cooper, San Francisco, and Dr. R. F. Miller, Los Angeles; "Cancer cidotherapy," Dr. S. F. Menchak, Oakland; "The Blood of Neurasthenics," Dr. L. Burns, Los Angeles; Dr. H. W. Forbes, Dr. T. J. Ruddly, Dr. C. H. Spence, Dr. R. W. Bowling, Los Angeles; "Practical X-Ray Diagnosis and Therapy," Dr. A. H. Shaw, Los Angeles. The officers elected were: President, Dr. J. C. Rule, Stockton; first vice-president, F. O. Edwards, Pacific Grove; second vice-president, Dr. C. E. Pierce, Ukiah; secretary, Dr. F. E. York, San Francisco; treasurer, Dr. L. R. Daniels, Sacramento.

In Self Protection.

The class of 1885 A. S. O. is preparing to have a good time at the convention in August, Dr. George Tull, of Indianapolis, in his announcement, "A Quiet Personal Conversation on the Side," says it's going to be a dandy. A resolution was passed that the medical profession pay to the convention, then if necessary the Twin City osteopaths will pay their way back to get rid of them.

June "O. H." Popular Supply Runs Short
July Just as Good

Don't Miss It.

The June "O. H." was sold out on the 5th of the month. Many were disappointed in not getting a supply. The July number, now on delivery, is a dandy issue. It will sell, we feel sure, just as rapidly as the June number. The moral of it is: Get your orders in early.

The summer is now with us and many people are on the move for vacations. Many D. O.'s also are taking well-earned rest. This leaves plenty of work for the practitioner who by force of circumstances or duty is compelled to stay behind. The doctor who remains in the field is entitled to a reward in the way of satisfactory practice. It can be gotten, too, by a little judicious advertising. Bear in mind the prospective patients are scattered over a wider area, and select a mailing list covering a broad territory.

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What tends to check elimination of reactions retard circulation.

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The Osteopathic Physician

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Dr. "RunJ"

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PERSONAL.
Dr. Ernest C. White, formerly of Watertown, N. Y., is now located in Paris, France, rue des Capucines.
Dr. W. F. Crawford, of San Francisco, has gone to the mountains, where he expects to spend the summer.
Dr. W. J. Seaman, of Huntington, W. Va., recently accepted a position on the staff of the Huntington Hospital.
Dr. L. T. Groves, of Seattle, Wash., has been elected secretary of the new State Board of Medical Examiners.
Dr. W. J. Dillon, of New York City, is spending the summer in France. He is stopping at the Hotel Regina, Paris.
Dr. Gertrude Lord Gates, of Portland, Ore., has associated with her now as assistant, Dr. Elbridge Tracy Parker, formerly of the Motion Picture in the city.
Dr. J. A. Townsend, of Fitzgerald, Ga., expects to spend several months in Greenville, Ohio, where he will use his large steamers plying between Chicago and Ogdenburg, N. Y.
Dr. E. J. Bartolomeo, of 161 State St., Chicago, who is mailing a circular, calling attention to diseases caused by defective vision, which will not do so to anyone who has trouble with their eyes, and also practitioners, who make a specialty of the eye.
Dr. H. D. Bowers, of Newberg, Oregon, has a two-cent circular, "Osteopathy and Chemistry" in the Newberg Graphic, of May 15th. The article is given space on the front page. It contains a number of quotations from both osteopathic and medical writers.
Dr. Fred Bischoff has decided to give up his Waukegan practice and take an office in the Trade Bldg., Chicago. It is expected that many of his patients will visit him there. Dr. A. J. Weber, a recent graduate of the A. S. O., will take charge of Dr. Bischoff's practice in Waukegan.
Dr. J. H. Cruickshank, of Atlanta, Ga., is in charge of the state legislative committee. Ten years ago he published a bill legalizing osteopathy, which was defeated by 96 to 5 in the House, and 102 to 19 in the Senate. But the Governor vetoed it. Dr. Cruickshank says it's time there's a Whiting fight this time.
Dr. George McLaughlin performed a successful operation for congenital dislocation of the hip on a little girl, Elizabeth Kuegger, May 14th. Her parents had expected to take her to Chicago, but were persuaded to go to Kirksville, by Mrs. Lydia H. Holmes, who is a senior student at the A. S. O.
Dr. S. S. Stull, of Des Moines, left May 2nd, on a western trip to look after some business interests in the way of timber claims, etc. He will be gone a few weeks. Dr. Ella D. Still advises us that they have not moved to Seattle, and were perturbed to go to Kirksville, by Mrs. Lydia H. Holmes, who is a senior student at the A. S. O.
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