

# **The Osteopathic Physician**

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# The Osteopathic Physician

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Number 2

## Central College of Osteopathy Dedicates a New \$30,000 Building

ON January 31st, the Central College of Osteopathy, Kansas City, Missouri, formally opened the doors of its new \$30,000 building, and two hundred students and visitors gathered in the auditorium to hear dedicatory exercises.

Despite adverse conditions and circumstances, our osteopathic institutions are forging ahead, and the profession has reason to be proud of the substantial progress and development that has been made by the Central College.

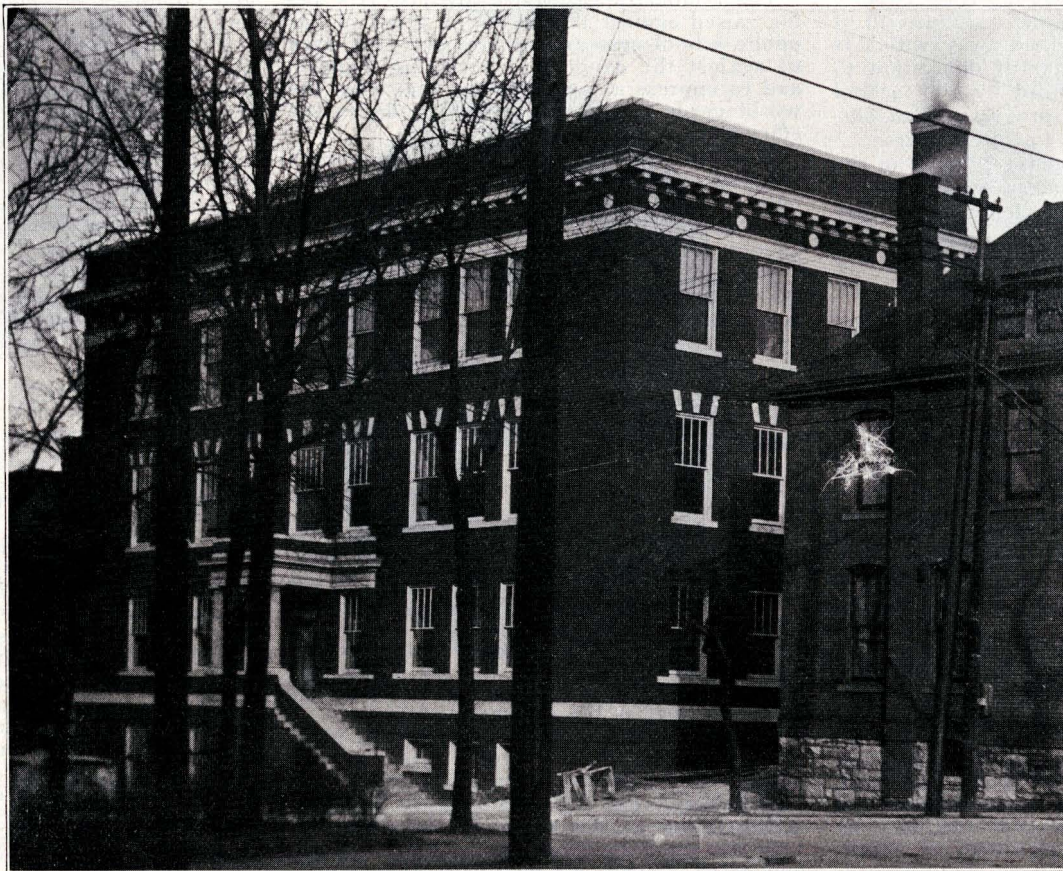
We reproduce herewith, a photograph of the building, which, however, does not show it to advantage. It is a substantial three-story building of brick, with stone trimmings, with a frontage of 40 feet by 80 feet deep. In the basement there are eight clinic rooms, a large storage room and the heating plant. On the first floor are eleven clinic rooms for treatment, two reception rooms and two office rooms. The auditorium and auditorium annex are located on the second floor and have a seating capacity of 200. These rooms are to be used also for class work. The second floor also provides two large class rooms, with preparation and examining room connecting. Any one of the four rooms on the second floor may be used for clinics and demonstrations.

On the third floor there are five large rooms, namely: the chemistry room, with 48 lockers; the laboratory room; the projectoscopic room; the amphitheatre, and the dissection and recitation room.

Ten years ago the Central College of Osteopathy existed only in the minds of a few Kansas City osteopaths. Conscientious, unostentatious endeavor, buoyed by sincere hope to accomplish work worthy of osteopathy, extending over a decade, has resulted in the old building with its small rooms becoming entirely inadequate and the erection of this fine new building fully equipped to meet the needs of a progressive osteopathic college.

The college is enjoying excellent support from the local profession, about a score of Kansas City osteopaths being directly connected with and interested in the college.

At the dedicatory exercises on January 31st, Dr. J. W. Hofsess, president of the Central College, made an address, outlining the development of osteopathy, and Mr. J. W. Perry, president



New Building of the Central College of Osteopathy, Kansas City, Missouri.

of the Southwest National Bank of Commerce, spoke on what osteopathy has accomplished. Dr. A. L. McKenzie spoke on "The Breadth of Osteopathy," and the Rev. J. B. Hunley, pastor of Ivanhoe Park Christian church, spoke on the healing science in general, and osteopathy as one of its factors.

A cordial invitation is extended to osteopaths visiting Kansas City to call and inspect the college and become acquainted with its officials.

According to a newspaper dispatch, Representative Green, of the Iowa legislature, has introduced a bill adding a course of osteopathy to the curriculum of the state university and providing for three teachers of the science.

## Perils of Osteopathy

By Harry M. Ireland, D. O., of Des Moines Still College.\*

I HAVE been asked to address you upon the subject, "Perils of Osteopathy." I am glad to avail myself of this opportunity to express to you my ideas of the dangers which confront us; because I feel that it is of prime importance to us at present.

The "Perils of Osteopathy" is a particularly perilous topic for discussion because of the conflicting ideas of what constitutes a menace

to our science; so that when I make mention of certain things which to me appear as perils, I suspect that there will be among you equally sincere thinkers who will hold an opposing view. I wish to direct your attention to general conditions and not to local perils which vary with the community.

Every new system of thought, every new institution and every new government has had to meet opposition and face perils which threatened its very existence. The fact then that we have perils is not remarkable. And that these perils are quite similar to those affecting other systems is rather to be expected.

On close analysis we find this to be true so it might be well to review the history of some institutions to see if we can draw any deductions from the manner in which difficulties were met and the outcome of measures adopted.

The early perils of the pioneers in this country were from without, taking the form of oppression of the mother country, or dangers from beast and the elements and the Indians, who in their ravages destroyed the fields and flocks, massacring the defenseless inhabitants. These, with epidemic disease, were the early perils; all of them coming from without. The settlers banded together to fight the common foe and no peril of great significance arose from within until a later period of development, when slavery became a menace to the united growth of the country

\*Address delivered before the Seventh District Osteopathic Association at Des Moines, October 26th.



and was suppressed. We no longer fear the foe without; although even at the present time there are external perils to be met, we do not view them with serious apprehension. Expressing himself upon the dangers which threaten national existence, Lincoln has beautifully said:

"Whence shall the approach of danger come? Not from without! All the armies of Europe, Asia and Africa, with all the treasuries of these countries combined and with a Napoleon to lead them could not take a drink of water from the Ohio river or make a track to the Blue Ridge mountains by force in a trial of a thousand years. If, therefore, danger comes it must come from amongst us. If we are to be destroyed we must be the authors and finishers of our own destruction. As a nation of free men we will either live forever or die of suicide."

Our forefathers met external perils with a sturdy courage backed by honest convictions of a true purpose and won. The perils which threaten our nation are of our own making and can be summed up largely in such terms as avarice, greed, dishonesty, abuse of power, class or caste rule.

To get at a closer comparison let us look at the history of the dominant medical school. Advancement was retarded for years by opposition to dissection and vivisection. There was religious and political opposition because of the superstition of the age. Opposition of this sort is now largely done away with. It is true that there is plenty of opposition to many of the ideas advanced by this school but this peril to medical progress is an outcome of the activities of its own members.

The perils of medicine today arise from the manner in which its members conduct themselves, not from outside interference, and they arise from the same traits of character that threaten our nation—avarice, greed, bigotry because of power, class rule, dishonesty, insincerity.

Among them all insincerity is of most importance. It has its incipency in the obscured prescription. Deceit in prescribing a placebo may easily lead to deceit elsewhere. Empiracy in the use of drugs has a trend in the same direction. Indefiniteness of knowledge of the effects of drugs must lead to indefiniteness in explanation of their benefits; this is followed unconsciously by small deceits which lower self-respect and prostitute the moral nature.

The medical school has labored diligently to establish by experimentation the truth of its theories regarding the causation of disease. The difficulty in its progress is not then due to lack of application, but that they are seeking by experiment to maintain a position already taken rather than by deduction from results of experiment, establishing a scientific basis of thought. No system can be built up and maintained with deceit at its foundation or without a firm basis of truth. If there is truth in the foundation of medicine the only way in which its practice can ever be destroyed is by the prostitution of its practitioners.

Another of the perils of medicinal practice is the increase in numbers of its own practitioners and those from other schools. This is not distinctly a menace to the school of medicine, but to the pocketbook of the practitioner. By falling before the goddess of greed, then, the medical profession has sought to cure these ills with restrictive laws and raising their standards of matriculation in the schools.

What are the results? Advertising for the newer schools, accompanied by a more rapid growth, and the establishment eventually of a text-book aristocracy of medicine. No institution or country has ever survived with an aristocracy alone. The most impractical people in the world are those who have spent their lives in text books rather than rubbing elbows with their fellows.

The perils of osteopathy, then, at the present time, are largely within our own ranks. Although threatened from without with unjust laws and by absorption of our methods by other schools of practice, and open opposition by our medical friends, I consider these, from the histories just rehearsed, as of minor importance though needing constant attention.

The real pressing, insistent, perils of osteopathy lie within the profession. The low matriculation requirements for entrance into osteopathic schools is of only relative importance as a menace to our progress.

We all admire the cultured man for his intellectual attainments; and he is very desirable as a standard bearer for osteopathy, but not to the exclusion of those less fortunate in text-book knowledge but whose minds are capable of development. Our country is such a heterogeneous mass of nationalities, with such a variety of social states, that, in my opinion, it would be folly upon our part to deprive these various classes of a physician who understands their vernacular and who can gain their confidence by mutual understandings, even though he has not worked his way through the text-book curriculum of a college or university.

The remonstrances which are just now being raised against the text-book grind of our public school system ought to serve to warn us against the dangers of becoming bookish, and to impress us with the fact that what the world needs is not educational prodigies but efficient workmen.

Here, then, lie the real perils of osteopathy in efficiency and insincerity. We are not only in imminent danger of falling into the snare of the medical men, empiracy, but are already being entangled in its meshes.

The foundation of osteopathy is based upon the statement that the body is able to maintain itself in a condition of health when all of its parts are in their proper relation, and that disease is a result of interference with normal blood and nerve supply to any part.

If this statement be a truth and a law of nature then no power under heaven can shake it. The only way then in which we can destroy ourselves is in drifting away from this principle. This we are slowly doing.

Early in our history it was taught that interference with nervous or vascular tissues was due largely to the direct pressure exerted upon them by bone when in a subluxated position.

We found later, clinically, that although laboring earnestly to do so, we could not always replace a diagnosed subluxation, but that nevertheless the patient improved.

McConnell helped us to rearrange our ideas by his experiments on dogs. Now we are stating our position in a little different manner, namely, that the inflammatory products accumulating at this region as result of injury are the cause of pressure upon vessel and nerve. Hence we may have disease produced without there being necessarily a noticeable luxation of the bony tissues. The greater difficulty in diagnosing this condition than that of the bony subluxation has led many practitioners to doubt its existence and to arrive at the conclusion that we either get our results by the psychological route or that there is no definite law governing the action of lesions and that probably a large part of our results are due to stimulation or inhibition. Hence he falls into the habit of giving a stimulating or inhibiting treatment or a general one; is liable to become insincere and eventually a grafter.

Because of the revulsion of feeling against the use of medicines he is able to secure a remunerative practice, but the time is upon us when we must, in the vernacular, "show our hand." Of course, even the practice of

mechanical stimulation and inhibition is superior to the chemical method, but differs from medical teaching only in the emphasis that is laid upon it as a method of relief.

It offers no satisfactory excuse for a separate school of medicine.

Our only hope of maintaining our individuality lies in the fact that we look upon the causation of disease from an entirely different point of view than the medical school. If we lose sight of this, then our doom is sealed—we will become a part of the great medical octopus.

I am unalterably opposed to "stand-patism" anywhere. Because our predecessors stated that subluxated bone exerts direct pressure on the sources of nutrition to body cells is no excuse for our maintaining this fallacious statement. Let us not get married to an unproven idea. We can never advance by withholding truth when it is once discovered. Let us then uphold the principle that underlies our practice by a clearer statement of the pathology of the lesion as viewed in the light of more definite investigation.

Let us not blindly stumble into this pitfall of medical progress. Let us shape our ideas according to new knowledge obtained and not make the knowledge secured fit into our preconceived ideas and theories.

This, then, brings us to a peril in the teaching of osteopathy. We are tending more each year to follow in the path of the medical school.

We are paying too much attention to non-essentials and not enough to the essential osteopathic principles.

In our mania for securing good grades and passing state boards we neglect practical essentials.

The instructor doubtless tires of the constant reiteration of osteopathic thought, but I have never yet found a student who has had too much osteopathy.

As a proof that my deductions are correct let me cite you to our case records.

Why is it difficult to get case reports? There are two answers: First, lack of time or interest; second, and most common, lack of definite knowledge of what constitutes a lesion, and the ability to diagnose it.

It is a little difficult to describe a condition which you do not understand, hence no case records are forthcoming. Of the case records on file, upon careful reading, how many would you accept as a good basis upon which you could build in diagnosing and treating your cases? For the majority of them I would not give a dollar per basket full.

When we say that a certain lesion can be adjusted by a particular method and then proceed to adjust it in every person present, ailing or healthy, by producing a popping sound in some joint, we expose our insincerity, stultify our own conscience, lose our self-respect and merit the ridicule and disapproval of the public.

To recapitulate: Our perils are no different than those faced by any new institutions. And at this time the ones of prime importance are from within our own ranks.

No institution can be built and thrive upon falsehood.

No institution can be permanently crushed which is built upon a demonstrable truth.

The only way in which we can maintain our individuality is by firmly grasping the essential point in our system, the osteopathic lesion.

To lose sight of these points is to invite the real peril of osteopathy.

A bill has been introduced in the Indiana state legislature by Senator Lamont, providing for state recognition of chiropractors.



# Officials of Osteopathic Organizations

Dr. Baughman is the newly elected president of the Indiana Osteopathic Association. He is a true-blue osteopath, and an out-and-out progressive and believes in bringing osteopathy to the front, and establishing for it the legal recognition to which it is entitled. Dr. Baughman has gone on record as in favor of an independent osteopathic board for Indiana, and he hopes during his administration, to accomplish this desirable end, or at least to so forward the preliminary work and foundation that it may be brought to a satisfactory conclusion next year. Indiana is a great state and it should be a stronghold for osteopathic progress and development, and it is to be hoped that our practitioners of the state will rally to the support of Dr. Baughman in his laudable ambition to put Indiana among the states where osteopathy is recognized as an independent school of practice, with full rights and privileges accorded to its practitioners, and every opportunity for growth and development as it is able to prove its worth to the public.



Dr. J. H. Baughman, of Connersville, Indiana.

year, and later, when the school was removed to Buffalo, was its secretary. He resigned that office to devote his time to active practice in his home town.

Dr. Waldo is one of the later graduates in osteopathy, but he thoroughly believes that only through associations can osteopathy grow and reach the heights to which its merits entitle it. He graduated from the American School of Osteopathy in 1910, and was elected president of the King County Osteopathic Association of Seattle in 1911. Several new members have been added to the roll since he took charge of the office. Dr. Waldo was president of his class in 1910 and was the first National president of the Iota Tau Sigma fraternity.

Dr. Thawley is president of the Illinois Osteopathic Association and is putting lots of enthusiasm and energy into his work. He was a trustee of the same association in 1911, but the members thought that he was the right



Dr. William E. Waldo, of Seattle, Washington.



Dr. Edgar D. Heist, of Berlin, Ontario.



Dr. Edgar Quigley Thawley, of Peoria, Illinois.

man for the presidency, so elected him in that office and relieved him of the duties of trustee. Dr. Thawley is a stalwart osteopath and believes in keeping himself thoroughly up-to-date as regards the scientific and practical sides of his work. He graduated from the A. O. S. in June, 1902, and immediately took up the summer course in dissecting. He attended the special review week course at the A. O. S. hospital 1909-1910, and during the summer of 1911 put in two months of special diagnostic work at the Jefferson Park Hospital, Chicago. Devoting his time to special study and to the interest of the profession has not proved detrimental to Dr. Thawley's home affairs or to the business side of practice. He has a happy family, of which he is very proud, a fine residence, a Cadillac car and a lucrative practice.

Dr. Heist is one of the very active association workers, having been secretary of the Ontario Association of Osteopathy continuously since its founding. He is a member of the Publicity Committee of the American Osteopathic Association, and was elected a three-year trustee of that organization at the Detroit convention. He is also chairman of the State Secretaries Conference which was organized at Detroit, and which has for its object, the unification of all state organizations and increasing the efficiency of the various secretaries. Dr. Heist was born and raised in Berlin, where he has practiced continuously since 1902. He became interested in osteopathy in the days when the old Atlantic School of Osteopathy was organized by Dr. Mathews and Dr. Hook. He graduated with them and taught anatomy for over a

## A Warning Against "Mixing"

**S**PEAKING on "The Future of Osteopathy" at the third annual banquet of the Massachusetts Osteopathic Society held at the Copley Square Hotel, Boston, January 4th, Dr. George W. Goode, of Boston, said: In countries where there has been a union of church and state it has been fatal to the best interests of the people. So will be the amalgamation of osteopathy with drugs. The future of osteopathy rests in the hands of its practitioners. Are we drifting away from the principles set forth by our venerable founder Dr. Andrew Taylor Still? It seems as if we were. We are mixing too much. It is better to know one book fairly well than to have a smattering of many books. Prof. Sedgwick of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology says, "that we have too many text books today on science." That is, they are not worth the paper they are written on. They are diversified. "It is better," he says, "to know one book well and not scatter our thoughts too much, but to concentrate." That is what I say about osteopathy. Let us hew to the line and practice osteopathy. Let us be bony lesion osteopaths. Stick to it. Our future depends on the kind of osteopathy we practice. Not long ago a patient went to one of our well known practitioners and a graduate of the parent school, for neuritis. He was treated osteopathically and then given codeine to alleviate the pain. The patient informed the doctor that if he wanted medicine he could go to his neighbor and friend, the medical examiner of Middlesex county. He believed that medicine was safer in his physician's hands than in the osteopath's. I

agree with him. The medical examiner of this county (Suffolk) has said within a short time that too many osteopaths were giving drugs and that the future of osteopathy was doomed; that the medical profession would take over the best things in osteopathy and practice them. On the western coast of our country a well known physician has given to the world a book known as Spondyletherapy, which is a steal on osteopathy. This book is to enlighten the medical profession on mechanical methods of treatment and it has run through two editions. In our own ranks there is an osteopath in one of the middle western states that has published a book, which he has sold broadcast to the medical profession for their enlightenment. This book is now in its third edition. Not long ago an osteopath in this city was visited by a lady for a stiff neck. He treated her more than an hour and then gave her three prescriptions. She did not have them filled, but subsequently was treated by an osteopath who gives no medicine. Another osteopath in this city treated a young man 20 years old for rheumatism. He gave exhaustive treatment three times per week for several months and prescribed a patent medicine. In the hands of an osteopath who is not a mixer the boy got well. I simply cite these incidents to show you we have among us those who are not living up to the principles as laid down by our founder. I have no fault to find with the practitioners using all the adjuncts necessary to heal the sick for we have as much right as the practitioners of other schools to use them.

In conclusion I would admonish you to learn the principles of osteopathy, learn to diagnose osteopathically,

correct the lesions osteopathically and results will surely follow.

Herein lies the future of osteopathy.

## True Often Enough.

Two old fellows were talking at a seaside sanitarium about their ailments. "My doctor," said the first, "wanted to operate on me, but the consulting surgeon vetoed it." "Vetoed it, eh? Why?" said the second, as he watched a fishing boat rocking on the blue waves. "He considered," was the answer, "that I wasn't wealthy enough to stand such a serious and difficult operation."—*Philadelphia North American.*

## Would Come in Time.

"Sorry, Brown," said the doctor, after the examination, according to the Philadelphia Record, "you're in a very serious condition. I'm afraid I'll have to operate on you." "Operate?" gasped Brown. "Why, I haven't any money for operations. I'm only a poor workingman." "You're insured, are you not?" "Yes, but I don't get that until I'm dead." "Oh, that'll be all right," said the doctor, consolingly.

Before marriage it takes several reams of notepaper for a man to express his love, but after marriage he always seems to think that he can express the whole thing in one line on a check.



## We are Both Working for the Same End

**YOU**, doctor, by your strict physical examinations must discover the appalling prevalence of spinal troubles and diseases. In your practice, adapted to giving efficient aid in all such cases, doubtless you have discovered the need of some practical appliance designed on scientific principles, as a substitute for the old, cumbersome and painful Plaster, Leather and Starch Jackets, as an adjunct to your treatment of spinal deformities.

We have such an appliance. We ask you to carefully consider our claims of excellence and effectiveness for

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We hope also to interest you in our plan of co-operation with you in reducing the enormous total of sufferers from Spinal troubles which are producing a generation of hunchbacks and cripples. Write to us.

PHILO BURT MFG. CO. 141 2nd St., Jamestown, N. Y.



### A Sincere Letter and a Frank Answer

The following correspondence is an example of what is doubtless the state of affairs in the inmost hearts of a number of young osteopaths just out of college. These are genuine letters and the writers would be grateful for further advice.

**DEAR DOCTOR:** I want to write plainly my views and plans and ask for your "unbiased" advice. I am going to write as I think and feel, and I hope you will write as you honestly feel and give your whole-hearted advice.

My ambition is to become a physician, and on this I am determined if it takes me one year or a life time just to qualify as such. In your specialty, Orthopedics, you are gradually drifting away from the practice of manipulating everybody osteopathically—that is to say, you probably will eventually. Now, I have observed that the majority of the more intelligent osteopaths have that tendency to gradually specialize in something or else to matriculate in a medical school. Now why this tendency? Has osteopathy seen its best days, or in order to have dignity must one also have the M. D. degree? To tell the truth I have been somewhat ashamed to be classed as an osteopath with certain members of the profession, but I also realize that ignorant people are not wholly confined to the osteopathic profession. If you were to start life anew, would you study in a medical or an osteopathic school? If you had not been a pioneer, do you think that your success would have been greater or less than if you were a graduate in and practicing medicine of the old school? In order to succeed I must have "the courage of my convictions," and I would like to be advised honestly and forcibly. Do you think that being an osteopath and being looked upon as a second rater is an objectionable feature which you would like to overcome? I only bring these questions up because I want to put my mind at rest and decide on my future. If I find that I cannot be convinced that I will be proud to practice as an osteopath only, I shall try to commence my medical course next fall. Upon graduating I should work heartily for the cause I most believe in—osteopathy or allopathy, and, believe me, I should work heartily and with all the energy and fire of a Napoleon for the cause which I espoused.—Respectfully, J. U. S. T., Graduated D. O.

Dear Doctor: I have read your letter carefully several times. I am very glad you write this way and that you are determined to settle this matter from the ground up. This is the spirit which I want you to show. Enthusiasm and determination are the most important things in career building. Your determination to become a physician and your enthusiasm over osteopathy are the two things which will absolutely assure your triumph.

You ask why the medical tendency in osteopathy. Osteopathy has *not* seen its best days. One does *not* need the M. D. degree. In fact, I consider the M. D. degree an injury rather than a benefit. We all want knowledge and skill and hospital experience. But we want these as osteopaths, not M. D.'s. Medical tendencies and the M. D. degree are the evils which threaten the future of osteopathy. Osteopathy is a revolutionary movement in the healing art. Its very life and success depends upon its maintenance of revolutionary characteristics. Osteopathy swallowed, digested and assimilated into the practice of medicine would soon become one of a hundred more or less ignored specialties; and the name, the art, the science and the skill would be doomed to oblivion in a generation.

You write that you have been ashamed to be classed with certain particular osteopaths, but you also admit that you realize that ignorant people are not wholly confined to the osteopathic profession. That is true. A few ignorant osteopaths may easily cause such a feeling on your part because you are brought into intimate personal contact with them, while in reality they are so few and so insignificant that they are not conspicuous to the general public—in fact are completely lost in the great mass of ignorant medical doctors and other professional men. Inadequate preliminary education is a handicap inseparable from the founding of any new school of practice, and osteopathy suffers no more from this than homeopathy did half a century ago and the older school did before that. Instead of nourishing the wound, let us enthuse with pride over the wonderful way in which we are correcting this error. Let us point with applause to the increased entrance requirements in our colleges, to the fourth year course, to the post-graduate course, to the extension of legislative regulation, and, last but not least, to the splendid personnel which is being built up now by the infusion into

our ranks of an army of scholarly young osteopaths, well grounded and well trained in general education.

You asked me if I were to start life anew would I study in a medical or an osteopathic school. My answer is *osteopathic!* By this reply I mean, not that I do not want much infinitely valuable knowledge obtainable in the medical schools and procurable in the hospitals through the medical schools, which we must frankly admit we cannot get in all of our schools now, but because I regard it as practically impossible for a young man to spend four years in a medical school without having first gone to an osteopathic college, and not become fatally inoculated with the psychology of medication and the ethics deadly to original thinking or to any procedure outside of the jurisdiction of the dominant school.

I look forward with absolute confidence to a near future when osteopathy may easily procure in any of our own institutions all of the instructions and actual hospital experience which they should have. But for those of us who are here today, we know that most of our colleges do not provide sufficiently for instruction in some of the specialties and for actual hospital work on acute disease and surgical conditions. Consequently we must get these elsewhere. But instead of getting them with the M. D. degree, I most earnestly advise that we select those particular courses we need and take them *without* the taint of medication.

You asked me if I would like to overcome the "objectionable" feature of being looked upon as a "second rater" because I am an osteopath instead of a physician. *I do not admit that this is a fact.* This country is flooded with second, third, and fourth rate physicians, the majority of whom cannot make a living and do not have the respect of their community. Osteopaths do have the greatest respect of everybody, except their avowed enemies, the medical men who remain purposely ignorant, or who are absolutely dishonest in their insincerity, together with their following in the laity.—Sincerely, R. K. Smith, D. O.

### A Study of Male Vitality From the Osteopathic Viewpoint, a Splendid Book of Great Value to Osteopathic Physicians

**T**HIS book, by Dr. Orren E. Smith, is a work intended to instruct men concerning their own sexual life.

The subject is handled in a scientific way, and discusses, technically, the principles underlying sexual vitality.

The method of diagnosing the causes of sexual weakness, used by the osteopathic physicians, leads naturally to different methods of treatment than those adopted by old school physicians. Osteopathic physicians can make this book of incalculable value to themselves in connection with their practice if they will become familiar with it and recommend it to their male patients.

Some osteopathic physicians who have purchased and endorsed this book are: Dr. A. G. Hildreth, Dr. Franklin Fiske, Dr. Eliza Edwards, Dr. George J. Helmer, Dr. M. E. Clark, Dr. H. I. Richardson, Dr. L. I. Knapp, Dr. K. T. Vyverberg, Dr. Nelson Beam, Dr. Sophronia Rosebrook, Dr. C. H. Ervin, Dr. W. H. Ivie, Dr. F. E. Moore, Dr. E. D. Heist, Dr. C. M. T. Hulett, Dr. Pauline R. Mantle, Dr. D. C. Farnam, Dr. T. C. Morris, Dr. Asa Willard, Dr. W. C. Dawes, Dr. L. L. Haight, and Dr. A. S. Craig.

This work is a credit to osteopathic literature. It should be in the reference library of every osteopathic practitioner and an extra copy should be at hand in each office for the purpose of loaning to interested patients. Under a special arrangement with The Osteopathic Publishing Company the work is offered for the first time at a reduced price. The entire available edition is limited, and on account of its intrinsic merit and its real value to osteopathic physicians as a practical help in practice, and in appreciation of



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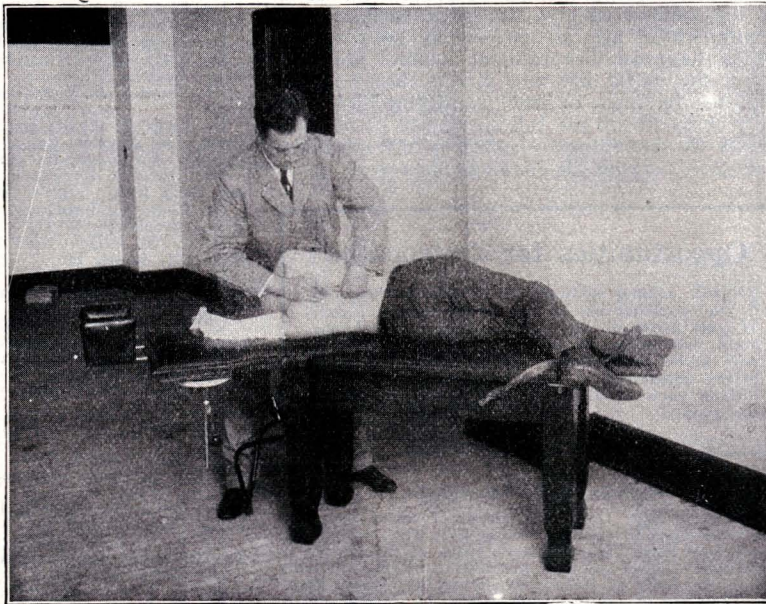
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## Convention Dates

**Villisca, Iowa, February 21st**, regular meeting of the Eighth District, Iowa, Osteopathic Association.

**Boulder, Colorado, April, 1913**, regular meeting of the Northern Colorado Osteopathic Association.

**Providence, R. I., May 9th and 10th**, annual convention New England Osteopathic Association.

**Kirksville, Mo., August, 1913**, annual convention American Osteopathic Association.

**Houston, Texas, Friday and Saturday, April 18th and 19th**, annual meeting of the Texas Osteopathic Association. Address and demonstration by Dr. George Still, of Kirksville.

**New York City, February 22nd**, regular meeting of the Osteopathic Society of the City of New York, at Murray Hill Hotel, Park avenue and Forty-first street. Address by Dr. Frank C. Farmer of Chicago.

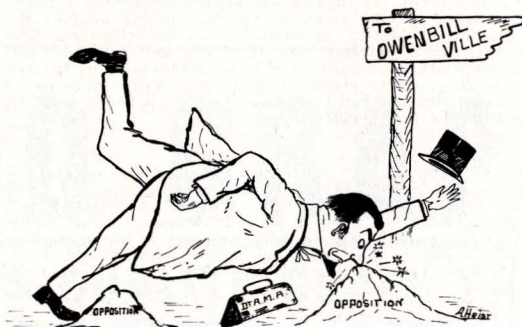
### Diagnosis.

"Doctor, whenever I see a lake or a pond I feel like plunging in. Whenever I am near water I have an almost uncontrollable impulse to plunge in, just as I am."  
"Hum! Hum! Seems queer. Now tell me. Has your wife been feeding you excessively on fish?"—*Kansas City Journal.*

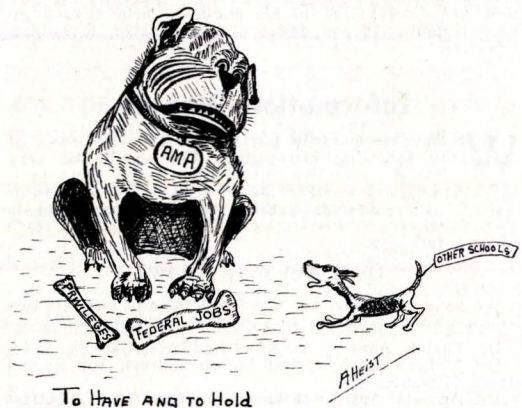
### A Child's Faith.

Little Ralph, who was of a thoughtful disposition, had just been told by his mother that there isn't any Santa Claus.  
He wandered off into the adjoining room, and while playing around with his toys, his mother heard him say: "There ain't no Santa Claus? Well, I guess I'd better look into this Jesus business."—*A True Story.—From A. & A. Bulletin for December.*

### Signs of the Times as Seen by Our Osteopathic Cartoonist—Dr. Albert Heist of Geneva, N. Y.



The Road to Owen-Bellville seems full of Rocks.



To HAVE AND TO HOLD

### The Man With a Velvety Hand

I know a man with a velvety hand  
And a smile like a mid-summer morn,  
Whose powers are such his magical touch  
Brings relief to the weary and worn.

Not by heredity, materia medica;  
Not by prescriptible crooks,  
Plethoric pills large as the ills,  
Or unpronounceable books.

You may call it massage, the human garage,  
Where cars are jacked up and adjusted,  
But not when a tire is plumb full of air  
And only a spark-plug is "busted."

When a tack's in a tire, wherefore look higher?  
Or why should one doctor the tonneau?  
And yet there are some who wiggle the thumb  
And blandly respond,—“Well, I dunno!”

If the tonneau is ailing—the disease prevailing—  
And it runs 'twixt a walk and a canter,  
They first take a look at its pocketbook,  
Then yank its appendix instanter.

Now, an Osteopath is a creature that hath  
A rather unfortunate name,  
But a lot of "horse-sense," with little pretense,  
But he gets there just the same.

He is the man with the velvety hand  
And a smile, conscious of power  
In the human garage—if you call it massage—  
For he understands the car.

—Ed. Hendricks, 5310 Cornell Ave., Chicago.

### An Ideal Prayer.

Not more of life, I ask, O God,  
But eyes to see what is—  
Not sweeter songs, but power to hear  
The present melodies;  
Not greater strength, but how to use  
The power that I possess;  
Not more of Love, but skill to turn  
A frown to a caress;  
Not more of joy, but power to feel  
Its kindling presence near—  
To give to others all I have  
Of courage and of cheer.  
No other gift, dear God, I ask,  
But only sense to see  
How best the precious gifts to use  
Thou hast bestowed on me.  
Give me all fears to dominate,  
All holy joys to know—  
To be the friend I wish to be—  
To speak the Truth I know—  
To love the pure, to seek the Good,  
To lift with all my might,  
All souls to dwell in harmony  
In freedom's perfect light.

(Authorship Unknown.)



## The Osteopathic Physician

### Famous Hoosier Health Officer Declares Drug Method of Fighting Disease is Foolish—Asserts Prevention Alone Is Sure

DR. J. N. HURTY, secretary of the Indiana State Board of Health, one of the most prominent health officers in the country, is not highly impressed with Senator Gore's resolution directing the Public Health Service to investigate and report upon the new cure for consumption said to have been discovered in Germany.

"It is certain," says Dr. Hurty, "that the people will be with Senator Gore, and would approve a large expenditure to investigate this reported cure, but the scientists will journey to Germany and will return empty-handed. Even if a remedy is found which will arrest consumption, what then? As consumption results from our wrong, irrational methods of living, we will have a new crop of consumptives each year. 'Well,' say you, 'give them medicine, too.' But you see, there is no end.

"The medicine method of getting rid of disease is a foolish method. It is cranky and irrational. Let us then be rational and live according to the laws of our well-being, and enjoy the delights which will follow."

Explaining further this lack of faith in medicine, Dr. Hurty continues: "If an archangel were to come to Washington and offer to supply a medicine to cure all sickness in the country for a few hundred million dollars, we would think the proposition a good one, and what excitement it would cause and what close attention it would receive! Congress would quit all consideration of other affairs, the newspapers would take the matter up, every pulpit would preach upon it, boards of trade and other business organizations would discuss it, the people generally would talk of nothing else, and the \$200,000,000 or \$300,000,000 or \$1,000,000,000 would be raised somehow and the archangel, after performing this part, probably would raise the Titanic and sail away with his treasure and we would think it all right.

"But what a foolish, useless, unnecessary and deleterious proceeding it would be! I say it would be foolish, useless, unnecessary and deleterious, because nature's processes would be reversed. If all the sick were cured they would, like the dog that returns to its vomit, get sick again in quick order, and to keep them well we would have to keep them perpetually dosed.

"Then, too, all medicines, from calomel to quinine, from paregoric to senna, and from oxydimethylquinoline to phenolsulphonophthalein, are two-edged swords. They always and invariably cut both ways. There is not a single medicine in all the world which does not carry harm in its molecules. So it follows that, after giving the archangel 'dope' for a period, the last state would be worse than the first. The race would certainly deteriorate under the influence of the medicines we already have. Alcohol is certainly a race poison, so is morphine, quinine and every other chemical or drug which does not naturally enter into the composition of the animal body.

"Why is it that cure of disease and escaping the consequences of sin attract more attention than abolishing disease and abandoning sin? We all acknowledge that an ounce of prevention is more valuable than pounds of cure; that to be pure is the thing, not to be impure, and then try to get back to purity. But, knowing this is true, still we are obsessed with the idea of cure and the idea of reform. What's the matter? Plainly we have not the will power, the force of character, the simple common sense to live rationally. Where is the sense of expending so much energy in seeking for cure of disease when we know that right living will keep us well and keep disease at a distance?

"The archangel of cure will never come. There is no archangel of cure, but there is an archangel who can and will banish our diseases in the

natural and rational way and without a cent of pay, if we will only employ him. He is like the blue-bird—he is now with us and has been all the time. He is the archangel of prevention. It is not his method to give drugs or chemicals or serums which are all two-edged swords, but instead he prescribes rational living. He prescribes the moral life and directs that we conform to the laws of our well-being and thus really enjoy life to the fullest, instead of abusing life, as we do, as is evidenced by the existence of disease."—From the *Indianapolis Star*.

### Opportunities for Osteopaths

IN this column we want to list towns that present opportunities for good osteopathic practice. If you know of any town, or towns, in your state that needs an osteopath or that can support more practitioners, tell us about it. State briefly something of the circumstances and conditions such as size, character and attitude of the people.

#### Nevada Needs Osteopaths

I sincerely hope that some strong, forceful men will come to Nevada to practice osteopathy. They would find a good field here. Many citizens speak of the need of a sanitarium. There are two hospitals in Reno, the only ones in the State of Nevada excepting the County hospital. They are overfull. Many cannot be accommodated. The drug doctors are doing a good business. Many of them are not at all in favor of having drugless healers invade the state.—*Dora Roper, D. O.*, Reno, Nevada, January 15th.

Osteopathy is not authorized or prohibited by statute in Nevada, but its practice is permitted. The medical examining board consists of three allopaths, one homeopath and one eclectic. The examinations are conducted on a plan similar to that in force in California, leaving out the subject of *materia medica*.

An old-time practitioner of St. Paul, Minnesota, has decided to devote himself to specialty work and desires to dispose of his regular osteopathic connection. Every assistance will be given to the man taking hold of the practice to become acquainted with the clientele. The practice is high class, the offices are well equipped, and a satisfactory proposition will be made to a party who can show proper credentials. If you desire to locate in a large city and feel confident to handle a heavy practice, investigate this opportunity.

We have in this community, opening for two osteopathic physicians. The right man or woman will do well in either place. References must be A1, and I will gladly introduce such a man or woman to the people and do what I can to help them get a start. Special opportunity to build up good, active practice.—*Dr. J. A. Overton*, Tuscola, Ill., February 10th.

Dr. William Craig, of Ogdensburg, New York, suggests that there is good opportunity for one or more osteopaths to locate at Plattsburg, population 11,000; Malone, population 6,467; Gouverneur, population 4,000, or Potsdam, population 4,000. Any one desiring to locate in New York state will find it well worth while to investigate these locations.

Dr. J. A. Malone, of Houston, Texas, tells us that the state ought to have at least 150 more osteopaths, and that he will be glad to furnish all the necessary information and do anything in his power to help anyone get started right. If you desire a new location, investigate Texas.

### Information Wanted

WE have temporarily lost track of the addresses of the following osteopaths. We should be very pleased to receive information as to their present location, and whether they are in active practice or retired. If requested, a three months' subscription to THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN will be allowed for each address furnished.

#### Does Anybody Know?

We have advertised for these addresses in our last two issues. No information as yet. *Can anybody help?*

Dr. Earl I. Agnew; last known address, Osceola, Iowa.  
Dr. J. Bert Albright; last known address, 101 Second street, Kewanee, Ill.  
Dr. Antonia Apel; last known address, 3767 Albatrast street, San Diego, Cal.  
Drs. Anderson & Anderson.  
Dr. Arthur Arbaker; last known address, Springfield, Vt.  
Dr. George A. Barrett; last known address, 313 Columbia street, Salem, Ore.  
Dr. M. B. Bartley; last known address, Enid, Okla.

Dr. Arthur Shirley Barrett.  
Dr. Clara L. Bashaw; last known address, Grants Pass, Ore.  
Dr. Marietta Bennett; last known address, Auditorium Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.  
Dr. Chas. P. Berger; last known address, 273 S. Washington street, Wilkesbarre, Pa.  
Dr. James Bledsoe; last known address, Denver, Colo.  
Dr. Mary Blaney; last known address, 910 Am. Bank Bldg., Seattle, Wash.  
Dr. Florence A. Boles; last known address, New Castle, Wyo.  
Dr. Chas. A. Boyd; last known address, 825 S. Hope street, Los Angeles, Cal.  
Dr. D. C. Bouve; last known address, Boston, Mass.  
Dr. Lewis G. Boyles; last known address, 514 American Bank Bldg., Seattle, Wash.  
Dr. Chas. C. Bradbury; last known address, Century Bldg., Brookings, S. D.  
Dr. J. P. Briggs; last known address, 610 Carleton Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.  
Dr. Lynn E. Buren.  
Drs. Burt & Parker; last known address, McCormick Bldg., Trinidad, Colo.  
Dr. W. I. Cain; last known address, Main and Sixth streets, Benton Harbor, Mich.  
Dr. E. E. Campbell; last known address, 150 North street, Pittsfield, Mass.  
Dr. Jessie W. Carnett; last known address, Denver, Colo.  
Dr. Arthur E. Campbell; last known address, Topeka, Kans.  
Dr. Clara Lovina Case.  
Dr. J. S. Chase; last known address, 96 Cabot street, Beverly, Mass.  
Dr. Grant F. Clayton; last known address, Los Angeles, Cal.  
Dr. R. V. E. T. Clements; last known address, 602 E. Twelfth street, Los Angeles, Cal.  
Dr. Gerhardes Clasen.  
Dr. L. F. Conrad; last known address, Olney, Colo.  
Dr. M. T. Conoboy; last known address, Hewitt and Wetmore avenue, Everett, Wash.  
Dr. Mary Cookley; last known address, Laddonia, Mo.  
Dr. E. C. Cookson; last known address, 312 Commercial Bldg., Alton, Ill.  
Dr. Cora W. Crevitt.  
Dr. Eva M. Craig.  
Dr. G. Crandall.  
Dr. R. G. Crowley.  
Drs. Dorr C. Crocker and P. G. Goss; last known address, Cortland, Nebr.  
Dr. J. B. Cunningham.  
Dr. Lucy A. Dailey.  
Dr. Ida M. Davis.  
Drs. Davis & Floyd; last known address, 4 Shepherd Blk., Albia, Iowa.  
Dr. J. W. Davis; last known address, Pittsburgh, Kans.  
Dr. Mary A. Davidson; last known address, 928 S. Hope street, Los Angeles, Cal.  
Dr. Emma J. Davison.  
Dr. R. H. Conover, Freehold, Kansas.

#### New List of "Lost" D. O.'s

Name	Last Known Address
Dr. John De Fox	Falls City, Neb.
Dr. W. E. Dean	Livingston, Mont.
Dr. Ruth Alice Deeter	
Dr. Ora Densmore	309 Commercial Blk., Mason City, Ia.
Dr. F. P. De Vinney	Belle Fourche, S. Dak.
Dr. Katherine Dersam	552 Phila. St., Indiana, Pa.
Dr. Charlotte Denman	
Dr. J. W. Dill	823 15th St., Denver, Colo.
Dr. John W. Dodson	Berkeley, Cal.
Dr. Howard C. Down	Dalton, Pa.
Dr. L. E. Downs	601 Mermod-Jaccard Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.
Dr. Clinton P. Drumm	530 Security Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.
	Fillmore, Mo.
Dr. Lenia Eisiminger	
Dr. M. A. Ellison	
Dr. A. J. Elson	
Dr. Sue Epperson	40 Courier Journal Bldg., Louisville, Ky.
Dr. George A. Enos	Cottonwood, S. Dak.
Dr. L. H. English	Wellsboro, Pa.
Drs. Escude & Perea	2316 Juliet Av., Los Angeles, Cal.
Dr. E. C. Estes	
Dr. W. F. Erford	Independence, Kan.
Dr. Genevieve V. Evans	9th & Troost Sts., K. C., Mo.
Dr. Thomas C. Ewing	
Dr. Harry Edward Eustace	
Dr. Geo. Washington Evans	
Dr. Edwin L. Faucett	Santa Cruz, Cal.
Dr. Council E. Faddis	
Dr. N. S. Fahrney	
Dr. C. Earle Fenner	
Dr. Helen Fellows	416 Masonic Temple, Minneapolis, Minn.
	Minneapolis, Minn.
Dr. Helen Fitzgibbons	
Dr. Francis Ambrose Finerty	
Dr. Lamonte H. Fisher	22 Covert St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Dr. Geneva Jones Field	Northfield, Vt.
Dr. A. E. Fisher	419 Franklin Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
	5734 Roosevelt Pl., St. Louis.
Dr. H. Fledderman	
Dr. Arthur Fogle	
Dr. R. M. Forrister	Hudson, Mich.
Dr. Charles Luther Fowler	
Dr. J. A. Freudenberg	1509 Monroe St., Chicago, Ill.
Dr. E. Frandson	



Name	Last Known Address	Name	Last Known Address	Name	Last Known Address
Dr. Harriet A. Frederick		Dr. L. A. Harris	Batavia, Ill.	Dr. Nolen W. Hughes	
Dr. C. O. Furbush	Syndicate Blk., Minneapolis.	Dr. G. W. Hay	San Antonio, Tex.	Dr. Kathryn Huston	
Dr. T. F. Ganzke	579 Jersey Av., Jersey City, N. J.	Dr. Stonewall J. Hassell	98 Highland St., Hammond, Ind.	Dr. Franklin P. Hulburt	
Dr. Era A. Ganong	Scott Bldg., Paris, Tex.	Dr. F. A. Hawley	New Overstreet Bldg., Paxton, Ill.	Drs. Ish & Ish	
Dr. Mary La Fenda Gable	Byersville, Ohio.	Dr. Isaac J. Hartford	Hotel Ayuntamiento, Mexico City, Mexico	Dr. D. Jackman	
Dr. H. L. Gamble	1212 S. Fowler St., Los An- geles, Cal.	Dr. G. P. Heathcote	3427 Market St., Phila., Pa.	Dr. Eloise F. Jacobs	177 Huntington Ave., Boston, Mass.
Dr. Mary A. Gabler	24 Osborne St., Wellsville, N. Y.	Dr. Mary Lindig Heisley	251 Kearny St., San Francis- co, Cal.	Dr. R. E. Jamieson	3025 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo
Dr. J. A. Gazda		Dr. Joseph Hegyessy	202 Margaret St., Pittsburgh, Pa.	Dr. S. M. Jacquiss	2601 W. Pico St., Los An- geles, Cal.
Dr. Blanche Getty		Dr. G. E. Helmbold	4016 Barring St., Phila., Pa.	Dr. H. F. Jaeger	Depot St., Mt. Ayr, Iowa.
Dr. Louis John Gertia		Dr. F. E. Hemstreet	603 W. 138th St., New York City.	Dr. James H. Jefferson	
Dr. William Riley German		Dr. L. M. Held		Dr. J. W. Jewell	
Dr. H. I. Gilbert		Dr. Mary J. Hemstreet		Dr. L. W. Jensen	
Dr. J. A. Gillespie	Louisiana, Mo.	Dr. Charlotte E. Heltsley	College Springs, Iowa.	Dr. George Jenning	
Dr. H. M. Gifford	Jeffers Bldg., Delta, Colo.	Dr. Samuel R. Henderson		Dr. W. L. Jerman	1098 Pine Ave., Long Beach, Cal.
Dr. H. K. Gibbs		Dr. H. C. Henry		Dr. Cassius L. Johnson	Helena, Mont.
Dr. E. Agnes Goble	Berkeley, Cal.	Dr. James C. Henry	2 Fisher Bldg., Redlands, Cal.	Dr. Hattie Johnson	
Dr. Robert H. Goodall	Confederate Av., Atlanta, Ga.	Dr. Mary Elizabeth Henry	721 S. Wood St., Chicago, Ill.	Dr. Edward H. Jones	
Dr. Lucy O. Gooch	528 W. 69th St., Chicago, Ill.	Dr. J. M. Hendricks		Dr. Everett H. Jones	
Dr. J. L. Gray	302 N. 10th St., Centerville, Ia.	Dr. Albert Murray	Sac City, Iowa.	Dr. Adelle Palmer Johnson	949 Kedzie Ave., Chicago, Ill.
Dr. G. G. Graham	Pickney, Mich.	Dr. Florian C. Hess		Dr. R. S. Johnson	Pomeroy, Wash.
Dr. Andrew Griener	Loveland, Colo.	Dr. Ella Ray Hicks		Dr. Mary Johnson	Cor. Main & Bell Sts., Okla- homa City, Okla.
Dr. A. M. Griffin	207 Ferguson Bldg., Los An- geles, Cal.	Dr. Carrie S. Hibbard		Dr. John Paul Jones	82 Engle St., Englewood, N. J.
Dr. James A. Grow	Asbury Park, N. J.	Dr. Francis H. Hodg- man		Dr. Ruth Johnson	
Dr. E. S. Haigis		Drs. Holt & Holt	1122 Selling Bldg., Portland, Ore.	Dr. Annie L. Joyner	
Dr. J. F. Hailey		Dr. W. L. Holt	1713 Pleasant Ave., Los An- geles, Cal.	Dr. Homer G. Jordan	
Dr. Jennie G. Hamilton		Dr. John F. Holsclaw	1028 S. Hope St., Los An- geles, Cal.	Dr. W. J. Joss	Hereford, Tex.
Dr. Geo. T. Hamilton		Dr. Wm. M. Honig	Doniphan, Mo.	Dr. Anna R. Josslyn	
Dr. Chas. K. Hale	109 Pacific Ave., Santa Cruz, Cal.	Dr. Ambrose N. How- ley	47 Main St., Saranac Lake, N. Y.	Dr. Warren H. Judd	62 E. Main St., Meriden, Conn.
Dr. Chas. A. Hammett	415 Merchants Trust Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.	Dr. Alcie E. Howe	2043 M St., Lincoln, Nebr.	Dr. I. H. Kaiser	Lowndes Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.
Dr. Edith Halcomb		Dr. Jennie Houghton	128 Tyron St., Charlotte, N. C.	Dr. Isabel Stone	205 Van Valkenberg blk., Spokane, Wash.
Dr. Annie O. Thompson- Handy	The Olivia, Joplin, Mo.	Dr. Wells T. Howard	304 New York Life Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.	Dr. August Andrews Kaiser	
Dr. Geo. H. Handy		Dr. C. E. Hough	3414 Baring St., Phila., Pa.	Dr. A. N. Keethler	
Dr. T. A. Hanen	Goshen, Ind.	Dr. Elmer G. Hornbeck		Dr. A. M. Keethler	
Dr. Wade C. Harker	44 Bagg St., Muncie, Ind.	Dr. Jean Seymour Hough		Dr. Fred E. Kelley	
Dr. Rebecca E. Harkins		Dr. Eva Hunter	108 P. O. Bldg., Livingston, Mont.	Dr. Jean C. Kelly	
Dr. W. C. Harding		Dr. V. Hunter	Mason Blk., Caruthersville, Mo.	Dr. Jirah H. Kellogg	Boulder, Colo.
Dr. James S. Harrington		Dr. C. B. Hutchinson	Jacksonville, Mo.	Dr. Sophronia B. Kelso	Exeter, Colo.
Dr. C. Peer Harrison	1315 Harrison St., Kansas City, Mo.	Dr. W. P. Hull		Dr. E. E. Keller	
Dr. Carrie Catlin Harrison	Richmond, Mo.			Dr. Margaret F. Kent- ling	626 Empire Bldg., Denver, Colo.
Dr. Belle Harris	1314 W. 28th St., Minneapolis, Minn.			Dr. John Kershaw	Braddock, Pa.
Dr. Elma R. Harbert	Rochester, N. Y.			Dr. D. J. Kennedy	
Dr. Leona A. Harper	602 Hazel St., Texarkana Ark.			Dr. I. Allen Keyte	
Dr. Bert W. Harris	Goshen, Ind.			Dr. A. M. Kirkpatrick	1363 Post St., San Francisco, Cal.
Dr. D. E. Hatter				Dr. Henry Kirsch	Ft. Dodge, Iowa.
Dr. Typhena Haven				Dr. V. D. Kinney	Ridgewood, Brooklyn, N. Y.
				Dr. Arthur Kinsley	
				Drs. King & King	

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80 Maiden Lane, New York City





## The Osteopathic Physician

The Organ of News and Opinion for the Profession

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## Editorial

*Fairness! Freedom! Fearlessness!*  
*"How to the line, let chips fall where they will"*

VOL XXIII. FEBRUARY, 1913. No. 2.

### THE VALUE OF A REPRESENTATIVE IN THE LEGISLATURE

Certain members of the medical profession who have a decided leaning towards state medicine have been advocating for some time past that the way to get what they wanted was to elect M. D.'s as members of our various state legislative bodies. That they have been successful in having such a policy adopted is proven by the increasing number of medical men who are members of state legislatures.

We believe that the wisdom of medical men being mixed up in active politics is open to question, but so long as the medical profession persists in the policy it has adopted, it is well that we should endeavor to have osteopathic physicians in the legislatures.

The value of such representation was demonstrated recently in the Oregon state legislature.

A memorial to the National Congress favoring the Owen Bill to establish a National Bureau of Health was railroaded through the state senate without apparently anybody knowing exactly what it was. It so happens that Dr. J. E. Anderson, an osteopath of The Dalles, Oregon, is a member of the lower house and is chairman of the committee on medicine, pharmacy and dentistry. When the memorial came up for consideration in the House, Dr. Anderson led a vigorous attack against it with the result that it was summarily "killed" notwithstanding that Speaker McArthur had promised that it should have a further hearing.

Dr. Anderson said in part:

"You gentlemen will recall," said Dr. Anderson, "that some few years ago there was a great ado about the medical practitioners, backed by the American Medical Association, attempting to force the Secretary of the Navy to assign doctors as commanding officers of some of our ships. The doctors declared that they should command the hospital ships, you will remember. I suppose they felt that, having passed an examination for the practice of medicine, they were qualified to navigate a ship around the world, if necessary.

"Following this to the logical conclusion, I suppose we would soon have the interesting spectacle of seeing some of our eminent medicine men commanding the dreadnaughts of our great navy; they would be the big guns themselves, and I suppose also they would be commanding the submarines. In fact, so far as I can judge, the osteopaths and other schools would be left only the airships—probably hot airships—to command. Inasmuch as this memorial has been 'railroaded' through this house, I think we should lose no time in killing it."

We commend Dr. Anderson for his vigorous action in this matter. Investigation shows that he has done other good work since becoming a member of the Oregon House of Representatives, several important health bills which required examination by a doctor of medicine, he succeeded in having so changed that osteopathic physicians were accorded like recognition. Evidently it means a great deal for the safe-guarding of osteopathic interests to have an osteopathic physician with backbone, a member of a legislature.

### THE POWER OF PUBLIC OPINION

The growing popular protest against reckless and unnecessary surgery is making itself felt with the M. D.'s.

Dr. E. E. Kennedy, a representative in the Colorado legislature, has introduced a measure which, if enacted as a law, will make it a crime for a surgeon to remove an appendix unnecessarily.

The bill provides that surgeons who operate for appendicitis must submit the appendix for examination after removal, and if it is decided that the operation was not warranted, no fee may be collected, and the surgeon will be liable to fine and imprisonment.

This feature in the bill was no doubt incorporated as an appeal to popular sentiment, but the entire measure is regarded as one of the most sweeping of its kind that has ever been introduced in the state legislature, and it is stated that it would prohibit any other than a licensed drug physician from prescribing for or diagnosing ailments.

It is claimed that if this measure was made a law, osteopaths, opticians, christian scientists, and all drugless healers would be forced out of business, and that even druggists would not be permitted to advise the use of or sell court plaster for an abrasion of the skin or a slight cut.

By the terms of the measure the decision as to whether an operation was legal or illegal is left to a committee of three physicians to be named by the patient or his relatives.

### WHAT THE JOURNAL OF THE A. M. A. THINKS OF MURRAY AND HIS METHODS

In the book review department of the Journal of the American Medical Association for January 4th, there appears a brief mention of *The Practice of Osteopathy*, third edition by Murray of Elgin, with the following comment:

This is the third edition of a book which was criticized in the journal several years ago (July 23, 1910, p. 335). In the previous review the scientific portion of the book, if it can be said to have any scientific part, was criticized, and the efforts on the part of the author to provide any adequate osteopathic treatment for various diseases were condemned. A few general statements were made regarding the arrangement of the contents. The publishers have taken these sentences and have used them so as to convey the impression of a recommendation of the book on the part of the journal, following the well-known example of theatrical and other press agents. In order to prevent a repetition of such an occurrence, no comments will be made on the third edition. The reader is referred to the previous review for an opinion as to the scientific value of the book.

We congratulate the Journal of the A. M. A. on the position it has taken. It shows a proper professional attitude. If all the professional journals were equally careful in giving recognition to books published by men of the type of Murray, there would be less hard feeling between the various schools of healing.

Osteopaths differ radically from M. D.'s on therapeutics, and so from a scientific viewpoint, there is bound to be some sharp conflicts of ideas and heated discussions, but this does not prevent us from realizing that in the main, the medical profession is made up of conscientious and sincere men and women, and as such, we accord them the utmost respect. The comparatively small element in the medical profession that is carried away by political ambitions and dreams of state medicine are and must be strenuously opposed by osteopaths on broad, general principles of political liberty and wise statesmanship.

From an economic point of view, osteopaths and M. D.'s are unfortunately in a conflict that is bound to create some antagonism and bitterness. With all due consideration for the scientific and humanitarian phases of a physician's work, each individual is anxious, of course, to make the best financial success for himself that he can. The success of osteopathic practitioners to some degree menaces the pocketbook of the M. D.'s and human nature being what it is, and economic conditions what they are today, it is not surprising that such a condition is resented. It is a fair contest, however, and the system which can best demonstrate its merit to the public, is the system that should and will survive.

The utilization of every legitimate means to advance one's self, professionally and financially, is laudable and to be commended, but there can be no excuse for the support and recognition of the endeavors of men who, manifestly, seek to stir up and prey upon prejudices and antagonisms for their own betterment. If the advertising methods of Murray are not in themselves sufficient evidence of his insincerity, anyone who is interested will be quickly convinced by an investigation of his professional record and present standing as an osteopath.

### A VICTORY FOR OSTEOPATHY IN NEW HAMPSHIRE

Through the persistent and determined efforts of a woman osteopath, the profession has scored a decided victory in New Hampshire.

To Dr. Julia A. Chase of Portsmouth, New Hampshire is due the credit for pushing to a conclusion a case that has resulted in a decision by the supreme court of the state decreeing that osteopaths have the right to use the titles of doctor and physician.

A newspaper dispatch reports the decision as follows:

Portsmouth, N. H., Feb. 5.—After a bitter fight in the Municipal and Superior Courts, the Supreme Court of New Hampshire has decided that Miss Julia A. Chase of this city wins in her appeal to use the title of doctor and physician. Dr. Chase is an osteopathic physician, a graduate of the American School of Osteopathy, from which she received the degree of doctor of osteopathy and a diploma. She was arrested for displaying her sign, and the State contended that the use of these titles would convey the impression that she was legally practicing medicine. The evidence in the case showed that Dr. Chase confined herself to the practice of her profession in the treatment of human ailments by osteopathic methods only, which eschews the use of drugs or other curative substances. It was a test case and the first of the kind under the statutes of the State. There was great interest by the medical profession throughout New England, and the decision determined the standing of osteopathy as far as New Hampshire is concerned.

The outcome of this case is very gratifying, and Dr. Chase must feel highly pleased. Osteopaths in the state and in the profession at large are indebted to her for her determination and zeal in pushing this test case to a final decision.

### The Gospel of Good Cheer

At Christmas time, 1911, Dr. P. R. Hubbell, a local osteopathic physician sent me a pamphlet in the back of which was a poem entitled the "Gospel of Good Cheer."

I am very fond of this little poem and Dr. Hubbell suggests that perhaps you could spare me a few extra copies.—A. N. Cody, Flint, Mich., January 27th.

In the laughter of the little brook  
That runs its merry way,  
From the mountain-sides of Yesterday  
To the meadows of To-day!

In the song of every happy bird,  
In the bloom of every flower,  
In the blue, blue sky above us,  
And the sun behind the shower.

In the laughter of the children,  
In the faces that they bear—  
Behold the joyous tidings,  
And the glory everywhere!

There's a smile where'er we journey,  
There's a laugh we all may hear,  
If we'll only hark and listen  
To the Gospel of Good Cheer.







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OSTEOPATHIC LESIONS																																		



Horning Clinical Record and Account Card.

COPYRIGHT CANADA 1912 BY J. E. HORNING

ing has a book in which he keeps a record of bills sent out at the end of each month. He has on a rubber stamp, a copy of his bill-head, and this is used to make records in the memorandum bill book. He uses a medium-sized pocket diary in which to keep appointments, which are made with a pencil, and of the treatments, which are made in ink. After treatment has been given, the appointment is rubbed out. In making up his office system, Dr. Horning had the advice of two lawyer friends, and he says that in addition to having a compact, time-saving system, he has something that furnishes complete legal proof of any account.

Glover says he finds that they give all the room necessary.

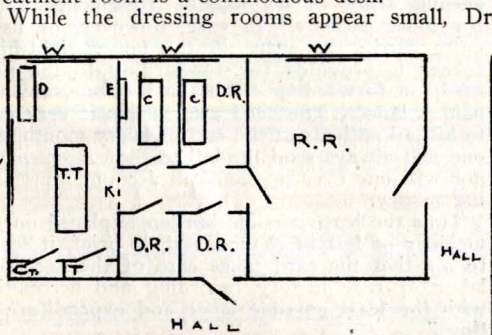
The woodwork in the rooms is redwood with mahogany finish. The floors are of cement. The walls from moulding to baseboard are dark green, and from moulding to ceiling, a very light green, the ceiling being finished in cream. The reception room is 12 feet by 14 feet, and the treating rooms 9 feet by 14 feet.

The reception room is furnished in mahogany, three chairs, settee and table with appropriate pictures and floor covering of rugs. The window curtains are of lace, made in color to match the floor covering and the upholstery of the furniture. In the treatment room a Wilton rug is used and the finish of the furnishings is in oak. The offices are well lighted by four windows, and Dr. Glover says that the subdivision of the space has proved most convenient and satisfactory.

### Lay-Out and Furnishings of Offices of Dr. J. D. Glover, San Diego, California

IN laying out his new office, Dr. J. D. Glover, of San Diego, California, adopted the separate dressing rooms with one treating room idea.

The smaller dressing rooms are 3x4.5 feet, and the larger one 3x6. A fourth room 3x6 is furnished with an electric light cabinet with two-arc light of 2,000 candle power. In this room and in the larger dressing room are folding couches. The main entrance to the office is to the reception room, but there is also a doorway to the hall from one of the dressing rooms. The passageway between the dressing rooms has a door from the reception room and is curtained by portiers from the treatment room and office. At one end of the treatment room there is a good-sized closet and also an enclosed toilet with hot and cold water. At the other end of the treatment room is a commodious desk.



Floor Plan of Dr. Glover's Offices.

### The Albright Record System

REALIZING that accurate records are the means of correcting many of the business and scientific difficulties of the osteopath, The Chester W. Albright Company

NAME _____																																	
ADDRESS _____																																	
MONTH	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	DEBITS	CREDITS
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The Albright Account and History Card, which is supplied with Cabinet.

<p>PERSONAL HISTORY: AGE _____</p> <p>CHILDREN _____</p> <p>FAM. HIST. _____</p>	<p>SYMPTOMS _____</p> <p>GEN. HEALTH _____</p> <p>SEX _____</p> <p>PREV. TREAT. _____</p>
<p>TREATMENT: DYSPEPSIA _____</p> <p>NEURALGIA _____</p> <p>HYSTERIC _____</p> <p>SPECIAL _____</p>	<p>RESULTS _____</p>

of Chicago has devised a unique record system. The principle upon which the system is built permits the keeping of absolutely accurate records, business and scientific, with a minimum expenditure of time and labor.

The Record Card, of course, is the principal part of the system. The front is ruled to carry a complete and accurate account. Spaces are provided for indicating by month and day the nature of the work performed. The usual debit and credit columns are a part of the form.

Combined with this business record is a scientific history which takes up the reverse side of the card. The physician is able to record details regarding diagnosis, present history, family history, treatment, etc. Diagrams for indicating vertebral, innominate and rib lesions are provided.

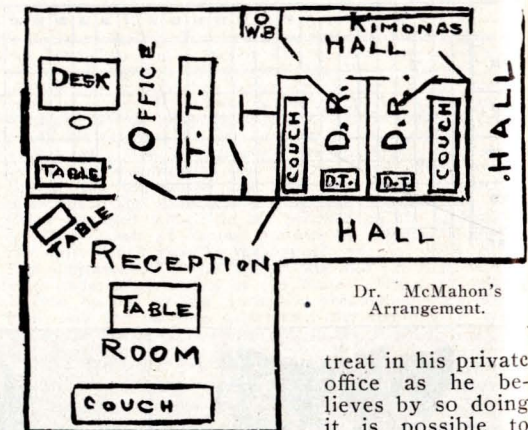
These records are stored and classified in a simple filing device. The cabinet is of quarter-sawed oak, golden finish, dove-tail construction and contains two drawers each, being provided with proper labels and guides. Simplicity, compactness and accuracy have been the main points kept in mind by The Albright Company in devising this system.

With complete accounts, the osteopaths reduces his losses to a minimum. With a good scientific record he is able to do his best work because he has his experience in written form to refer to. Furthermore, it is of greatest value to be able to refer quickly and easily to the past condition of a patient.

The complete system sells at the moderate price of \$10.00 and it is fully up to the standard of all the goods which have been put out by The Chester W. Albright Company.

### Dr. Bernard Strange McMahon Prefers to Treat in Private Office

DR. BERNARD STRANGE McMAHON, who practiced at Sault Ste. Marie, Canada, sends us a plan of his office lay-out, which he thinks affords an efficient utilization of the space. Dr. McMahon states that he prefers to



Dr. McMahon's Arrangement.

treat in his private office as he believes by so doing it is possible to establish an intimacy with the patient that cannot be reached in a general treating room. He lays stress on the point that obtaining the entire confidence of the patient means that the results will be better in every way, and results are the final test as to whether or not we are accomplishing what we are working for.

In referring to Dr. Brock's office system, described in the October number of THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, we neglected to state that Dr. Brock has a sign showing whether the night calls are made before or after midnight. Night calls are indicated in red ink enclosed by a circle, and if the call is before midnight, a horizontal line is made cutting the circle before the date. If the call is after midnight, the horizontal line is made cutting the circle after the date.



# In D.O. Land

## Vermont State Board Meeting.

The next regular meeting of the Vermont State Board of Osteopathic Examination and Registration will be held at Brattleboro, March 19th and 20th.—L. D. Martin, D. O., Sec'y.

## Illinois Association Active.

Dr. A. N. Owens of Mason City, Ill., is touring this state doing organization work for the Illinois Osteopathic Association. Dr. Owens has already accomplished gratifying results.

## Dr. Dayton Will Manage Bath Company

A company known as the Garfield Surplus-Steam Bath Company has organized in Chicago, the parlors being located at 3314 West Madison street. The institute is equipped to give all kinds of baths. Dr. F. E. Dayton is the manager and attending physician.

## Osteopath Acquitted in Damage Suit.

Dr. O. Y. Yowell, of Chattanooga, Tenn., was awarded the verdict February 7th in the case of Mrs. Lizzie M. McLemore for \$20,000 damages. Mrs. McLemore claimed this amount of damages, alleging that treatment given by Dr. Yowell caused the death of her husband.

## El Paso, Texas Meeting

The El Paso County, Texas Osteopathic Association met January 31st with Dr. H. F. Wright. Dr. Nettie Satterlee gave a talk on pneumonia. Officers elected were: President, Dr. H. F. Wright; secretary, Dr. Nettie Satterlee. Dr. J. J. Pearce was appointed to look after osteopathic legislation.

## New York City Osteopath Victimized.

Please mention in THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN that a Miss Bessie Stuart Campbell has "taken in" a number of New York City osteopaths by getting donations for an osteopathic article she intended writing. This will serve as a word of warning to those who have not yet been interviewed.—E. Florence Gair, D. O.

## Southeast Missouri Osteopaths Have Banquet.

The Southeast Missouri Osteopathic Association held a meeting February 8th, and enjoyed a banquet at the Marquette Hotel. About fifty persons were present. Addresses were made by Dr. William C. Wilson, of Wentzville; Dr. E. J. Meyer, of Clayton; Dr. C. B. Doron, and Dr. Francis Nickeing, of St. Louis.

## Bureau of Health Defeated for This Session.

February 3d, by a tie vote, the National Senate refused to take up for consideration, the Owen bill establishing a national bureau of health. This means there will be no action on the matter during the present session. Thirty-one Democrats favored the measure while thirty-three Republicans and Progressives objected to it.

## Backbone Likened to an Index of a Book.

The St. Louis Osteopathic Association held its regular monthly meeting January 10th. Dr. A. B. King addressed the association. In the course of his remarks, he likened the human backbone to the index of a book. "By consulting this index," said Dr. King, "the osteopathic physician can diagnose what is wrong with the patient he is treating."

## New Canadian Association.

Osteopathic physicians of the Province of Saskatchewan met at the office of the Drs. Raffenberg in Regina, December 28th, and organized the Saskatchewan Osteopathic Association, electing the following officers: President, Dr. E. L. Raffenberg of Regina; vice-president, Dr. Emma Sniff of Moose Jaw; secretary and treasurer, Dr. Fay Bergin of Moose Jaw.

## Toronto Association Elects New Officers

The Toronto, Canada, Association of Osteopathic Physicians held its annual meeting January 25th, in the office of Dr. Jaquith. The meeting was well attended and enthusiastic. Officers elected for the year were: President, Dr. James E. Horning; vice-president, Dr. Harriet Cryler; secretary-treasurer, Dr. Frederic Schilling.—Frederic Schilling, D. O., Sec'y.

## New York City Osteopaths Again Demand Right to Sign Death Certificates.

Osteopaths of New York City have presented a petition to the board of health, composed of Dr. Ernest J. Lederle, Dr. John J. O'Connell and Police Commissioner Waldo asking that the city's sanitary code be amended so as to grant to osteopaths the same right to sign death certificates as is now the privilege of the medical doctors.

## Osteopath Makes Good Record in Examination

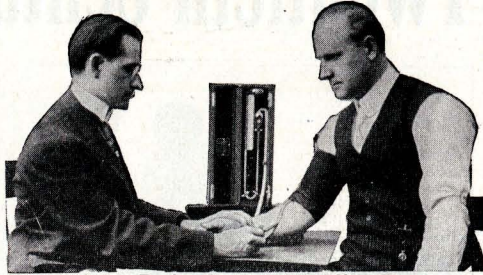
Sixteen M. D.'s and one osteopath will receive licenses to practice in Indiana as a result of a recent examination held by the State Board of Medical Registration and Examination. Dr. Allen N. Caine, of Marion, Ind., the lone osteopath who was under examination made a good record for himself and was among the nine placed on the honor roll. We extend congratulations to Dr. Caine for his creditable showing.

## Dayton District Osteopaths Discuss Gynecology.

The regular meeting of the Dayton District Osteopathic Society was held at the Phillips Hotel, Dayton, Ohio, February 6th. After taking dinner together the Society listened to a very able discussion conducted by

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Dr. E. H. Cosner, of Dayton, on "Some Special Cases in Gynecology." The attendance was large. Next meeting will be held in Dayton the first Thursday in March.—W. A. Gravett, D. O., Sec'y.

## New York City Osteopaths Discuss Rheumatism.

At the regular meeting of the Osteopathic Society of the City of New York held January 18th at Murray Hill Hotel, Dr. George V. Webster of Carthage, New York, rendered a paper on "Rheumatism" which was followed by a good discussion. At the February meeting of the society, which will occur on the 22nd, Dr. Frank C. Farmer of Chicago, Illinois, will deliver an address.—E. Florence Gair, D. O., Sec'y.

## Texas Annual Meeting in April

The Texas Osteopathic Association will hold its annual meeting at Houston, Friday and Saturday, April 18th and 19th. Dr. George Still of Kirksville is to be with us, and believe me we are going to have some meeting and some good time.

We need about 150 more osteopaths in Texas. I will be glad to furnish any one with all the information they may want and do anything to help them get started right.—Dr. J. A. Malone, Houston, Texas, January 31st.

## Illinois' Secretary of State Treated by Osteopath.

Honorable Harry Woods, Illinois' Secretary of State, is suffering from an injury to one of his knees. It was caused originally in a wreck on the Illinois Central some two or three weeks ago. On February 6th he had the misfortune to strike his knee cap against his desk while getting up from his chair, with the result that it gave him a great deal of pain, and the following day was badly swollen. Dr. W. C. Carter of 413 Capitol avenue, Springfield, Ill., was called in to attend the injury.

## Impersonates an Osteopath.

According to an item in a Westfield, New York, paper, Dr. W. E. Fogle, of Corning, New York, was impersonated by his brother at Westfield last summer. According to the report, this brother of Dr. Fogle's, who is not an osteopath at all, opened an office under the name of Dr. W. E. Fogle, and used his brother's certificate as well as license, as an evidence of his right to practice. We understand that the Business Men's Exchange of Westfield is anxious to get in touch with this alleged impersonator.

## Protest Against Compulsory Vaccination.

Under direction of the Philadelphia Bureau of Health, a section of the city was recently roped off, and about 2,000 persons were subjected to compulsory vaccination, many of them under strong protest. Three persons who absolutely refused to be vaccinated were quarantined in their rooms under police surveillance.

Dr. Ira S. Frame, of 1619 Race street, took occasion to protest against this high-handed proceeding in a very thoughtful letter to the Editor of the *Public Ledger*, under the title of "Practical Eugenics."

## A New Millard Chart Forthcoming.

Since the publication of the January number of the Journal of the American Osteopathic Association showing a series of vasomotor drawings by Dr. F. P. Millard, of Toronto, Canada, a great many comments as to their value have been made by the profession. This has encouraged Dr. Millard to commence work on a chart which he considers distinctly superior to chart No. 1 shown in the January number of the A. O. A. Journal. He expects to have it lithographed or photo-engraved for exhibition at the A. O. A. Kirksville convention.

## Chicago Fraternity Dance a Success

A thoroughly delightful dance was given by the Pi-Alpha Beta Fraternity of the Chicago College of Osteopathy on January 18th at Douglas Park Rectory. The programs were in the shape of pennants with the word "Osteopathy" in gold letters across the cover. Each dance was named after an active member of the fraternity. The Pi Alpha Beta is composed of a live crowd of osteopathic students, and their social affairs are always popular as well as their lectures and clinics which are concerned with things strictly osteopathic.—E. J. Pratt, D. O., Chicago.

## Independent Board Measure Passes Colorado House.

We have received word that the Colorado Independent Board measure has passed the State House of Representatives by a vote of 53 years to 3 nays, the three negative votes being those of M. D.'s. A hard fight against the bill was made on a second reading, but all efforts to make amendment failed. It is considered likely that the senate will give the measure a fair majority, although the senate has heretofore proved the stumbling block in the way of independent osteopathic boards. We hope to be able to report in our next issue a complete victory.

## Chicago's Original Osteopathic Will Change Office Location

Dr. Joseph Henry Sullivan, Chicago's original osteopath, having been established in the city in 1894, will on May 1st, enter on a ten year lease in the handsome new Goddard building adjoining the famous Palmer House block. The Goddard building is a new structure just being completed, and is one of the most modern office buildings in Chicago. It is the first Chicago building of its kind to open its doors to osteopathic physicians to the exclusion of all other schools. Naturally, Chicago's colony of osteopathic physicians will be strongly represented in this building.



**Dr. Millard, of Toronto, Excels Himself in New Drawings.**

The *Journal of the American Osteopathic Association* for January contained two colored plates, being reproductions of anatomical drawings made by Dr. Frederick P. Millard, of Toronto, Canada, and showing the vaso-motor connections. We believe that we are safe in saying that these drawings are absolutely the best that have so far been made by Dr. Millard. The coloring in chart No. 1 is also exceptionally good. The two-color scheme in charts Nos. 2 and 3 is effective, and brings out the position of the various nerves very clearly. We congratulate also the printers on this color job, as it is first-class work in every respect.

**Dr. F. E. Moore Addresses Rotary Club**

On January 21st, I addressed the Rotary Club of Portland on the subject, "Osteopathy—What it is—What it does." I got my inspiration for the talk from the January number of *Osteopathic Health*. I had one of the booklets placed at the plate of each of the one hundred members who were present at the luncheon. There are several M. D.'s who are members of the Rotary Club, but I feel that they could not criticize me as my name was not on the books, and I presented them wholly with the idea to give them some intelligent reading on osteopathy. I am the osteopathic member of the Rotary Club of Portland, and Dr. Otis Akin is the orthopedic surgeon member.—*Dr. F. E. Moore, Portland, Ore., January 30th.*

**News from Seattle**

At the January meeting of the King county (Seattle) Osteopathic Association there was a large and enthusiastic attendance. Legislative work was discussed. Several amendments to the constitution were adopted. Dr. James T. Slaughter presented a paper, "Anatomy of the Stomach," which was followed by the discussion of a number of case reports.

Dr. Isabel Karney has recently removed from Spokane to Seattle.

House Bill No. 152 in the Washington Legislature is aimed at maiming osteopathy.

Dr. Fred E. Moore and wife spent Christmas with their sister, Mrs. Harkness in Seattle and called on local osteopaths.

**Oregon Mid-Year Meeting.**

The Oregon Osteopathic Association held its mid-year meeting January 11th at Portland, with the following program:

"Anterior Poliomyelitis," Dr. Katherine S. Myers, Portland; "The Importance of Correcting Refractive Errors in Osteopathic Cases," Dr. D. D. Young, McMinnville; "The Duty of the Osteopathic Physician in Social Hygiene Work," Dr. F. E. Moore, Portland; "The Work of the Research Institute," Dr. J. A. Van Brakle, Oregon City; "Gonorrhoea," Dr. William G. Keller, Portland; "Urinalysis in the Diagnosis and Treatment of Disease," Dr. A. P. Howells, Corvallis; "Tuberculosis," Dr. Edmund B. Haslop, Portland; "The Legislature," Dr. J. E. Anderson, The Dalles.

**Dr. Bolles Lectures Under Auspices of Platte Valley Association.**

A meeting of the Platte Valley Osteopathic Association was held at Fort Morgan, January 18th. Dr. Jenette Hubbard Bolles of Denver being the guest of honor. The legislative situation was thoroughly discussed. In the evening at the high school auditorium, under the auspices of the association, Dr. Bolles delivered a splendid lecture, "Osteopathy, the Bridge of Life," before an appreciative audience. This is the first effort at publicity along these lines in this district, and we hope that it may be followed by other efforts that will materially advance the interests of osteopathy. We thoroughly believe in the new motto of our state association: "More technique for the osteopaths, more publicity for osteopathy."—*H. Agnes Dandy, D. O., Sec'y.*

**Chicago Woman's Club Opposes National Health Bureau**

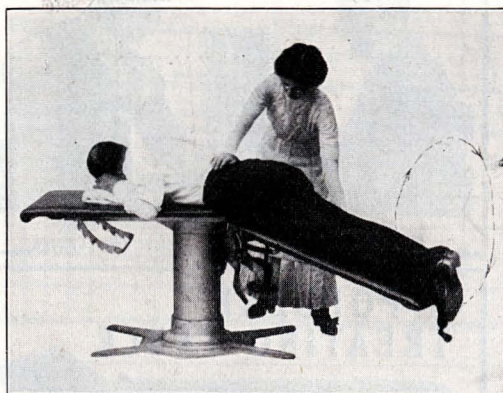
At a meeting of the Chicago Woman's Club, January 22d, the Owen bill was discussed for the third time. Advocates for the measure brought all of their influence and their strong forces to obtain an endorsement but were defeated. Dr. Charles A. L. Reed, of Cincinnati, was on hand, also Dr. John B. Murphy, of Chicago, ex-president of the American Medical Association, and Dr. W. A. Evans. Mrs. Grace Wilber Trout made the hit of the opposition when she declared "We have been fighting to rid ourselves of the political boss and the commercial boss, but now you propose to saddle upon us a medical boss." The motion to adopt the report of the legislative committee endorsing the Owen Bill was defeated by a vote of 2 to 1. We congratulate the women of the Chicago Woman's Club on their sane judgment.

**Florida Osteopaths Oppose Change in Law**

Whereas for a number of years there has been on the statute books of this state a law whereby the Florida State Board of Osteopathic Examiners has been in existence; and, whereas under the operation of that law the interests of the osteopathic profession have been duly conserved and its personnel been kept at a high standard; and, whereas the interests of the public have been equally conserved and that without expense to the state; and, whereas it is believed that a bill will be introduced at the next session of the legislature looking to the abolition of this board and the creation of a composite board upon which the osteopaths shall have minority representation, if any,

Therefore, be it resolved by the Florida Osteopathic Association that we are unalterably opposed to any change in the present law which will deprive us of the Independent osteopathic board; and, be it further resolved that the officers of this association are hereby instructed to take such steps and adopt such honorable

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means as lie within their power to accomplish the defeat of any measure that contemplates the abolition of the independent osteopathic board. December 28th.

**Insurance Company Makes Poor Showing With State Commissioner.**

In the January issue of THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN we made reference to the Century Life and Accident Insurance Company of Philadelphia, calling attention to

the fact that this company was willing to accept the examinations of osteopaths. The position of the company in this respect is just and fair and as far as we know still stands, but unfortunately we find that recently the company has not been able to show a good financial report, and for the protection of those who might have possibly considered taking insurance in this company, we reproduce here a letter from Mr. Charles Johnson, Insurance Commissioner for the State of Pennsylvania addressed to Dr. E. M. Downing:

"Dear Sir: Replying to yours of the 31st ult. permit me to say that the Century Life and Accident Insurance Company, having its office in Philadelphia, is organized under the laws of Delaware and authorized to transact business in this state on the mutual assessment plan. A recent examination by this department shows: Total admitted assets, \$302,711; liabilities, \$12,433.50. Very truly yours, Charles Johnson, Insurance Commissioner, Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 3, 1913.

**New England News.**

Progressive work is going on for the ninth annual convention of the New England Osteopathic Association, which will be held at the Narragansett Hotel, Providence, R. I., May 9th and 10th. The programme committee has secured a strong array of head-liners for the two-days' session. The convention will open Friday with a scientific programme followed in the evening by a public lecture on osteopathy and a ball. On Saturday there will be sessions all day with a round table lunch at noon. The convention will close with a business meeting.

Dr. W. Arthur Smith of Boston has opened a branch office at 79 Central street, Somerville. He is paying particular attention to children's diseases and nervous diseases of women.

Dr. George E. Perkins, formerly practising in Boston and Wellesley, is now pursuing a medical course in a southern school.

The Boston Osteopathic Society will have Dr. Charles S. Green, of New York, as its star attraction at its March meeting and Dr. Thomas J. Ruddy, professor of ophthalmology at the Los Angeles College of Osteopathy, for its April meeting.

The Maine osteopaths are sanguine of a law from this year's session of the legislature.

**Colorado Osteopaths Make Public Lecture Success**

The Colorado Osteopathic Association held its fifteenth annual meeting at the Albany Hotel, Denver, January 21st and 22d. The meeting was opened by an address from the president, Dr. Geo. W. Perrin on "Professional Hypochondriasis." This was followed by a very interesting and instructive talk by Dr. C. B. Atzen of Omaha, president of the A. O. A. on "Technique," illustrated by a demonstration of some of the appliances he had made to help out his work in correcting many lesions. The members present were not slow in expressing their appreciation of his methods. Greetings were sent to Dr. A. T. Still at Kirksville, and it was voted to request that the name of Dr. Atzen be added to the list of those giving practical work on technique at Kirksville, next summer. About forty attended the banquet at the Albany hotel at 6 p. m., and at 8 p. m., Dr. Atzen gave a public lecture, "The Scope and Aims of Osteopathy," which was received with close attention by about three hundred people. Officers elected were: President, Dr. Jenette H. Bolles, Denver; first vice-president, Dr. D. L. Clark, Fort Collins; second vice-president, Dr. G. C.

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Wilke, Leadville; secretary, Dr. Martha A. Morrison, Denver; treasurer, Dr. F. A. Luedicke, Denver; auditor, Dr. U. S. G. Bowersox, Longmont; corresponding secretary, Dr. R. B. Powell, Denver.—*Martha A. Morrison, D. O., Sec'y.*

#### Spondylotherapy Crude Osteopathy.

We are always somewhat amused when we see how hard Dr. Albert Abrams is working to discover Osteopathy. It seems rather strange that with all the good osteopathic literature which there is at the present time, Dr. Abrams should be discovering it in some of its crudest conceptions. We are not willing to confess to being old, but we distinctly remember the time when every two-year graduate was talking about his ability to "play" on the body and its various organs, as an organist plays upon the organ, touch one segment on the spinal column, and the spleen immediately responding and another location, if properly touched, produced an immediate effect upon the kidneys, and so on, and so on.

Dr. Abrams' osteopathy is at the present time in its crudest condition. No one who could half read between the lines would fail to see that the best among the drug physicians are accepting the osteopathic position. The only thing which stands in their way is the fact that it was not discovered by one of their own number, or if it was they failed to know it.

Dr. Abrams, as before stated, is making a desperate effort to discover it for them, so that it may be generally accepted, but unless Dr. Abrams shall eliminate many of his crudities his discoveries will require much modification before it will be of any practical value to our drug friends, or to anybody else.—*Western Osteopath, December.*

#### New Osteopathic Organization Formed at Cleveland

Cleveland, sixth city, has decided to wake up and become a factor in things osteopathic as well as along other lines. Keep your eyes open for osteopathic news from Cleveland, as we intend to be a power for the growth and development of osteopathy in this part of Ohio. Preliminary work for a Cleveland osteopathic organization was commenced January 15th when nine osteopaths met in the offices of Dr. Clarence V. Kerr and decided to organize on a broad basis. The name Northeast Osteopathic Association was adopted, and a temporary secretary elected with instructions to send out a call to the osteopaths of Cleveland and adjacent cities. On January 22d another meeting was held, representatives from Cleveland, Akron, Painsville, Lorain, Warren and Norwalk being present. A constitution and by-laws had been prepared and was adopted. Officers elected were: President, Dr. Clarence V. Kerr; treasurer, Dr. J. F. Byrne; secretary, Dr. P. E. Roscoe, all of Cleveland. Executive committee, Dr. T. M. Hulett, Cleveland; Dr. F. M. Patterson, Akron; Dr. Marv Giddings, Cleveland. Letters were read from a number who were unable to attend expressing their interest in the movement. Dr. A. Z. Prescott, of Lorain, president of the state association, phoned his good wishes. After the business session a good technical program was enjoyed. Dr. Clarence V. Kerr gave a talk on "Blood Pressure" and demonstrated various makes of instruments for determining blood pressure. The next meeting is to be held February 19th.—*P. E. Roscoe, D. O., Sec'y.*

#### News Notes From Oregon.

The mid-year meeting of the Oregon Osteopathic Association was held at the Multnomah Hotel, January 11th, and was a decidedly successful meeting, about fifty being present. The program was on diagnosis and treatment and was well received. The greatest enthusiasm was displayed when the subject of the 1915 convention of the American Osteopathic Association was presented. Portland osteopathic physicians want to be the hosts and active work is being carried on for the entertainment. Osteopathic physicians of Portland and Oregon trust the members of the American Osteopathic Association will wish to come to Portland in 1915. We want you and will extend all favors of a western host.

Dr. and Mrs. Luther H. Howland, 916 Selling building, Portland, have a daughter, Margaret Anne. Dr. Howland is a graduate of the A. S. O. and post-graduate of the L. A. C. O. and is the president of the Oregon Osteopathic Association.

Dr. J. E. Anderson, of The Dalles, Oregon, representative from Hood river and Wasco counties, was given the chairmanship of the committee on medicine, dentistry and pharmacy. Dr. Anderson is the only physician from any school of medicine in the State House of Representatives this session.

Dr. W. L. Nichols, of Enterprise, Ore., spent a few days in Portland this month, coming with patients for operations to Dr. Otis F. Akin.

Dr. F. E. Moore, the osteopathic physician of the Rotary Club of Portland, was one of the three speakers of the day, January 22. The Rotary Club is an organization composed of one man from every walk and profession, and meet for luncheon once a week, at this time the speakers for the day tell of their work. Dr. Moore was attentively received and took for his subject, "Osteopathy—what it is—what it does." Giving first the history of osteopathy, telling of the founding of the schools, course of study, research institute, our number and organizations, especially the American Osteopathic Association, and legislation. Explaining what osteopathy is, and the principal, and what it does and the value to the individual, emphasizing the great importance of the systematic examination of school children and physical injury cases for corporations.

Dr. J. A. Van Brakle, of Oregon City, was appointed chairman of a committee of nine from the "Live Wires" to work for better civic conditions. In response to a letter from the "Main Trunk" of the "Live Wires," Dr. Van Brakle suggested this committee be appointed,

for inspection and investigation of civic conditions. On the committee are several medical doctors.

Otis Haslop of Portland, died January 11th. He was a brother of Dr. Edmond B. Haslop, 319 Mohawk building, Portland.

The Portland Osteopathic Association held its monthly meeting, January 18th. For January, February and March Dr. Van Brakle is giving a review of current events pertaining to osteopathy from various papers and journals and Dr. Otis F. Akin is lecturing on the spine. At this meeting he discussed "The anatomy and function of the normal spine." It was an enthusiastic meeting, being largely attended.

Mrs. Fred E. Moore of Portland, was called to her parents' home in Kansas City, Mo., the first of February by the illness of her father, Colonel Hezekiah Purdom but reached there six hours after his death.



### Osteopathic Health for March Brings New Articles on Important Subjects

IN the March number of *Osteopathic Health* there is presented to the attention of the reader such subjects as: Insomnia, Headaches, Renal Calculus, Hay Fever, Displacements (illustrated by cases of rigid neck, lame leg, and apoplexy). The new attitude of the medical profession on the use of drugs is referred to by a quotation from an article by Dr. Osler, which appeared in the *Encyclopedia Americana*.

The article on Insomnia is instructive and enlightening. It puts the reader in position to reason out for himself just why osteopathy is such a good thing for cases of Insomnia. It shows that osteopathy brings sleep and rest to the sufferer in a perfectly natural way.

There is so much popular misunderstanding about Headache that a broad, comprehensive and yet brief review of the subject as appears in the

March issue will be found decidedly useful and important for giving many patients an intelligent understanding of their condition. People commonly regard headaches as simply "headaches," a local disturbance of a distressing character, to be gotten rid of as quickly as possible by some such means as would be adopted for a toothache. That headaches are often an indication of some fundamentally wrong condition or symptoms of some serious underlying disease, as yet perhaps not recognized, is to quite a general extent not appreciated by the public, or if understood, the importance of this fact in treating cases of headache is very frequently overlooked. It is shown that in order to secure proper relief from headache, the underlying condition which causes it must be understood, and a very necessary warning against the reckless use of "headache powders" is given. That osteopathy can relieve headaches without resorting to the use of dangerous and destructive drugs is an important truth that cannot become too widely known.

A decidedly interesting article is the discussion on Renal Calculus, not only for the case that is mentioned as an illustration, but also for the comparisons of systems and diagnoses that are incorporated in this article. People are oftentimes perplexed to understand why it is that osteopaths claim to, and do, discover the cause of and relieve complaints that have baffled two or three old school doctors. Some people seem to sum it up that the claims to better understanding is "fake" and that the cure is the result of a lucky chance; others regard the work of an osteopath in such cases as akin to the miraculous.

This article on Renal Calculus makes clear in a very nice way that both these views are entirely wrong. There is really nothing so strange about an osteopath discovering the cause of a complaint that was overlooked by other physicians, when the radical difference in systems and diagnosis is considered. Old school doctors when called in on a case all apply a very similar system of diagnosis, whereas the osteopath, when he is called in, proceeds along entirely different lines and forms his conclusions as a result of a method of examination, entirely ignored by the other physicians. The drug doctor studies the symptoms and considers the effect of drugs. The osteopath searches for tissue changes and endeavors to locate the anatomical derangements which he believes exists.

All this is simple enough to osteopathic physicians, who understand it thoroughly, but to the layman who grasps this conception for the first time, it comes as a great luminous light.

Of course the average patient does not realize it, but now is the time to commence treatment for Hay Fever. If you have any sufferers from this complaint among your patients, the Hay Fever article in the March issue of *Osteopathic Health* should be brought to their attention. It's a good story, with human interest that will be enjoyed by many readers. The incident about the "nauseating discharge" which disappeared, is a typical bit of human nature, ridiculous as it may seem to the better informed. You can benefit a whole lot of Hay Fever sufferers if you get a chance to work on their cases early. Stimulate their interest by the use of this article now.

A news incident reported from San Francisco is used as a basis for a discussion, "Displacement Causes Disease; Replacement Restores Health." Incidents of this kind are "played up" by the newspapers and given a marvelous significance, and people fail to realize that the cure came about as a result of an established principle that is being used by osteopaths in their every-day practice and the truth of which was demonstrated by them many years ago. It is well worth while to couple an incident of this kind up with illustrations and explanations of typical osteopathic cases; it will impress the truth on the minds of many people who would not otherwise be interested and convinced. The fact that Nature has, by the assistance of an accident, accomplished in a crude way, what osteopathic

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*The Osteopathic Physician.*

physicians claim to do expertly, will be to many people the very strongest kind of confirmation of the truth and value of osteopathy.

March is a good month for osteopathic popular campaigning and promotional work. Do not fail to use your opportunity. Possibly sometimes you get discouraged and think that osteopathic educational work is unprofitable and not worth while, but don't let that thought conquer you. Osteopathic popular educational work is worth while. The story of osteopathy must be told over and over again. The general public is fickle and forgetful and occupied with a multitude of interests and ideas, but if we tell our story often enough, we will get attention and we will get results. The record of *Osteopathic Health* proves that this is true.

If you are not already making regular monthly distributions of literature, take up the work now and stick to it steadfastly with a high faith and confidence, and you will find that gratifying and encouraging results will be yours.

How many shall it be for March?

THE OSTEOPATHIC PUBLISHING Co.,  
RALPH ARNOLD, Asst. Mgr.,  
215 S. Market St., Chicago.

**An Orthopedic Number of  
Osteopathic Health**

DR. RALPH KENDRICK SMITH of Boston, who has been giving special attention to orthopedic cases, has undertaken to prepare as the May issue of *Osteopathic Health* a brochure on the osteopathic treatment of orthopedic cases. This number has been planned by the publisher in response to the request of quite a number of our practitioners, the first of whom to make the suggestion being Dr. Kendall Achorn of Boston. Quite a long time ago, Dr. Herman F. Goetz, of St. Louis, made a similar suggestion.

Dr. Smith would like those members of the profession who are interested in this subject to make suggestions to him and report cases which would properly fit into a number of this kind. It is planned to devote the entire issue to the consideration of orthopedic cases. Since osteopathy gives so much attention to correcting the foundation of the body and so much disease and disability are dependent upon actual deformity, due to skeletal derangement, a number dealing with a wide array of such cases will be peculiarly osteopathic in its scope and of the widest possible interest to our patients. Nothing of the sort has ever been published in our field literature, and the publisher believes this brochure will be eagerly welcomed.

We will be very much pleased to have correspondence with all of our doctors who are interested in this particular class of cases, and to receive their case reports and suggestions about one or another condition which they think ought to be covered in this article.

Dr. Smith's studies and success in this work, together with his well known ability as a writer, ought to make this an unusually helpful number for the profession.

I believe the February number of *Osteopathic Health* is one of the best ever published. There is no doubt regarding the antagonistic feature of drugs against osteopathic results. Dr. W. A. Atkins, Clinton, Ill., February 10th.

I think *Osteopathic Health* is the best field literature published.—Dr. E. C. Brann, Oswego, Kan., February 10th.

Please send me 100 extra copies of "Osteopathy—What it is—What it does." I think it is the best brochure you have ever gotten out.—Dr. F. E. Moore, Portland, Ore., January 30th.

I shall be pleased to have 100 copies of the January issue of *Osteopathic Health*, "Osteopathy—What it is—What it does," which is Dr. Bunting's latest and best brochure on osteopathy as a system of healing.—Dr. Geo. P. Long, Brooklyn, N. Y., February 4th.

The February magazine *Osteopathic Health*; "Osteopathy for Winter Diseases" is very attractive and finely written.—Dr. Howard N. Houck, Baltimore, Md., February 1st.

Money refunded in any case of drug, drink, or tobacco habit the Antidotal Treatment fails on. And no one has asked the money back.

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**We Like to Get This Kind of  
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You will find enclosed an annual contract for 100 copies *Osteopathic Health* per month, commencing with the January number.

One of my patients informed me yesterday that she had received a copy of the December issue of *Osteopathic Health* and read it from cover to cover. She said it was so simple and sensible that she could not help but believe there was something in our system, so she quit medicine and is going to give osteopathy a good trial. She has received so much benefit already that I am not afraid of her back-sliding.

This patient has already paid me almost enough to cover a year's contract.  
Dr. W. C. Parfitt, Sunnyside, Wash., Jan. 8th.

*An Appreciation That "Warms  
the Cockles of the Heart"*

The pamphlet entitled "Osteopathy for Winter Diseases" just received, and having the habit of speaking my mind whether compliment or not, think in justice to you I should tell you what I think of this number. It is the best and finest thing I ever saw in print, and it is just what I want. It ought to be a patient-getter.

Hoping to see more along the same line—  
DR. W. B. MACK, Lynn, Mass., February 5.

**Ready Now Undated Edition**

**Osteopathy For  
Winter Diseases**

Modern Knowledge to the Combat of  
Winter's Diseases

"Colds" as the Root of Winter's Evils

La Grippe or Influenza—Its best Antidote

Deliverance from Pneumonia by Practical  
Measures

It's Folly to Mix Osteopathy With Drug-  
ging

Three Ways to Change Doctors

Rheumatism

How Long Should Treatment Require?

Osteopathy Not Like Massage

**The Osteopathic Publishing Co.**

215 So. Market St.

Chicago

"The Best Winter Number in Years"

Please send me 100 copies of February issue *Osteopathic Health*. 300 copies of the Christmas number used resulted in helping to make my work for January heaviest I have ever done.—Dr. S. B. Miller, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, January 29th.

Please send me a supply of the February issue of *Osteopathic Health*. I think it is splendid.—Dr. Julia Tedford, Plainview, Minn., January 29th.

Your article, "Osteopathy—What it is—What it does" has been carefully read, and permit me to say I believe it to be one of the best explanations of osteopathy I have ever read. It should certainly appeal to anyone who has the slightest desire to know more about our wonderful system of therapeutics, especially so to the intelligent strata of our laymen. To say it is one of our best methods of ethical publicity is but another way of emphasizing its importance and value. It is my candid opinion that a generous and continued distribution of this explanatory literature will ultimately put osteopathy on the highest plane of public opinion.—Dr. T. L. Herroder, Detroit, Mich., Dec. 18th.

I thought the January number of *Osteopathic Health* the "best ever" but the February issue is in a class by itself.—Dr. W. F. Murray, Sandwich, Ill., January 31st.

The February number of *Osteopathic Health*, "Osteopathy for Winter Diseases," suits me. The editorial matter is striking to me, and I feel it will be to my patients.—Dr. Arthur W. Kitchell, Newark, N. J., January 30th.

The February number of *Osteopathic Health*, "Osteopathy for Winter Diseases," is timely and good. I consider it better to come while the winter diseases are with us than earlier when no one expects to be ill.—Dr. Alice Shepard Kelley, St. Paul, Minn., February 3d.

Please reduce my order for *Osteopathic Health* from 150 to 100 copies a month. I am going to restrict the circulation this year to a carefully selected list of my patients.

Assuring you that my interest and faith in the magazine is just as great as ever.—Dr. J. Lester Adams, Los Angeles, Cal., January 17th.

The February number of *Osteopathic Health*, "Osteopathy for Winter Diseases," in a good one, and just what "Way Down East" folk need.—Dr. Clyde A. Clark, Hartford, Conn., January 30th.

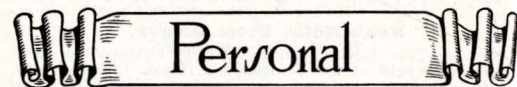
The February number of *Osteopathic Health* is a good one.—Dr. M. E. Ilgenfritz, Britt, Iowa, January 29th.

**Dr. Osler Cards in Demand**

Please send me another 100 Dr. Osler cards. I find this card is a great "eye-opener." I believe it would pay you to advertise it extensively for the use of the profession.—Dr. F. E. Moore, Portland, Ore., January 30th.

**"The O. P." Indispensable.**

Send along "The O. P." I cannot do without it.—Dr. J. J. Pearce, El Paso, Texas, January 29th.



Dr. George A. Townsend, of Chico Hot Springs, Mont., is specializing as an osteopathic surgeon. He passed the Illinois State Board last June and immediately located in Chico Hot Springs, since which time he has been enjoying a satisfactory and growing surgical practice.

The *Utica Globe* of December 14th, contains a portrait of Dr. Emma Wing Thompson, of Schenectady. The announcement is made that Dr. Thompson has been appointed by Mayor Lunn of Schenectady a member of the Non-Partisan Park Commission of the city.

Dr. J. P. Whitmore, of Marquette, Mich., has removed from the Werner block to Savings Bank building, occupying rooms Nos. 211-213-215.

Dr. J. E. Wheeler, formerly of Marshfield, Vt., has located at Oberlin, Kas.

Dr. E. P. Ireland, formerly of Kearney, Neb., has sold his practice at that place to Dr. R. J. Mason and is now located at Aurora, Neb.

Dr. J. E. Gable, formerly of Cambridge, Ohio, has returned to his old location at Evanston, Ill., with offices at 1639 Orrington avenue. Dr. Gable was married December 26th at Dryden, Mich., to Miss Letha Lewis Woodmansee.

Dr. G. R. Merrill, Des Moines Still College graduate, is located at Woodstock, Ont., Canada, with offices in the Canadian Bank of Commerce Chambers building.

Dr. Edgar D. and Dr. Mary L. Heist, of 39 King street, West, Berlin, Ont., Canada, announce that Dr. G. V. Hilborn, Still College graduate, formerly of Midland, Ont., is associated with them at Berlin.

Dr. C. O. Cline, of Monticello, Ill., has just had the satisfaction of completing a fine new residence.

Dr. Campbell Black, of Hamilton, Bermuda, British West Indies, has changed his office from Nokomis Inn to 126 Front street.

Andrew Paul Sullivan, 15 years old, son of Dr. J. H. Sullivan of Chicago, is a sophomore at University of Chicago High School, and has proven his worth in his work and especially in athletics. Andrew Paul was an osteopathic baby. He was born in Kirksville. Dr. A. T. Still was his God-father and he was named for the "Old Doctor." He recently won two medals for high jumping and 220-yard dash, and second in balance of events.



## PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Dr. Clyde A. Gable and Dr. Ella T. Gable, of 4545 Evanston avenue, Chicago, have received announcement that they have been granted license to practice in Ohio through reciprocity.

Dr. A. P. Kidwell, formerly of Greensburg, Kas., has located at Ottawa, Kas., where he is building up a very nice practice.

Dr. Nellie O. Lundquist, formerly of Griswold, Iowa, has located at Fairfield, Iowa, with offices in the Ball building, on Broadway avenue.

Dr. Preston R. Hubbell, formerly of Flint, Mich., has removed to Detroit, and has opened offices at 1664 Woodward avenue.

Dr. Bert Lee Adams, A. S. O., 1910 graduate, was a caller at the office of THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, January 23d.

Dr. Robert D. Emery, Dr. Norman G. Stewart, and Dr. Marion L. Burns, of Los Angeles, Cal., have announced the opening of a laboratory at 226 O. T. Johnson building for the application of Abbott's casts for the correction of scoliosis.

Dr. E. L. Hall, A. S. O., 1913 graduate, is located at Barnesville, Ohio.

Dr. Marvin Bailey has located in Houston, Texas, and has opened offices in the Carter building, suite 704.

Dr. Albert B. Culley, and wife and son of Melbourne, Australia, arrived at San Francisco, January 2d, and will make about a three months' visit in this country. Dr. Culley will visit his parents in New York City and also Dr. K. F. Kinney at Lapeer, Mich., before returning to Australia.

Dr. E. L. Longpre, of Kankakee, Ill., has removed his office from 194 Court street, to 501-502 Cobb building.

Dr. Walter Stoike, Des Moines Still College, graduate, has located in Chicago, at 218 Lincoln building, 3166 Lincoln avenue.

Dr. O. O. Snedaker, of 406-408 Broadway Central building, Detroit, Mich., is the happy possessor of a beautiful new Jackson touring car, type Majestic. Dr. Snedaker says that he has had such good luck with Jackson automobiles in the past that he felt he could not do better than to place his order with this concern.

Dr. Glyde W. Bumpus, of East Liverpool, Ohio, and Dr. John D. Baum, June, 1912 graduate of the American School of Osteopathy have formed a partnership for the practice of osteopathy under the firm name of Drs. Bumpus and Baum. Dr. Baum recently passed the examination boards of West Virginia and Ohio. The original offices of Dr. Bumpus will be retained.

Dr. R. I. Mason, Des Moines Still College, 1913 graduate, has located for practice at Kearney, Nebr., with offices in the Bodinson building.

Dr. Mary E. Schramm, of 6515 Harvard avenue, has made arrangements for a down town office and will practice at suite 201 Willoughby building, 81 E. Madison street, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturday afternoons.

Among the portraits of prominent people shown in the Denver Post for January 26th appeared one of Dr. Jennette Hubbard Bolles, who was recently elected president of the Colorado Osteopathic Association. Dr. Bolles has won a unique and distinct place for herself in Denver, both in social and professional affairs.

Dr. J. T. Young, of Fremont, Nebraska, addressed a woman's club of that city January 13th on the subject: "Why the Submerged Tenth." Dr. Young is a forceful speaker, and on a number of different occasions has spoken before the Men's Club of the city, and he is quite in demand as a speaker before the local organizations.

Dr. William Craig, of Ogdensburg, N. Y., was a visitor at the office of THE OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN recently. He was on his way back to New York state after a trip to Kirksville.

Dr. Charles MacFadden, of Prineville, Ore., announces that a 734 pound baby girl arrived at his home at 1 a. m. Sunday morning, January 26th. Owing to the scarcity of osteopaths in the section, Dr. MacFadden took charge of the case himself, and reports that neither the mother or child were drugged, and that all seems well.

Dr. J. A. Barnett, formerly of Rogers, Arkansas, recently purchased the practice, good will, office furniture and location of Dr. D. F. Spicer at Boonville, Missouri. Dr. Barnett took possession January 24th.

Dr. DeWitt T. Lightsey, of Kissamee, Fla., has established a branch office at Bartow, and will practice three days a week in each office.

Dr. L. C. Allen, A. S. O., January, 1913, graduate, has located at Higginsville, Mo.

Dr. Velma Clark, A. S. O., January, 1913, graduate, is now associated with Dr. Cora B. Hemstreet of Galesburg, Ill., as assistant.

Dr. C. C. Rude, of Tuscola, Ill., is now located in the new Hurst building on North Main street.

Dr. Charles A. Champlin of Hope, Ark., has been appointed a member of the State Board of Osteopathic Examination by Dr. Robinson to succeed Dr. Barrett, who has removed from the state.

Dr. William W. Eford, who has been practicing at Milwaukee and at Sheboygan, has located at Richland Center, Wis.

Dr. O. M. Calland, formerly of Kansas City, Mo., has located at Linneus, Mo.

Dr. Ida M. Sash, of Idaho Falls, Idaho, has arranged to spend two days a week at Pocatello.

Dr. J. Warren Rinebarger, who has been practicing at Burlington, Iowa, is taking a post-graduate course at Des Moines Still College of Osteopathy.

Dr. I. W. Mervine, A. S. O., January, 1913, graduate, has located at La Grange, Ind., and will have charge of the practice of Dr. J. A. Chapman at that place.

Dr. Richard Sullivan, and Dr. R. J. Mason, of Kearney, Neb., have formed a partnership and will conduct practice under the name of the Kearney Infirmary of Osteopathy, with office in the new Bodinson building.

Dr. Bessie M. Spencer, has located at Lancaster, Pa., with offices at 401-402 Fehl building.

**R. Kendrick Smith, D. O. Osteopath and orthopedic surgeon. Hospital accommodations for out of town cases. 19 Arlington Street, Boston.**

**Dr. W. F. Traugher. Physician, Surgeon and Osteopath. 317-19 Consolidated Realty Building, Los Angeles.**

**Dr. W. W. Vanderburgh. Dr. Rose Vanderburgh  
608 Elkan Gunst Building  
San Francisco, California**

**Dr. Murray Graves. Osteopathic Physician. 209 Symes Building, Denver, Colorado. Special attention given to referred cases.**

**Dr. Frederick H. Williams. The office treatment of rectal diseases a specialty. 19 Arlington St., Boston.**

**Dr. George Milton Smith. Mt. Clemens, Mich. 12 Years Practice at Present Location. Specialty, Rheumatism and Nervous Diseases.**

**Dr. J. David Glover Osteopathic Physician  
615 American National Bank Building  
San Diego, California**

**Dr. Joseph Henry Sullivan. Office established 1894. Goddard Bldg., (adjoining Palmer House,) Wabash Ave. and Monroe St., Chicago, after May 1st.**

**G. A. Townsend, D. O., M. D. Physician and Surgeon. Chico Hot Springs, Montana. Special attention to surgical cases.**

### A New O. P. Subscription Offer

The Ladies' World and Housekeeper and "The O. P." each for one year for \$1.20.

The Ladies' World and Housekeeper is published by the McClure Publications, Inc., publishers of McClure's Magazine. This periodical is a combination of two magazines, one known as The Housekeeper and the other as the Ladies' World. The magazine published under the combined title, we are informed, will represent one of the finest woman's magazines at a moderate price.

This is a trial offer and may be withdrawn at any time. If you want to take advantage of it, send in your subscription at once.

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215 So. Market St., - - - CHICAGO**

### Osteopathy for Winter Diseases "Best Ever"

I believe the February number of Osteopathic Health (Osteopathy for Winter Diseases) is one of the best ever published. There is no doubt regarding the antipneumatic feature of drugs against osteopathic results.

**DR. W. A. ATKINS, Clinton, Illinois.**

Dr. L. B. Smith, Los Angeles College of Osteopathy graduate, has completed a post-graduate course at the San Francisco College of Medicine, and passed the examinations of the California State Medical Board. He is now associated with Drs. Schwartz and Hadley, well known physicians and surgeons of San Francisco.

Dr. J. F. Bumpus, of Steubenville, Ohio, has removed his office from 410 Market street to 503 Market street.

Dr. G. Glenn Murphy, of Winnipeg, Canada, has removed from 806-808 Somerset block to 637-639 Somerset block.

A severe fire visited Larned, Kansas, the latter part of January, and Dr. C. A. Campbell was one of the victims. His office was destroyed with a loss of about \$1,200, about half covered by insurance.

Dr. T. E. Hart, A. S. O. graduate has located at Sudbury, Canada.

Dr. B. O. Burton formerly of Boulder, Colorado, has purchased the practice of Dr. D. B. Roberts, of La Junta, with offices at 8 E. Third street.

Dr. E. M. Lawrence, A. S. O. graduate, has located at Quincy, Illinois, with office in the Sterns building.

## Location and Removal

Dr. J. E. Gable, from Central National Bank Building, Cambridge, Ohio, to 1639 Orrington avenue, Evanston, Ill.

Dr. J. P. Whitmore, from Werner block, to 211 Savings Bank building, Marquette, Mich.

Dr. J. E. Wheeler, from Marshfield, Vt., to Oberlin, Kansas.

Dr. Wm. Eford, from Sheboygan, to Post Office building, Richland Center, Wis.

Dr. E. Charleson, from Pella, to Forest City, Iowa.

Dr. A. A. Lippincott, from Mesa, Colo., to Butler, Okla.

Dr. E. P. Ireland, from Opera House block, Kearney, to Aurora, Nebr.

Dr. Mary Elizabeth Graham, from Temple, Okla., to 663 S. 19th street, Lincoln, Nebr.

Dr. C. P. Gatzloff, at College Place, Wash.

Dr. Harry Fowler, at Stuttgart, Ark.

Dr. M. O. Peters, corner 9th and Orange streets, Riverside, Cal.

Dr. Wm. Hartford, from Illinois building, to 205 National Bank building, Champaign, Ill.

Dr. John J. Dunning, from 137 E. Frank street, Kalamazoo, Mich., to 9 W. Union avenue, Bound Brook, N. J.

Dr. B. O. Burton, from 1305 Spruce street, Boulder, to 8 E. Third street, La Junta, Colo.

Dr. L. J. Swift, from Grant City, Mo., to Caney, Kansas.

Dr. T. E. Hart, at Sudbury, Ont., Can.

Dr. Iher W. Mervine, at La Grange, Ind.

Dr. L. C. Allen, Higginsville, Mo.

Dr. Leo Feidler, at People's Bank building, Seattle, Wash.

Dr. A. J. Kintz, at Henderson, Ky.

Dr. A. K. S. Calvert, from Monett, Mo., to Ponca City, Okla.

Dr. L. Phelps, from 40 State street, San Francisco, to Richmond, Cal.

Dr. Marthena Cockrell, from Ford building, Wilmington, to 151 Bradford street, Dover, Del.

Dr. Homer Woodruff, from Long Beach, to Richmond, Cal.

Dr. C. R. Merrill, from Eldon, Iowa, to Canadian Bank of Commerce Chambers, Woodstock, Ont., Canada.

Dr. O. C. H. Gotsch, at Watsonville, Cal.

Dr. Norman W. Giesy, at 278 N. Garey avenue, Pomona, Cal.

Dr. Agnes Fisher, at 53 Surf Line place, Long Beach, Cal.

Dr. W. R. Dewar, at La Manda Park, Cal.

Dr. F. H. de Pencier, at Los Angeles Investment building, Los Angeles, Cal.

Dr. Sidney De Lapp, at Roseburg, Ore.

Dr. Roy F. Buchman, at Ontario, Cal.

Dr. Nellie I. Blair, at 2137 W. 29th St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Dr. Walter L. Bingham, at 226 Boston building, Pasadena, Cal.

Dr. Kenneth P. Barber, at 532 Los Angeles Investment building, Los Angeles, Cal.

Dr. Mary L. Abbott, at 720 Court street, Los Angeles, Cal.

Dr. Margaret K. Bierbower, at Colfax, Ill.

Dr. Ira Durfee, at Long Beach, Cal.

Dr. W. N. Fast, at Rogers, Ark.

Dr. Harry Edward Eustance, at Beloit, Kas.

Dr. George Washington Evans, at 1924 E. 9th street, Kansas City, Mo.

Dr. R. I. Mason, at Bodinson building, Kearney, Nebr.

Dr. E. L. Hall, at Barnesville, Ohio.

Dr. H. A. Leonard, from Ocean City, N. J., to 600 Franklin Bank building, Phila., Pa.

Dr. T. G. Roberts, at Odebolt, Iowa.



- Dr. G. B. Wheeler, from Wahpeton, N. Dak., to corner Court and Charles streets, Ludington, Mich.  
 Dr. J. A. Coldwells, from 903 Broadway, to 2712 S. Vermont avenue, Los Angeles, Cal.  
 Dr. L. Phelps, from Oakland, to 40 State street, San Francisco, Cal.  
 Dr. Ernest P. Smith, at Bellingham, Wash.  
 Dr. C. Clinton Merrill, at Imperial Hotel, Victoria, B. C., Canada.  
 Dr. McM. Daw, Cowley building, Central Point, Ore.  
 Dr. E. L. Longpre, from 194 Court street to Cobb building, Kankakee, Ill.  
 Dr. S. D. MacKinnon, from 1424 N. 49th court, Chicago, Ill., to N. Ardmore avenue, Los Angeles, Cal.  
 Dr. Preston R. Hubbell, from 602 F. P. Smith building, Flint, to 1664 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.  
 Dr. Ada E. Mack, from 1214 Des Moines street, to 603 E. 12th street, Des Moines, Iowa.  
 Dr. A. P. Rector, at 132 N. Wabash avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
 Dr. Sarah E. Jones, at 349 Summer street, Paterson, N. J.  
 Dr. W. F. Templeton, at Kalispell, Mont.  
 Dr. A. P. Kidwell, from Greensburg, to Ottawa, Kas.  
 Dr. A. Maude Atherton-Crerie, from Worcester, to "The Richardson," Leominster, Mass.  
 Dr. H. S. Wiles, from Latham to Neodesha, Kas.  
 Dr. Henry Griggs, at Harper, Kas.  
 Dr. J. W. Dixon, at London, Ohio.  
 Dr. G. C. Palmer, at 612 Broadway Central building, Los Angeles, Cal.  
 Dr. C. J. Crain, from Kirksville, Mo., to Union City, Indiana, Box 5.  
 Dr. Edwin Larter, from Silberberg building, to 2118 Main street, Niagara Falls, N. Y.  
 Dr. Earl A. Cole, from Niles to Uhrichville, Ohio.  
 Dr. Frank Chandler Dodge, at 412 Howard building, Providence, R. I.  
 Dr. Clinton O. Fogg, at 33 High street, Everett, Mass.  
 Dr. Hattie Garrod Slaughter, at 412 Leary building, Seattle, Wash.  
 Dr. R. B. Ferguson, at Washta, Iowa.  
 Dr. Mabel E. Fouch, at Parma, Idaho.  
 Dr. J. A. Gillespie, at Honaker, Va.  
 Dr. Edward George Drew, at 832 Pine street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Dr. Anne Farson, at 832 Pine street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Dr. Evalina Stow Chapell Fleming, at 12th and Spruce streets, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Dr. Chas. Aloysius Furey, at So. Broad street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Dr. William Joseph Furey, at Temple building, Camden, N. J.

## OSTEOPATHIC HEALTH

for March contains

Insomnia Headaches

How Renal Calculus

Colic was Relieved

Hay Fever

Displacement Causes Disease:  
Replacement Restores Health.

Dr. Osler on Drugs in the  
Encyclopedia Americana.

THE OSTEOPATHIC PUB. CO.

215 S. Market St. Chicago.

## Partnership Formed

Dr. Glyde W. Bumpus and Dr. John D. Baum, under the firm name of Drs. Bumpus and Baum, East Liverpool, Ohio, January 17th.  
 Dr. Richard Sullivan and Dr. R. J. Mason, at Kearney, Neb., under the name of the Kearney Infirmary of Osteopathy, at Kearney, Neb., February 12th.

## Married

Dr. J. E. Gable, of Evanston, Ill., and Miss Letha Lewis Woodmansee, at Dryden, Mich., December 26th.

## Born

To Dr. and Mrs. A. W. Clow of La Fayette, Indiana, January 16th, a daughter, Donna.  
 To Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Biby, of Seattle, Washington, January 12th, a son, James Edgar, Jr.  
 To Dr. and Mrs. Charles MacFadden, of Prineville, Oregon, January 26th, a daughter, Jean.  
 To Dr. and Mrs. Luther H. Howland, of Portland, Ore., a daughter, Margaret Anne.

## Died

Colonel Hezekiah Purdom, husband of Dr. Theodocia E. Purdom, Westover building, Kansas City, Mo., father of Dr. Zudie P. Purdom, Westover building, Kansas City, Mo. Dr. Hezzie Carter Purdom Moore, Selling building, Portland, Ore., father-in-law of Dr. Fred E. Moore, Selling building, Portland, Ore., and grandfather of Mrs. Felice Lyne, London, England, the osteopathic prima donna and father of Mrs. Sandford T. Lyne, London, England, at Kansas City, Mo., February 4th, aged 79 years.  
 Otis Haslop, brother of Dr. Edmund B. Haslop, of Portland, Ore., at Portland, January 27th.  
 Dr. M. E. Donohue, of Omaha, Neb., January 23d, of pneumonia, aged 47 years.

## OSTEOPATHS NOTICE

It's been about nine years now since I started operating for Osteopaths. Of the many Hernias, Hemorrhoids, Lacerations, Uterine Suspensions, Kidney Fixations, etc., etc., that I have handled in that time, there must have been a few failures. Of the thousands, a few should have had ventral hernias, and similar troubles.

Now I never guaranteed a cure in my life and don't intend to; both from a standpoint of ethics and common sense, and in spite of the many who have used this catch phrase as a money maker; but I will say that if there are any such cases that I have already operated on and the result has been unsuccessful, if they will arrange through their local doctor or directly come to Kirksville any time in the first four months of 1913, they may have my surgical service free, whether the failure is their own fault or not, whether the first operation was clinic or private, whether they followed instructions or not. They will of course be subject to the same kidney and heart and other physical contraindications as any other patients. Let's make every one satisfied but the "Mind Cases" and the "KNOCKERS."

GEORGE STILL

Surgeon to the A. S. O. Hospital  
and many good Osteopaths in the field

## AN ADVERTISING SONNET

When the morn is dark and gray  
And the wind is in the east:  
When you do not feel like play,  
Nor like laboring the least;  
Then it is you feel like Satan,  
And with your breakfast disagree.  
Then your need is osteopathic treatment,  
And for that just come to me;  
The "other fellow" hasn't got it,  
Would not know it if he had;  
He'd fill you up with nasty medicine,  
Which experience proves is mighty bad.  
—H. A. Green, D. O., Maryville, Tenn.



TO RENT—May 1st, Chicago office, well arranged, centrally located. Address No. 347, care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago.

WANTED—Position as assistant by A. S. O. graduate. High school diploma, one year New York hospital, two years successful practice in Indiana. Twenty-eight years of age; high class references. Willing to make a contract. Change necessary on account of Indiana law. Address No. 348, care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago.

FOR SALE—At cost of furniture, a good practice in an Illinois town of 13,000 people, with several good towns around. Two rooms on second floor in the best block. Steam heat and running water free. Rent \$15.00. For sale at cost of furniture and fixtures. Reason for selling given prospective purchaser.—Address "Illinois," care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago.

FOR SALE—Office furniture in an office located in an Illinois city of 13,000 people, with several good towns around. Two rooms on second floor in the best block. Steam heat and running water free. Rent \$15.00. For sale at cost of furniture and fixtures. Reason for selling given prospective purchaser.—Address "Illinois," care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago.

FOR SALE—It will pay anyone to investigate my practice, established five years. Will sacrifice at a low figure, and reason for selling given to interested purchaser. Excellent opportunity for husband and wife or lady. Address "Rex," care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago.

WANTED—Position as assistant osteopath by male graduate of Kirksville. Address No. 340, care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago.

FOR SALE—In a city of 250,000, an old established high class practice. Good offices, well equipped, moderate rental. Splendid opportunity for a man and wife. Good proposition for the right party. Am retiring from practice to do specialty work and will aid in holding practice. Address No. 339, care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago.

FOR SALE—Osteopaths: I have nearly doubled my osteopathic income in sixty days by adding a new invention to my equipment. Better results. Less work. Small cost. Write me. Dr. F. W. Hanna, 705 Terminal Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.

BASIC LAW OF CURE DIAGRAMED AND EXPLAINED—Price 10 cents silver; worth a library. Edgar G. Bradford, P. E., 32 Putnam Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Practice established ten years at cost of furnishings in residence of 14 rooms, on long lease, in the heart of Philadelphia, Pa. Suitable for sanitarium. Near all railway terminals. A No. 1 location. Going abroad for rest and study. Address No. 346, care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago.

WANTED—To purchase a live practice in a city of any size. Community must be well to do and progressive, and largely American. If you wish to change and have anything that will bear most rigid investigation, I can offer you a straight cash proposition. Address No. 341, care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago.

WANTED—To purchase a thoroughly established practice. Must be able to stand investigating. Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, or Florida. Address No. 342, care the O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago.

From \$100 to \$1,000 to pay for a good practice. Must be a gilt-edge proposition, according to its class. Address No. 343, care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago.

I want to locate in Maine or New Jersey, would prefer to purchase an established practice, or a partnership with some lady D. O.; gentleman; best of references. Address No. 344, care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago.

FOR RENT—Chicago suburban office three days a week. Good opportunity for a strong, aggressive man. Must show good character and first class credentials. Address No. 345, care The O. P. Co., 215 S. Market St., Chicago.